INSURANCE.

We all want self-Government and that too quickly.

The Bombay Chronicle

INSURANCE.

Swaraj must begin at once by helping Indian Insurance Companies.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAHA M. MEHTA IN 1913

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

VOL XVI NO 36— BOMBAY SATURDAY FEBRUARY 11 1928 ONE ANNA

WELLINGTON CINEMA DHOBI TALAO. **TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!**

A Film Actress Life Laid Bare in a Sensational Manner!

Hollywood is NOT the unalloyed Paradise you think it to be—The story of the struggles and vicissitudes of a famous star whose name shone every night in the electric lights, but who could not escape the temptations that surround beauty and fame!

"THE SKYROCKET"

Some astounding film secrets now revealed for the first time in a drama replete with splendour and sensation—Love and Romance—featuring the popular stars

A gorgeous magnificent photoplay produced on a lavish Scale—

EARLE WILLIAMS and PEGGY HOPKINS JOYCE

The beauties of Filmland and Movieland are here shown off in amazingly brilliant scenes.

TO-NIGHT : 3-30; 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)

SHIPPING

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to: Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO. Agents.

Ballard Estate, Bombay.

BANKING

Bank of India, Ld.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906 (Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).

HEAD OFFICE: ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

BRANCHES: Bandra, Calcutta and Ahmedabad.

LONDON AGENTS THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPTIAL SUSCRIBED	As. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND	Rs. 79,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2-1/2 per cent. on daily balance Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent., on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened which can be ascertained on application.

A. G. GRAY, Manager.

Income-Tax & Super-Tax

Statutory Statement of Account prepared, Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN.

B. L. THOSAR PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT,

436-437, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

Tel. No. 22997

BANKING

Punjab National Bank, Limited.

ESTABLISHED 1895.

Authorised Capital	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Issued Capital	Rs. 50,00,000
Subscribed Capital	Rs. 50,00,000
Paid Up Capital	Rs. 31,07,401
Reserve Funds	Rs. 23,00,000

LOCAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

1. Raja Govind Lal (Chairman).
2. Hon'ble Sir Manmohandass Ramji.
3. Lala Kishen Prasad.

HEAD OFFICE: 47, THE MALL, LAHORE.

BRANCHES:

Abohar	Hyderabad	Montegomery
Allahabad	(Sind)	Montgomery)
Amritsar	Jullunder	Okara (dist.)
Amballa City	Jaranwalla	Peshawar Can
Amballa Cant	Jamma	Peshawar City
Bombay	Jhelum City	Patiala
Cawnpore	Jhang	Quetta
Culcutta	(Maghiana)	Rawalpindi
Delhi	Karachi	Sangla Hill
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Sialkot City
Gujranwalla	Lyallapur	Simla
Gojra	Ludhiana	Srinagar
Hafizabad	Meerut City	
Hoshiarpur	Multan City	

LONDON AGENTS: THE MIDLAND BANK LTD.

AMERICAN AGENTS: AMERICAN EXCHANGE IRVING TRUST COMPANY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2-1|2 per cent. from July. to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS:—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4 per cent per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIES, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

PANDIT SHIVA DATTA, Manager.

Sassoon House, Churchgate Street, Bombay.

BANKING

SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane .. .. .. FORT, BOMBAY.

Branches :—GIRGAUM, JAVERY BAZAR & POONA CITY.

Assets exceed Rs 50,00,000/-

SAVINGS BANK 5 per cent p. a

ON MONTHLY MINIMUM BALANCE:

INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Gold & Government of India Securities GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold & Government of India Securities TEN TOLA GOLD CHIPS of superior touch and correct weight ready for sale

DR. PRABHAKAR, B. SHILOTRI, M. A., PH. D. *Managing Direct*

Imperial Bank of India

Constituted under the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL	Rs. 11,25,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	,, 5,62,50,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 5,12,50,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	,, 5,62,50,000

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES: Calcutta Bombay. Madras.

LOCAL BRANCHES.

Byculla Branch—Opposite Parsi Statue. Mandvi Branch—Abdul Rehman Street Sandhurst Road Branch—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

LONDON OFFICE.—22. Old Broad Street, London, E. C. 2.

BRANCHES THROUGHOUT INDIA AND BURMA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Opened free of charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at interest.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES—Received for Safe Custody, Purchases and Sales effected, Interest and Dividends collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions. The purchase and sale of Government Securities undertaken at all Branches for the public generally.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.

Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorney, etc., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA (ESTABLISHED 1880).

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	,, 100,000,000
Reserved Fund	,, 96,500,000

BRANCHES:

Alexandria	Karachi	Seattle
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	London	Samarang
Buenos Aires	Los Angelos	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Manila	Shimonosaki
Changchun	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Darien	Newchwang	Sydney
Fengtien	New York	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tokyo
Hankow	Osaka	Tsinan
Harbin	Peking	Tsingtan
Hongkong	Rangcon	Vladivostock
Honolulu	Rio de Janeiro	
Kai Yuan	Saigon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

WASHIO. Manager.

When You Spend so much for **Your Clothes** why not be certain that they are made by artistic Tailor

ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

PRINCESS STREET BOMBAY

INSURANCE

ORIENTAL

GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

1926 Another Year of Record Progress

NEW ASSURANCES.

1924	Rs. 2,37,34,000	
1925	Rs. 2,86,42,000	Increase Rs. 59,08,000
1926	Rs. 3,91,39,000	Increase Rs. 94,97,000

THE FUNDS increased by Rs. 42 LAKHS to Rs. 7,38,80,000.

THE PREMIUM INCOME now exceeds Rs. 1,05,50,000 per annum.

Prospective Policyholders are urged to communicate without delay with:—

Mr. H. EDWIN JONES, F.F.A., A.I.A., Manager, Oriental Buildings, Bombay or to any of the Company's Offices.

Do you wish to save yourself from the loss likely to be incurred on account of Riot?

Do you wish to save your Property and Land?

THEN

INSURE it with "BIRLA"

Insurances for ESTATE, SHOP, GODOWN, MONEY, ORNAMENTS, CLOTHES, LAND, MOTOR, etc. are accepted at very CHEAP RATIO.

Not only in Calcutta, but throughout India.

BIRLA BROTHERS LTD.,

Agents for various big Insurance Companies,

137, Canning Street, - - - CALCUTTA. Phone No. 56

INDIA PROVIDENT CO., LTD.

SPLENDID BONUS 25% of the premium refunded as Bonus.

Funds above Rs. 1 LACS.

The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Re. 1 or 8 as. per mon Active and honest agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to th SECRETARY, 29, Grey Street, CALCUTTA or to

Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co., Chief Agents, Esoof Building D'Ill Street, Mazagon, Bombay

"ROBIN HOOD" To-Night! The Most Wonderful Picture. The World has ever Seen !!!!!!!

DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS

GLOBE CINEMA, SANDHURST ROAD.

Note the Change of Timings 5, 7, 8-45 & 10-30 Daily. Sat. & Sun. at 3 p. m. Next Week Jack Perrin in "DOUBLE FISTED."

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of Rupee ONE (Rs. 1) for First Twenty Words AND ONE ANNA For each additional word.

Terms:—CASH with order.
INSTRUCTIONS:

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No.——Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number——Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—INFLUENTIAL AGENTS for the sale of "Bombay Chronicle", Daily and Sunday Editions. Apply for the revised Terms of Agency to the MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle", "Hari" Buildg, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

SOLUTION OF UNEMPLOYMENT—Knitters 325/- 2600 can earn Rs. 3, 50 daily. Workers wanted either sex. THE ASIATIC KNITTING COMMERCIAL CORPORATION LTD, BOMBAY.
N R 717B

FRUITS FLOWERS SEEDS.

11 lb. FRESH THIN SKIN WALNUTS, choicest dessert apples, pears, hazelnuts Rs. 5-8 each., 11 lb. Fresh thin skin almonds, stoneless sweet apricots, currants, raisins, Sultana figs apple rings Rs. 13 each Prices Postage included. DAR BROS. Srinagar, Kashmir.
F R19103

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE GWALIOR SUN BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT

Surpasses all the requirements of the British Standard Specification and is certified by Government Test House, Alipore to be cement of a high order and recommended for all classes of work. All enquiries and orders will have our best attention.

YUSUF BUILDING.
Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. No. 21986.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle" Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle,"
Old Custom House Road, Bombay.

HOUSES AND FLATS TO LET

GOOD OFFICES at Bible House, 170, Hornby Road, for letting. Rents Rs. 50/-, Rs. 100/-, and Rs 180/-. Lift, Electric Light, Fans and Modern conveniences. Early application should be made to SECRETARY, Ground floor.
C R 708

QUETTA PICTURE PALACE TO LET—Offers invited to lease out the above now known as the OPERA HOUSE of Quetta available from 15th May, 1928. Theatre centrally situated midway cantonment and civil limits. Well furnished suitable both for Cinema and Theatrical performances. For further particulars apply to the owner. KHAN BAHADUR ABDUL SATTAR, QUETTA.
C R688

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—SHARE CERTIFICATE No. 925, Rupchand Fataumal. Finder return to SWADESHI STORES, "Times" Bombay.
P. B. R 715

BOOKS AND STAMPS.

MOTHER INDIA. Rs. 5/10; FATHER INDIA. Rs. 4/4; Raphael Ephemeris and Almanacs 1928. Cheiro's Guide to Hand. Re. 1/14. KING AND CO., Booksellers, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
L R 714

MEDICAL.

TURKO-BATHS.—Scientific Vibro-Hand MASSAGE. Infallible remedy for Rheumatism, Stiffness, Hot-Air Bath, Sundays Including Holidays. HORNBY ROAD, Opp-Petit Institute.
M R 717

ELCO-HEALTH-INSTITUTE. Treatments for Stiff-Joints. Rheumatism. Hot-Air, or Medicated Baths., Open 7 to 10 (Including Sunday,) JER-MAHAL Dhobi Talao.
M R 717A

FOR SALE.

KAKOMI DURRIES.

Infinitely superior to the Bazaar made article. Will last for years. In shades to suit your furnishing scheme. From Rs. 2/3/- per square yard. Particulars on request.

KAKOMI SERVANTS CLOTHING.

Make your Servants Clothing of Kakomi Drill, or let us make them for you. You get better service from Kakomi Materials. Coloured Drills from As. 10|- per yard. Ready made clothing. Achkans from Rs. 4|2|- each. Pyjamas from Rs. 1|12|- per pair, made from White Drill.

KAKOMI BED LINEN.

Our bed linen is noted for its remarkable wearing qualities. We specialize in Sheets, Pillow Cases, Counterpanes, and Mattress Cloths and shall be pleased to send samples and prices on request.

KAKOMI TABLE LINEN.

Can be depended on for many years reliable service. Table Cloths in four patterns. Size from 2 yards by 2 yards. Prices from Rs. 3|6|- Serviettes to match. Size 24" x 24" Rs. 4|8|- per doz. The best value in India. Send for samples.

KAKOMI STRIPED SHIRTINGS.

Will give every satisfaction in wash and wear. In mauve blue and black stripes, 31" wide As. 9|6 per yard. Patterns on request.

KAKOMI PYJAMAS.

For service and comfort. White Twill Rs. 4|12|- per Suit, Rs. 28|- per half dozen. Striped Twill Rs. 5|12|- per Suit; Rs. 34|- per half dozen. Send for prices and samples of the full range of materials.

KAKOMI KHAKI SHORTS.

Extraordinary value. Made to measure with side pockets and belt loops (brace buttons if required). Waist up to 36" — from Rs. 3|6|- per pair.

For full particulars and prices of all Kakomi Manufactures write to:—
THE CAWNPORE COTTON MILLS CO., CAWNPORE.
K. 1.

HOTELS.

CALCUTTA HOTEL LD.

PREMIER INDIAN HOTEL.
MIRZAPUR ST., CALCUTTA.

Special Arrangements for Larger Accommodation During Winter Season.
CHARGES:—Rs. 10, 6, 4 & 2-8 per diem. (Family suites with bath available).
Telegrams:—'CALHOTEL.'

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column Inch per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion	Rs. 3 8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK LTD

BRANCH AT ZAVERI BAZAR.

A BRANCH of the BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK, LIMITED, has been OPENED at ZAVERI BAZAR, opposite Kharakuva, Bombay, from the 8th instant.
29930

MINERVA MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF SIXTH CALL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a MEETING of the Directors of Minerva Mills, Limited, held on the 18th day of January, 1928, a Call of Rs. 10 per Share, being the Sixth Call, was made and it was resolved that such Call should be paid to us as the Managing Agents of the Company on or before MONDAY, the 12th March, 1928, at the Registered Office of the Company, Henshaw's Buildings, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, and that if such Call was not paid on such date interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum would be charged from the 13th March, 1928, up to the date of actual payment.

It was also resolved that the Sixth Call should be made payable by those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 25th day of February, 1928, and that no application for transfer of Shares should be accepted after the 25th February, 1928, unless such applications are accompanied by the Sixth Call Moneys due in respect of such Shares.

By Order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO.,
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 18th January, 1928.
29877

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, MATUNGA.

A SPECIAL COURSE OF LECTURES FOR PLUMBERS.

THE BOARD of this Institute contemplate starting a Special Course of lectures to candidates desirous of appearing for the City and Guilds of London Institute Examination in Plumbing held in April-May annually.

There will be fifty lectures, delivered at the Institute on Monday evenings from 4-15 to 5-30 p.m.

The fee for the Course is Rs. 50.

Apply to the
PRINCIPAL & SECRETARY,
V. J. Technical Institute,
Matunga, Bombay.
29926

INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT, (Wireless Branch).

FOR SALE AT WIRELESS STATION BUTCHER ISLAND, BOMBAY TWO ELECTRIC GENERATING SETS.

EACH SET consists of a 35 B.H.P. twin-cylinder, Gardner semi-diesel oil engine direct coupled on a common bedplate to a direct current dynamo, 20 KW, 220|320 volts, 91|67.5 Amps, shunt-wound type made by Lancashire Dynamo and Motor Co. The engines are equipped with cooling tanks compressed air cylinders for starting and all necessary accessories. An ample supply of tools and spare parts for engines and spare armatures for dynamos are also provided. The plant is in very good order. Further particulars may be supplied and offers will be received by the Divisional Engineer, Wireless Engineering Division, DELHI.

The generating sets will be sold separately or as a pair.

A complete control switchboard, marble panels on angle iron mountings with generator and feeder panels for use with these sets is for sale also.
29928

LEGAL NOTICES.

HIGH COURT
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 537 of 1927.

Messrs. AMARCHAND GULABCHAND, a firm. ..... Plaintiffs
Vs.
SHIVJI GHELLA & Ors. .. Defendants

To,
DHARSEY GANGJI,
KHIMJI GANGJI,
MORARJI GANGJI,
VIJPAL GHELLA,
GANGJI KHIMJI,
KHIMJI RAVJI.

The 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 9th and 10th Defendants abovenamed.

THE Plaintiffs have filed this suit against you along with defendants Nos. 1, 6, 7, 8 and 11 for Rs. 11,645-4-0 due by the defendants to the Plaintiffs being the amount payable by the defendants on 2 hundies, dated 21st September, 1923, and drawn by them in favour of the Plaintiffs, interests, costs and interests on judgment. You are hereby summoned to appear at the time of hearing on 28th March, 1928, and defend the suit. In default the Plaintiffs will be entitled to a decree for above mentioned sum.

Dated this 10th day of February, 1928.
MOHILE AND PAREKH.
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
29931

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the Property and Credits of CHANDULAL DAYABHAI, late of Bombay, Bania Hindu Inhabitant, an Attorney of this Hon'ble Court, a widower. ..... Deceased

(1) CHHAGANLAL DAYABHAI, and (2) CHIMANLAL CHHAGANLAL VAKIL, both of Bombay, Bania Hindu Inhabitants, Attorneys of this Hon'ble Court, residing at Lamington Road, without the Fort of Bombay, the Constituted Attorneys of Kavnitlal Chandulal, the son of the abovenamed deceased of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, now temporarily residing at London. ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir AMBERSON BARRINGTON MARTEN, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-eight and in the Eighteenth year of our Reign.

R. B. PATEL.
Ag. Registrar.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

E. J. DAVAR.

The 6th day of February, 1928.
Messrs. TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
29929

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO,

120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 11th inst. at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

Under the instructions from the Pledges and on account and at the risk of Khoja Joomabhai Nathoo:—

One pair diamond ear-rings.

On account of the Underwriters:—

One bale containing 30 pieces, each 50 yards, Grey Sheeting.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred Brougham.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred office Shigram.
1 Bay Arab horse in harness.
1 Waler horse in harness.

By order of the Assessor and Collector, Municipal Taxes:—

1 two-wheeled dog-cart.
One "Oakland" motor car, six cylinder and 22 H.P. in working order.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.

SALE TO-MORROW AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) BEST OPPORTUNITY TO INVEST IN IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT VILLE PARLE.

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT VILLE PARLE.

Messrs. GANDHI and CO., Auctioneers will under instructions from Messrs. Dharamsey Dadachanji and Co., Attorneys for Mr. Sunderrao Keshavrao Kothare, the owner of the property sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immoveable Property on SUNDAY, the 12th February, 1928, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of (Vacant land or ground with the well together with the building and structure thereon situate lying and being at Ville Parle (East- Taluka South Salsette District Bombay Suburban in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra containing by admeasurement 938 square yards at thereabouts and known as Plot No. 33 of Town Planning Scheme No. 1 of Ville Parle and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue of Thana and entered in the Records of Rights of the Village of Ville Parle under Entry No 1435.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Dharamsey Dadachanji and Co., Attorneys for the vendor at their office at Meadows Street, Fort or to the undersigned.

GANDHI AND CO.,
Auctioneers.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES AT KONDIVITA AND CHAKALA, NEAR ANDHERI.

Under instructions from Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal, Attorneys for the Second Mortgagees Messrs. Behram Rustom Irani and Rustom Ardeshir Irani, and on account and at the risk of Framji Kharshedji Vicaji, the Mortgagor, pursuant to the power of sale reserved to the said Second Mortgagees in an Indenture of Second Mortgage dated 20th April, 1926, and made between the said Framji Kharshedji Vicaji of the one part and the said Behram Rustom Irani and Rustom Ardeshir Irani of the other part, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction in one lot TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), the 12th day of February, 1928, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), ON THE PREMISES, the undermentioned properties FREE FROM an Indenture of First Mortgage dated the 17th day of March, 1925, and Further Charge dated 3rd April, 1925, and Second Further Charge dated 25th August, 1925, executed by the said Framji Kharshedji Vicaji.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate, lying and being at Kondivita, Taluka South Salsette, Bombay Suburban District, Sub-District Bandra, admeasuring 3,060 3|4 square yards or thereabouts, bearing Entry Nos. 388 K, 72 F, 25 F, Survey No. 62, Pot Nos. 6 and 7 and Falni No. 2 and Building Plot Survey No. 62 with the messuages, tenements and dwelling house standing thereon, and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Sitaram Kissondayal Potdar, on or towards the West by the property of Almeida. on or towards the South by Kurla-Versowa Road, and on or towards the North partly by Almeida's property and partly by Sitaram Kissondayal Potdar's property.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate, lying and being at Chakala near Andheri, Taluka South Salsette in Bombay Suburban District, Sub-District Bandra, with the messuages and tenements standing thereon, admeasuring 1,816 square yards or thereabouts, bearing Entry Nos. 3 and 4, Survey No. 63, Pot No. 1 (part), Falni No. 1 (part), and Entry No. 344K, Survey No. 59, Pot No. 5 (part), and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of the Mortgagor hereinbefore firstly described, on or towards the West and North by the property of Almeida and on or towards the South by the Kurla and Versowa Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal, Attorneys for the Vendors, at their Office at 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Auctioneers.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA.

(Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH and LONDON CALLING at MARSEILLES.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1928			
11 Feb.	RAWALPINDI		16,619
18 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MALWA*	10,986
25 ,,	RAJPUTANA.		16,568
3 Mar.	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDA ..	16,302
10 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,518
17 ,,	RAZMAK@†		10,602
21 ,,	CHINA†		7,952
24 ,,	RANPURA ..		16,601
31 ,,	MOOLTANx..		20,847
7 April	RANCHI ..		16,650
14 ,,	RAZMAK @..		10,602
21 ,,	RAWALPINDI		16,619
28 ,,	MALOJA x		20,837
5 May.	RAJPUTANA		16,568
12 ,,	DELTA ..	MOREA* ..	10,963
18 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,518
26 ,,	RAZMAK ..	NALDERA*	10,088
2 June	MACEDONIA..		11,120
9 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MALWA* ..	10,986
16 ,,	CHINA ..		7,952
23 ,,	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDAx ..	16,572
30 ,,	MANTUA ..		10,946
7 July	RAZMAK ..	RANPURA* ..	16,601
14 ,,	MOREA ..		10,953
21 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOOLTANx ..	20,847
28 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,518

@ To Marseilles only.
x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
† 1st Saloon only.

EXTRA SAILING OF S.S. CHINA AT THE FOLLOWING REDUCED RATES :—
1st Saloon to London A. £80, B. £70, C. £60
1st Saloon to Marseilles A. £72, B. £62, C. £55.
2nd Saloon to London A. £54, B. £52.
2nd Saloon to Marseilles A. £50, B. £48.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

First Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued for any Mail Steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S.S. "MACEDONIA," on the 2nd of June, 1928, and terminating with the "KAISER-I-HIND" due in Bombay on the 21st September. The fares will be as follows:—
To London and back by Sea £105
To London and back via Marseilles including P. & O. Special Train across France in both directions ... £120
To Marseilles and back £100

P. & O. SPECIAL TRAIN MARSEILLES—LONDON.

During the months of June, July and August the fare by this train will be reduced to £10.

SINGLE BERTH CABINS.

There will be no extra charge for Single Berth Cabins between 1st June and 1st January.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons
1928		
23rd Feb.	MANORA ..	7,888
15th March	DUMANA ..	8,427
5th April	MANELA ..	8,303
3rd May	DOMALA ..	8,441
14th June	MANORA ..	7,783

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

1928		
23rd Feb.	DELTA ..	Colombo, Straits China & Japan
29th Mar.	NALDERA ..	Colombo and Australia.
26th Apr.	NARKONDA ..	Colombo and Australia.
24th May	KOOLTAN ..	Colombo and Australia.
7th June	RAWALPINDI ..	Colombo, Straits China, Japan.
5th July	RAJPUTANA ..	Colombo, Straits China, Japan.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS. TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA & RANGOON.

1928		
11th Feb.	CHAKLA ..	Karachi via Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.
13th ,,	VITA ..	Karachi via Port Okha & Cutch Mandvie.
15th ,,	BARPETA ..	Busreh via Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports
15th ,,	KARAPARA ..	East & South Africa.
17th ,,	VASNA ..	Busreh via Karachi
22nd ,,	xELLORA ..	Mombasa.

xExtra sailing to Mombasa only.

There will be saillings for Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday saillings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamer or through Passengers to Busreh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

COOK—EASY
Fully Illustrated Catalgoue FREE.
ANNAPURNA COOKER CO.,
BG. BASAVANGUDI-BANGALORE
BOMBAY AGENTS:
MAFATLAL VANMALI DAS & CO.
Girgaum Back Road.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

SAVE EYES

of all troubles, even Cataract, Glaucoma, Granular lids, etc., cured Without Knife, by our nature's remedy Cocoanut Brand "LOTUS HONEY"—genuine and purest in market. Cure guaranteed. Dram Rs. 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4. Postage extra. Ask particulars.

NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal.

Tel.—Ulcer, Kandi.

Agents:—KEMP & CO., Charni Road, Bombay.

J. TIRTH & CO., Bunder Road, Karachi.

NEW INDIA

ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

Capital Authorised	Rs.	6,00,00,000
„ Subscribed	„	3,56,05,275
„ Paid-up	„	71,21,055
TOTAL FUNDS	„	1,15,36,676

Insure now, before you suffer loss.

FIRE
MARINE
BURGLARY
MOTOR CAR
PERSONAL ACCIDENT
ALL RISKS
(Jewellery) Etc., Etc.,

Call at the Office
CENTRAL BANK BUILDING,
Esplanade Road.
General Manager, R. J. DUFF.

"Second To None"

Mr. RANGANATH RAO, of Ranipet writes:—

"I had occasions to use the world famed ATANK NIGRAH PILLS..... I can assure you, the medicine is SECOND TO NONE."

The Atank Nigrah Pills

Cure Brain-fag, Constipation, nervous debility and other mental as well as physical disorders.

Price—Rupee ONE (32 Pills)

For a full list of all our preparations write to:—

Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
JAMNAGAR (Kathiawar)
Bombay Office Kalbadevi Road

GRATIS AND POST FREE
Boyhood's Peril and Manhood's Curse.

An invaluable sexual science dwelling on as to how the young and old, the married or unmarried, would attain full pleasures of youthful life, health, wealth and prosperity. Must be read and re-read by everybody. Apply—BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS, Bhagalpur.

ART IS ADMIRED EVERYWHERE
ARAUJO FERNANDEZ & Co.
MERCHANT TAILORS
(Princess Street, Bombay.)
Have elevated, their Tailoring to an Art

THE
Bombay Chronicle

is the oldest national English daily newspaper in Western India.

It has stood the test of time.

Let it introduce your merchandise or service to the nation.

INSURANCE

THE
EAST & WEST
INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Guaranteed Bonus of Rs. 12/- per Rs. 1000/- per year.

Purely Indian Concern-Offers everything best in Life Insurance.

Several New attractive plans

Marriage Dowry Policies on easy terms and liberal conditions.

For Agency terms and other particulars Apply to the:—
SECRETARIES, Bombay

Western India Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

HEAD OFFICE—Satara City.

PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY

Valuation	Year.	Surplus disclosed.
First ..	1917	Rs. 11,532
Second ..	1920	Rs. 27,737
Third ..	1923	Rs. 1,16,544

o other Company started within 25 years could show equal results at the same age.

Excellent opportunity for reliable energetic men of position and ability to represent the Company.

For agency and other particulars please apply to:—
THE MANAGING DIRECTOR
Satara City

The Bombay Chronicle

BUSINESS NOTICE.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper and sending it to the Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Edition.

	Local. Rs. as.	Mofussil. Rs. as.
1 Year	20 0	25 0
6 Months	10 0	12 8
3 Months	5 0	6 4
1 Month	1 14	2 4

Subscription to Foreign Countries Rs. 50 per year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

SUNDAY EDITION.

	Local.	Mofussil.	Foreign.
Yearly	Rs. 3/8.	Rs. 4.	Rs. 7

PAYMENTS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than one year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers who do not receive their copy of "The Chronicle" in time are requested kindly to furnish the following information to the Manager, Subscription Department:—

Name of Subscriber .....
Address .....
Register No. .....
Date of paper .....
Time of delivery .....

AMUSEMENTS.

7 Reels.
"LIZZIES OF THE FIELD." Pathe Super Gazette.
Time: 6-15, 8-15 & 10 p.m. Matinee to-day & to-morrow at 4 p.m.
PATHE CINEMA Royal Opera House.

LISTEN

That loud rumbling noise
That is no earthquake
That's simply, long loud Laughter
in the
UNIVERSAL PICTURE HOUSE
(CINEMA PRECIOUS—Lamington Road)
Where
'Fast & Furious'
Starring
THE ONE and ONLY **REGINALD DENNY**
is being shown.
IT'S A MERRY JAMBOREE
Of speed love and lightning thrills
And you must come over. It is a
UNIVERSAL SUPER COMEDY
DENNY wrote and DENNY is in it
and it is loaded with love,
laughter and thrills mixed together
as only Denny can mix.
4 SHOWS DAILY at 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30
EXTRA SHOWS TO-DAY and TO-MORROW at 3-30

Don't Ever Say you didn't See It!
KOHINOOR FILM Co. Presents
TO-NIGHT & **THIS WEEK**
The most human and intense Love Drama seen in Bombay once in a while. Entirely new-sort of Film
'The Shepherd King'
NAGA PADMANI
Featuring
Messrs. Raja Sandow & Thomas and Miss Yekbal
Story by **Mohanlal G. Dave**
Directed and Picturized by **N. G. Devare.**
'The Shepherd King'
Over the top for love—and a touchdown for drama and romance!
BIG! BIGGER! BIGGEST!
There it is! The glamorous, glittering, glorious, in Simplicity
The Shepherd King, Thrills!
Intrigue! Love! Stolen Moments—
And amid it all one beautiful Girl and a man Fighting for Love.
Don't Miss It! To-night, This Week
AT
CINEMA MAJESTIC GIRGAUM.
DAILY AT:— 5—7—9 and 11 P.M.
Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holidays Extra Show at 3 p.m.

New Drama "SONEKI CHIDIVA" (In Hindi & Urdu) will be **SHORTLY STAGED!**
Under Public Patronage for the last 33 years!
NATYAKALA PRAVARTAK SANGIT MANDALI
SATURDAY, 11th Feb. 1928 at 9 p.m. and SUNDAY, 12th Feb. 1928 at 3-30 p.m
(In Hindi-Urdu) **SHADIKI PEHELI RAAT** (First Night of Marriage.)
at the **ELPHINSTONE THEATRE** Grant Road.
Reserve your Seats at the Theatre from 8 to 11 a.m. & 3 to 6 p.m. Daily.

AMUSEMENTS.

From Saturday 11th February 1928
DAILY at 6-30 and 10 P.M.
EXTRA MATINEE on SATURDAY & SUNDAY at 4 P.M.

THE
CAPITOL

AN ENTRANCING WALTZ ROMANCE
THE BLUE DANUBE
featuring the lovely Viennese star **LYA MARA**
As Joyous as the Gay Melody of
JOHANN STRAUSS
The story of a cabaret dancer and a young count.
SUMPTUOUS SETTINGS!
CABARET WONDERS!
RAPTUROUS GAIETY!

IMPERIAL CINEMA

Lamington Road
PRESENTS
TO-NIGHT and during THIS WEEK
IMPERIAL FILM CO.'S
Super Jewel Production
"FATHER O'MINE"
Featuring
Well-known stars Miss **JILLOO**, Miss **PUTLI** and Mr. **JAMSETJI**
A heart-touching Love Story of a father who ruins himself after his son's education to fulfil his promise
DON'T MISS
DAILY FOUR SHOWS at 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m.
EXTRA SHOW on Saturday, Sunday, and Bank Holidays at 3 p.m.

COLLEGIANS

The Second and Final instalment of the
UNIVERSAL JUNIOR JEWEL SERIES
SERIAL
'THE COLLEGIANS'
Will be screened on
SUNDAY, the 12th instant at 9-30 a.m. at
Universal Picture House
(CINEMA PRECIOUS, Lamington Road).

COTTON TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION SERVICE.
(Established under the guidance of Sheth Virjlal Kanchhordas.)
NEW YORK FUTURES.
NEW YORK FUTURES and LIVERPOOL quotations from the opening market to closing with time to time fluctuations and our Agent's opinion (Dharna) and other informations, are being daily received at this Bureau and furnished to the clientele at the earliest by express telegrams to any part of India.
NEW YORK CLOSING FUTURES CAN BE WIRED AFTER 2-15 A.M., after mid-night on RECEIPT OF OUR SPECIAL CABLE.
We can also furnish promptly all important information about local cotton market as per our clients instructions on commission.
We can execute forward transactions and sell ready cotton in Bombay Market.
For commission rates, deposit terms, and other particulars, please write to:—
THE MANAGER,
Cot. Tel. Inf. Service.
Opp. Central Telegraph Office,
375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. Add.: "COMEALONG."
Tel Nos: 22044-24241.

Fine Illustrations Free.

The approach to the human understanding is surer and quicker through the eye by means of pictures, than through the use of words. Pictures tell the whole story at once—the same to all. Words have to be studied before a mental picture is formed. Used in connection with words the picture, like a beam from a searchlight, illuminates the idea it is desired to bring out.
As a special inducement all prospective advertisers will be supplied with free illustrations by our
Advertisers Service Bureau.

5 H WEEK

FOR BOMBAY HOSPITALS.

CABARET and D'ARGENT DANCING

Feb. 11th Dance Band of the Royal Bombay Yacht Club.
Dance Competition Prizes.
Speciality turn Lucina and Oliver.

Feb. 12th Sunday. Special Appearance of the World-Famous Millionaires Dance Orchestra of the S. S. Franconia. Speciality turn Lucina and Oliver.

Feb. 13th Monday. Bohemians Dance Orchestra, Special Attractions.

Every night a full programme: Dancing before and after the Cabaret performance.
Tickets: Friday 10th and Saturday 11th Rs. 4, Rs. 3 and 2 Inclusive.

Sunday Special Reduction Rs. 3 and 2.

Other Attractions for 5 H Week: Amusement Park, Rio Club, English Village, House of Marvels and Wonders, Boxing Wrestling, Palace of Opportunities, Model Hospital, Auctioneering, etc., etc.

Book of eleven exhibition admission coupons Rs, 10.

Available at the 5H Offices, Cooperage & at Messrs. Rose & Co.

KILLING A "WITCH"

JUDGE'S RECOMMENDATION TO REDUCE SENTENCE

For killing a woman whom he believed to be a witch a Bhil youth named Lachman was sentenced to transportation by the Sessions Judge of East Khandesh, which was confirmed by the High Court in appeal.

The defence of the accused was that the woman was a which and had crossed his path on the day of the murder.

She threatened to devour the accused and his family. To save himself from this dire calamity, the accused went up to her later in the day and asked her to quit the village. As she refused the accused struck her with a stick, but had no intention to kill her.

The Sessions Judge sentenced the accused to transportation, but added a recommendation that in view of the accused's genuine belief that she was a witch, and that he was justified in doing what he did—a belief which no earthly punishment can eradicate from a Bhil,—the accused's sentence might be reduced to 7 years by the Government.

Their Landships in disposing of the accused's appeal confirmed the sentence. As regards the recommendation for reduction of sentence, they reserved their opinion till the proposal came before them.

MURDER OF UNFAITHFUL WIFE.

EXTENUATING CIRCUMSTANCE SAVES HUSBAND FROM GALLOWS

On the Appellate Side of the High Court Justices Sir Charles Fawcet and Mr. Mirza dismissed the appeal filed by Sitaram Narayan Malpude against the sentence of 10 years rigorous improvement passed on him by the Sessions Judge of Thana for the murder of his wife Bhimi.

The evidence showed that the accused was arrested reeking with blood, the body of his victim lying at his feet and the murderous weapons a scythe, a razor and a curry stone by his side. It was further proved at the Sessions trial, that the accused had locked himself in with his victim at the hour of the deed and when the cries of the victim drew neighbours to the spot and at their instance he opened the door he was alone in the room covered with blood and the victim's body lying on the ground brutally hacked all over. The woman succumbed to the inquiries and died.

ACCUSED'S CONFESSION.

The accused made a clean breast of the affairs before the Committee Magistrate though in the Sessions Court he started by saying that he was too stupefied at the time to remember anything and ended by laying the blame on another. According to his first confession it appears arriving home that night he saw through a crevice that his wife and Gangaram a boarder were engaged in illicit intercourse and by grave and sudden provocation he battered the woman's head and killed her. According to the second confession, when he ordered his wife to open the door of the house, Gangaram feeling suspicious that the woman had betrayed him by sending for her husband, battered her head and escaped.

The Jury returned a verdict of guilty of culpable homicide not amounting to murder and the Sessions Judge accepting the verdict and also the plea of grave and sudden provocation sentenced the accused to transportation for ten years.

Their Lordships on appeal confirmed the conviction and sentence and rejected the appeal.

HOUSE-BREAKING AND THEFT IN FORT AREA

4 PERSONS ARRESTED ON SUSPICION

Muhammad Ismail, Din Mahomed Karim, Bachoo Ismail and Mahomed Ismail who were arrested on suspicion by the police on Tuesday were placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Thursday and an application was made to remand them in custody as inquiries were yet incomplete.

It was suspected by the police that the accused were in some way connected with the recent cases of house-breaking and theft in the Fort area.

The suspects were remanded to custody for 11 days.

77TH ANNIVERSARY OF LATE MR. F. C. BANAJI

FEAST AND FREE CINEMA SHOW TO 600 CHILDREN.

Under the auspices of Rathestar Mandal the 77th anniversary day will be celebrated at the Capitol Cinema (Boribunder) on Sunday morning, 12th instant, at 9-30 a.m., for the Framji Cowasji Banaji, when there will be prayers, songs and a sermon on 'Duty of Man" by Mr. B. S. Banaji, and Capt. Dr. Shavak A. Paymaster will preside. From 10-30 to 12 a.m. there will be free Cinema show for 800 persons.

From 12 to 1 p.m. a dinner will be given to about 600 poor Parsi boys and girls at Sir J. J. Institute, for which free tickets for Cinema and feast have been already distributed.

Other Parsis desiring to join this feast and Cinema will have to purchase a ticket of Re. 1, from Messrs. Karani and Sons, Booksellers, Parsi Bazar, Fort.

STUDENTS AND HARTAL

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to Friday's hartal and boycott so successfully and peacefully carried out by the students of Bombay, the "Times of India" in its Saturday's issue says: "The attendance at this College, as also at the Wilson College, the Sydenham College.....Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, and the J. J. School of Arts, was meagre. This, however, was to a great extent, due to the fact that several students were kept indoors, by their parents, who feared a disturbance of the peace." This declaration, as far as the V. J. Technical Institute students are concerned, (and I am confident with regards to students of other Colleges also) is entirely untrue and misleading, and shows either complete ignorance, prejudice, or want of appreciation of the true spirit on the part of the "Times of India", for, in our Institute hardly 3 or 4 students out of nearly 500 attended the Institute on Friday, with the result that the Institue was obliged to be closed at 1 p.m. Besides, I emphatically assert that, what we have done, we have done with the real spirit consistent with the circumstances, with the true spirit of the future generation of India, and with the free-will of our conscience, and as such, it is mere rubbish to say that we were "kept indoors by our parents" that too out of fear! Shame! for, we are not small babies, to be detained by our parents out of fear, and to ignore our duty. I can clearly assure the "Times of India" that if need arise, we will not fail to observe not one, but ten such hartals in a manner more effective, and with a spirit better advanced.

Of course, the "Times of India" is at liberty to give its own opinion, but it has no right to declare as above, which is merely disgusting. We, of course, do not want and expect the "Times of India" to appreciate our work and help in our struggle for freedom, but equally do we dislike such criticisms, which are really touching to our sense and honour, and unbecoming the principle of a newspaper.

—Yours, etc.,

A STUDENT OF THE VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.

Bombay, Feb. 5.

BAL VEERA MANDAL.

PHYSICAL TRAINING FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

The second annual gathering of the Mandal was celebrated on Sunday, January 29, 1928, at Hsamat Mahal, Chowpatty, under the presidency of Sir Lallubhai Samaldas. There was a large gathering including ladies.

The Secretary, Mr. H. A. Yajnik, read the report which showed that the Mandal had been growing steadily and that the physique of the boys had improved considerably owing to the systematic exercise and training given by the Mandal.

After a programme of exercises had been gone through and the prizes distributed by the President, Shastri Hathibhai Harishanker of Jamnagar and Mr. Ambalal B. Jani addressed the meeting. Both these speakers dwelt on the advantages to be derived by the boys joining the Mandal and the importance to the boys of the training for social service and building up a strong constitution.

TRAINING FOR GIRLS.

The President expressed his pleasure at having come in contact with the Mandal and wished it success. He appealed to parents to take intelligent interest in the training of their children. He recommended that a constitution may be framed for the Mandal so as to give it continuity, and that facilities may be provided for giving by the Mandal physical training similarly to girls. He suggested that in order to give greater publicity to the highly valuable work which the Mandal was doing, it should hold such meetings with greater frequency and if possible, once in every three months.

After a hearty vote of thanks to Sir Lallubhai Samaldas for having presided at the meeting and for his sympathy with the aims of the Mandal and his valuable suggestions in regard thereto, the meeting terminated.

CANDIDATES FOR PUBLIC SERVICE.

REVISED LIST OF EXAMS.

With reference to the rules for regulating admission of candidates into the lower grades of the Public Service published in March 1921, the Government of Bombay have issued the following revised list of examinations which, among others, qualify candidates for employment in the various Services to which the rules apply:—

(i) (1) The Bombay University School Final Examination; (2) The Departmental School Final Examination; (3) The Bombay University Matriculation Examination before the year 1919; (4) The European High School Examination; (5) The Cambridge Senior Local Examination; (6) The Second Grade Public Service Certificate Examination under the old rules; (7) The Third Grade Public Service Certificate Examination; (8) The Examination for the Public Service Certificate in Vernacular; (9) Vernacular Final Examination; (10) The Bombay Government Commercial and Clerical Certificate Examination. (Candidates who have passed this examination in addition to passing in any other qualifying examination or holding any qualifying examination certificate mentioned in this rule will be given preference in the matter of appointment); and (11) The Senior London Chamber of Commerce Certificate Examination in the following single subjects:—(1) English; (2) Commercial Arithmetic; (3) Commercial Geography; (4) Book-keeping and Accountancy and in two of the following optional subjects, viz: Shorthand, Typewriting, Secretarial Practice, Modern Office Appliances and Systems, Banking and Currency.

(ii) Those who have obtained from the Joint Examination Board either the School Leaving Examination Certificate qualifying them for Government service or the Certificate accepted by the Bombay University for the purposes of Matriculation, or who have obtained the School Leaving Examination Certificate from the School Leaving Examination Board of the Bombay University.

(iii) Those holding the Matriculation or School Leaving Examination Certificate of any of the Universities in other Provinces which qualifies them for admission to Government Service in those Provinces, or those holding the Matriculation or School Leaving Examination Certificate of any University, which is recognised by the Bombay University as equivalent to its School Leaving Examination Certificate. (Qualified candidates mentioned in this sub-clause (iii) will be eligible for appointment only if candidates who have passed the School Leaving Examination of the Bombay University are not available).

THE 5 H. WEEK FETE.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Fete will, according to the present arrangements, come to a close after a few days. Though the Fete has been organised avowedly with the object of collecting money for the Hospital Fund and Nursing Association, very few will deny the educative value of such Fetes. The Fete has been attracting large crowds of people—specially drawn from the rich and middle classes. But it would be a misconception to suppose, for that reason, that the Fete is therefore very popular. It must not be forgotten—a fact most lost sight of—that the middle and poorer classes of men and women form the main bulk of the population of Bombay. Fetes, like the above, are not a constant occurrence in a city like Bombay; much less are they an annual fixture; and as such an extension of the period and a reduction in the rate of admission fee so as to bring it within the reach of those who are not in affluent circumstances, would go a long way in furthering the objects for which the Fete has been organised. We feel confident that the above suggestion will receive an early and favourable consideration of H. E. Sir Leslie Wilson to whose untiring zeal is due the organisation of the Fete. 'Verbum Sapienti'.—Yours, etc.,

V. R. CHONKAR.

Borivali, Feb. 8.

The Patna Arts Science College trouble has at last been settled. Students whose names were struck off the role on account of their joining the Hartal and not attending the College on the 3rd February have been readmitted. Though they were not required to tender any apology they had to pay admission fees for re-admittance to their own college.—Free Press.

World Cotton Situation

NEW YORK, LIVERPOOL & BOMBAY MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

LONG LIQUIDATION— BETTER DEMAND FOR MANUFACTURED GOODS —CONTINUED SHORT COVERING— GOOD UNDERTONE—FUTURES 7 TO 12 POINTS HIGHER.

New York, Feb. 9.

The New York futures market opened quiet at a decline of 5 points and developed into weakness of 14 points on long liquidation during the first hour. Reports of better demand for manufactured goods influenced good trade demand. Shorts continued to cover and with scarcity of sellers prices recorded a rise of 15 points over previous closing rates. At the advance there was scattered profit-taking and the market closed at a net rise of 7 to 12 points. Spot prices improved 10 points to 18.25c.

The New Orleans futures market ruled steady and closed unchanged to 5 points higher.

N. Y. JULY FLUCTUATIONS.

New York, Feb. 9

Previous Close	17.82	
10 a.m. opening	17.77	—.05
10-41 a.m. lowest	17.68	—.14
11 a.m.	17.74	—.08
12 noon	17.82	unchanged
1-59 p.m. highest ..	17.97	plus .15
3 p.m. Close	17.89	plus .07

PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from New York dated 9th instant:—

"Market advanced on short covering less for sale. Good undertone."

Reuter:—"Market early declined on favourable weather forecast, but rallied later on covering by shorts and buying on the reaction theory."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Feb. 9.

March	17.72	plus .08
May	17.87	plus .07
July	17.90	plus .08
October	17.68	plus .09
December	17.70	plus .12
Middling Spot	18.25	plus .10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Feb. 9.

March	17.44	
May	17.49	plus .05
Middling Spot	17.65	

NEW YORK

New York, Feb. 9.

New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time).—	
March	17.58
May	17.73
July	17.74
New York. Noon Call.—	
March	17.61
May	17.78
July	17.82
New Orleans. 9-30 a.m.—	
March	17.39
May	17.39
July	17.43

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Feb. 9.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	13,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's Export to the Continent	10,000

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, Feb. 9.

Coffee Fair Rio, (No. 7 quality) Spot 14-13|16.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, Feb. 9.

Demand Bills 486.87.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. B. Bales	1927-28	1926-27.
Receipts to date	9-2-28 6750000	10257000
,, Yesterday do	13000	29000
Exports to date do	4588000	6977000
Stock at Ports 3-2-28	2401000	2877000
,, Interior Towns do	1182000	1406000
,, Liverpool 3-2-28	864000	1310000
Visible Supply 3-2-28	5517000	7188000
Quantity in Sight do	11252000	14733000

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Feb. 9.

Smoked Sheet, Standard; Ribbed; lb.-Spot.— Sellers 14-3|8.

LIVERPOOL.

SHORT COVERING—LITTLE IMPROVEMENT IN TRADE— SALES 6,000 BALES—FUTURES 13 TO 10 POINTS HIGHER.

Liverpool, Feb. 9.

The Liverpool futures market opened steady at a rise of 12 points and improved further on short covering. Trade reports show little improvement and later on prices ruled slightly easy on unfavourable New York cables. The market closed at a rise of 13 to 10 points. Spot sales amounted 6,000 bales and prices improved 13 points to 10·10d. per lb.

Empire futures improved 12 points and Egyptians ruled firm and closed at a rise of 21 to 20 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from Liverpool dated 9th February:—

Greenville Cables—Better demand for goods and Spot Cotton.

Messrs. Langley and Co. have received the following cable from Liverpool dated 9th February:—

Continued short covering and fewer contracts offering.

Hornby Hemelryk and Co.—"Forecast of showers in west Texas. Better spot demand. Said increased fertiiizers sales exaggerated."

Messrs. Thomas Smith and Co. have received the following cable from their Liverpool friends:—

"Market advanced on rumour of favourable Textile Institute figures."

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable dated 9th instant (5-10 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs Reynolds and Gibson:—

"Market advanced owing short covering but little improvement in trade. We are not sanguine for further advance in immediate future."

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 9.

	opening.	closing.
February		9.47 pl. .13
March	9.47	9.46 pl. .13
April		9.42 pl. .12
May	9.45	9.43 pl. .12
June		9.39 pl. .11
July	9.41	9.39 pl. .11
August		9.32 pl. .11
September		9.30 pl. .12
October	9.26	9.24 pl. 11
November		9.21 pl. 11
December		9.21 pl. 10
January	9.23	9.21 pl. 10
February		9.21 pl. .10
Middling Spot		10.10 pl. .13

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, Feb. 9.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	6,000
Sales on Speculation	200
Sales of East Indian Cotton	50

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 9.

Scinde, Fully Good	7.40 pl.	.15
Scinde, Fine	7.60 pl.	.15
Scinde, Superfine	7.80 pl.	.15
Bengal, Good	7.20 pl.	.15
Bengal, Fully Good	7.40 pl.	.15
Bengal, Fine	7.60 pl.	.15
Oomra, Good	7.85 pl.	.15
Oomra, Fully Good	8.10 pl.	15
Oomra, Fine	8.35 pl.	15
Broach, Fully Good ..	8.85 pl.	.15
Broach, Fine	9.10 pl.	1[illegible]
Broach, Superfine	9.35 pl.	.15

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 9.

February	16.45 pl.	.21
March	16.55 pl.	.21
April	16.65 pl.	.21
May	16.75 pl.	.20
June	16.75 pl.	.20
July	16.88 pl.	.21
August	16.88 pl.	.21
September	16.87 pl.	.20
October	17.01 pl.	.20
November	17.03 pl.	.20
December	17.01 pl.	.22
January	16.98 pl.	.19
February	16.98 pl.	.19
Sakellaridis, F.G.F. Spot	17.25 pl.	.15

BOMBAY.

SCATTERED BUYING—COMMISSION HOUSES LIQUIDATED—LIVERPOOL QUIET—CLOSED QUIET BUT STEADY.

Bombay, Feb. 10.

Following a further rise of 8 points in New York futures, the local market opened at Rs. 356/- and after improving to Rs. 356/8 on scattered buying, prices ruled easy on increasing selling pressure from Commission houses. Prices continuously declined to Rs. 353/8 when better enquiry from local operators checked the declined a rally of Re. 1/- was recorded. Liverpool opening advices being slightly unfavourable prices ruled quiet and were quoted at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

F.G.M.G. Broach A/M	354/4
F.G.M.G. Broach J/A	356/4
F.G.M.G. Bengal March	294
F.G.M.G. Bengal May	296/8
Fine M.G. Oomra March	320/8
Fine M.G. Oomra May	321/8

SEWRI MARKET.

Bombay, Feb. 10.

Liverpool cables being easier, the local market opened quiet at Rs. 353-8 for Broach A. M. delivery and improved to Rs. 354-8. Later on scattered profit taking depressed the market. The close was quiet but steady and quotations were as under:—

F G M G Broach A M 353-8.
F G M G Broach J A 356-4.
F G M G Bengal March 293.
F G M G Bengal May 296.
Fine M G Oomra March 320.
Fine M G Oomra May 321.

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Feb. 10.

February	205.30	plus 1.40
May	212.00	plus 2.30.
Augus	217.20	plus 2.00.

DAILY ROOM RATE

Bombay, Feb. 10.

Bengal 293 March.
Bengal 295 May.
Broach 354 A/M.
Broach 356 J/A.
Umra 320 March.
Umra 321 May.

SPOT RATES.

Bombay, Feb. 10.

Bengal	314	308	301	294	286.
S. Punjab	312	306	299	292	284
Rajputana	314	308	301	294	286
P A	—	408	401	394	—
Umra No. 3	337	330	323	313	—
C. P. No. 1.	367	360	353	343	—
C. P No. 2	352	345	338	328	—
Khandesh	—	325	315	305	295
Muthia	—	—	310	300	286

EAST INDIAN COTTON

BREUL AND CO'S REPORT

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Feb. 10.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday.	This year.	Since 1st Sept. Last year.
Khandesh	519	1,92,995	2,68,060
Central India	2,102	1,72,3 69	1,74,915
Barsi and Nagpur	858	1,90,880	1,41,593
Hyderabad-Gaorani	418	78,098	47,028
Berar	1,132	3,98,424	3,84,405
Central Provinces	444	1,69,983	1,42,849
Total Oomras	5,473	12,0[illegible],749	11,58,850
Dholera	457	59,010	49,647
N.W. Provinces	101	60,427	56,533
Rajputana	237	25,248	23,152
Sind-Punjab	413	1,06,752	72,726
Broach		2,615	248
Coompta and Dharwar		3,875	20,129
Westerns-Northerns		3,699	9,232
Cocanada			295
Tuvelly and Cambodia		7,648	4,626
Persian		3,280	2,874
American		22,093	73,728
Egyptian and African		10,146	22,016
Burma and other sorts.		64	50
Total		6,681 15,07,606	14,88,206

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 2nd Feb.

in full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.	Last year.
Europe	6,067	2,55,383	11,7,980
Japan and China	3,650	3,86,029	5,12,420
Coast Ports		12,071	3,589
Up-country by Rail		37,895	44,589
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		47,027	58,414
Total	9,717	7,38,405	7,36,992

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Feb. 10.

	Ready Red Leafy.	Ready Aver-age.	Delivery Contract. Mar.
Bengal Superfine	300		
Bengal Fine	295	+6	
Bengal F. G.	285		
Sindh-Punjab Fine	295		
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	285		
Wardha-Hinghi Fine	350		
Nagpur Fine	350	+29	
Yeotmal Fine	340/42		
Arvi Fine	340	+15	
Amraoti Fine	330		
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	325/28	+1/2	
Mulkapur Fine	320/22		
Khandesh Fine	310/13	—10	
Muthia Fine		—27/8	
Muthia F.G.			
Nanded/Purna F.G.G.S.	365		
Purna F.G.G S.	330		
Parbhani/Sailu F G.G.S.			
Indore/Ujjain Fine			
Burwah Sanavad Fine	330		
Broach F.G.			April.
Broach Fine		+20	+17/8
Westerns M.G.			—5/6
Westerns H.G.			
Cambodia	455		
Miraj/Sangli	395	April	May
Compta Good	400	+32/3	+28/9
Dhollera			
Kadi/Viramgam			

READY COTTON SALES.

100 Moon Mill Sanabad 322.
100 Shenchuri Mill Ujjain 355.
200 Japan Trading and Co. Aurangabad 300.
100 Hindustan Mill Cambodia 454.
100 N Fatehaili and Co. Bandosa 311.
200 G. G. Keshu Nimbhora 300.
100 Forbes and Co. Arbi 337.
100 Do. Wardha 351.
100 Do. Barsi 303.
100 Do. Chalisgaon 310.
100 Do. Shegaon 309.
100 Do. Veratal 279.

BULLION MARKET

(Bombay Bullion Brokers' Association Ltd.)

GOLD.

Bombay, Feb. 10.

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready	21	6	6
Falguna	21	8	6
Chaitra	21	7	6
Narandas Motilal Native Gold Bars touch 96, 97, 98, 99	21	6	6
National City	21	5	6

SILVER.

Ready	59	5	0
London—Ready	26	1	4
London—Forward	26	1	4
London-Shanghai:—			
Opening	2-7	1	8
Closing	2-7	1	8
New York Cent	57	3	8

	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Closing
Maha ..	59-5-0	59-6-0	59-4-0	59-4-0
Fa'guna ..	59-9-0	59-8-0	59-7-0	59-7-0
Chaitra ..	59-10-0	59-9-0	59-8-0	59-8-0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Feb. 10.

Receipts of various raw produce into Bombay upto noon the 9th February:—

Wheat	1,673 cwts.
Linseed	2,819 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	676 cwts
Gingellyseeds	3,195 cwts.
Poppyseed	3 cwts.
Groundnuts	21,688 cwts.
Castorseed	5,597 cwts.
Rice	5,827 cwts.
Myrabollams	6,382 cwts.
Cottonseed	11,890 cwts.
Mowraseed	121 cwts.
Gram	1,935 cwts.
Joowar	275 cwts.
Barley	328 cwts.
Bajree	2,298 cwts.
Coal	1,965 tons.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Feb. 10. Railway Terms

	Rs	a	p
Whats white 70-30	7	3	0
Wheats white Delhi April/May	7	3	0
Linseed bold Brown	10	0	0
Rapeseed Brown Cawnpore March/May	9	12	0
Rapeseed Yellow Cawnpore March/May	10	7	0
Rapeseed Yelkw Gujrat March/May	10	7	0
Gingelliyseed bold-white	12	8	0
Poppyseed white	17	4	0
Castorseed	9	11	0
Cottonseed Feb./Mar.	4	8	0
Groundnuts Feb./Mar.	11	8	0
Mowraseed	7	6	0

PUNJAB PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

(The Shri Krishna Bombay Trading Co. Ltd.)

Muktsar, Feb 8.

Wheat ready 4/6 to 4/12 Har. 4/3/6.
Gram ready 3/12 to 4/- Jeth 5/6
Gwara Bisakh 2/11/3
Rapeseed Bisakh 6/12
Cottonseeds Phaghan 3/15.
Bisakh 4/1.
Cottonseeds ready 3/14/6
Cotton ready 27/-

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Feb. 9.

T.T. Berlin on London	20.42-7|8
T.T. Amsterdam on London	12.10-3|8
T.T. Brussels on London	35|00
T.T. Madrid on London	28.62
T.T. Milan on London	92.04
T.T. Berne on London	25.33
T.T. Paris on London	124.02
T.TT. London on Prague	164.37

On Sale Everywhere

HENNESSY'S BRANDY

The Genuine Brandy

Bottled in Cognac

Sole Agents:
HERBERT, JON & Co., Ltd., 11-13, Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Feb. 10.

B C RATE:—
T T 1|5 7|8
D D 1|5 29|32
LONDON:—
Bank's selling T T 1|5 15|16 Ready.
Bank's selling D D 1|5 31|32.
Bank's selling TT 1|5 29|32 March.
Bank's selling T T 1|5 7|8 April.
Bank's buying T T 1|6
Bank's buying D D 1|6 1|32.
Bank's buying 3 Mos 1|6 1|4 Feb.
Bank's buying 3 Mos 1|6 7|32 March.
NEW YORK:—
Bank's selling T T 275-3|4
Bank's buying T T 273-3|4.
Bank's buying D D 272-3|4.
Bask's buying 3 Mos 268-3|4.
PARIS:—
Bank's selling D D 915.
Bank's buying D D 940.
Bank's buying 3 Mos 955.
JAPAN:—
Bank's selling T T 128-3|4.
Bank's buying 60 Days 125-1|4.
Bank's buying 60 Days 125 1|4.
HONGKONG.—
Bank's selling D D 137-1|2
SHANGHAI:—
Bank's selling D D 175-1|2|
SINGAPORE:—
Bank's selling D D 157-1|2.
JAVA:—
Bank's selling D D 90-1|4.
CROSS RATES:—
New York|London 4.87-1|4 9th inst.
Shanghai|London 2|7-1|4 10th inst.
London|Japan 1|11-3|32 9th inst.
London|Paris 124.00 9th inst.
London|Belgium 34.99 9th inst.
London|Switzerland 25.30 9th inst.
London|Italy 92.05 9th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold 9th inst. £4|4|11-1|2; 8th inst. £4|4|11-1|2.
Silver London Ready 9th inst. 26-1|4; 9th inst. 26-1|8.
Silver London Forward 9th inst. 26-3|16 8th inst. 26-1|8.
Silver New York Ready 9th inst. 57-1|4; 8th inst. 57.
London Discounts 3 Mos. 9th inst. 4-7|32 p.c.; 8th inst. 4-7|32 p.c.
London Discounts 6 Mos 9th inst. 4-7|32 p.c.; 8th inst. 4-7|32 p.c.
Imperial Bank Rate 7 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 4-1|2 per cent.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 6-1|4 per cent; 3 mos 5-1|2 per cent; 6 mos 5 per cent; 12 mos 4-1|2 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Feb. 9.

Chartered Bank of India A. & C. £21-3|4.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register) £ 131-1|2.

P. & O. Banking Corporation £9-1|2.

National Bank £52-1|2.

Eastern Bank £6-3|4.

Funding Loan 4 per cent. £88-1|4.

Conversion Loan £76-3|4.

Indian Loan 5 1|2 per cent. £101-1|2.

Rupee Paper 3 1|2 per cent. £56.

Indian Stock 3 per cent. Sterling Loan £60-3|8.

Indian Stock 3 1|2 per cent. Sterling Loan £70-3|8.

Consols £55.

War Loan 5 per cent. £101-3|4.

Victory Bonds 4 per cent. £93-3|4.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Feb. 9.

Interest Day to Day Loans 4-1|4 per cent.

Interest 7 Days' Market Loans 3-1|2 per cent.

Bank Bills 3 months 4-7|32 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months 4-7|32 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 3 months 4-3|4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months 5-1|4 per cent.

LINSEED OIL.

London, Feb. 9.

Linseed Oil, Naked, London;Cwt.— Mar.|Ap. delivery, Paid and Buyers 27|9.

Linseed Oil, Naked, London;Cwt.— May|Aug. delivery, Buyers 28|6.

LINSEED.

London, Feb. 9.

Linseed, Calcutta, Ton.— Feb.|Mar. Shipment Sellers £17-5-0.

Linseed, Calcutta, Ton.— Ap.|May Shipment Sellers £17-3-0.

Linseed, La Plata, c.i.f.; Ton.— Jan.|Feb. Shipment Hull Paid £15-1-3.

Linseed, Bombay.— Feb.|Mar. Shipment Sellers £17-16-3.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, Feb. 10.

Three Months	4-7|32 p. c.
Six Months	4-7|32 p. c.
Bank of England rate	4-1|2 p. c.
Money Call	6-1|4 p. c.
One month	6 p. c.
Two months	5-1|2 p. c.
Three months	5-1|2 p. c.
Six months	5 p. c.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

(From Our Financial Correspondent.)
February, 10.

Money:—The steadiness which has been noted in the money market for some time past is still in evidence with the rate unchanged at 6-1/4 per cent. For the first time in several weeks the increase in the trade demand is comparatively small amounting to only Rs. 84 lacs. Despite the maturing of about Rs. 3-1/2 crores of treasury bills no easiness was felt. A decline of about Rs. 2 crores in Government deposits resulted probably owing in a large measure to the beginning of the month requirements. The following are the fixed deposit rates—One month 6 per cent., two to three months 5-1/2 per cent six months 5 per cent and twelve months 4 to 4-1/2 per cent.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as of 3rd February 1928, shows a decrease of Rs. 215.27 lacs in the cash balance which now amounts to Rs. 11.45,-04,000 as compared with Rs. 13.69 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 13.54. a decrease of 2.21 per cent under last week. Loans and cash credits have increased by Rs. 68.84 lacs and Rs. 57.14 lacs respectively while Inland bills discounted have decreased by Rs. 101.08 lacs. Government deposits are down by Rs. 200.18 lacs to Rs. 5,76 crores, while the other deposits have increased by Rs. 11.85 lacs to Rs. 70.29 crores. The Bank rate remains unchanged at 7 per cent.

Steady conditions and price increase were observed in the gilt-edged market. This has been due to covering by bazaar operators and the support lent by the purchases of banks. 3-1/2 per cent Paper increased from Rs. 75/10 to Rs. 75/15 and 1945/55 Loan from Rs. 106/6 to Rs. 106-8-0. 5 per cent 1933 and 1935 Loans were unchanged at Rs. 102/5 and Rs. 101/4 respectively. 6 per cent Bonds 1930 and 1931 were dealt in at Rs. 103/6 and Rs. 104/15 and 1932 at Rs. 106/3. 6-1/2 per cent Bombay Development Loan improved from Rs. 111/7 to Rs. 111/10. 4 per cent Loans 1934/37 and 1960/70 show no change in the prices.

The controller of currency in a communique states that the value of treasury bills sold to the public during the week ended 3rd. February 1928, was Rs. 3, 85,000 of 3 months' bills and Rs. 1,80, 000 of 6 months' bills totalling Rs. 5, 65,000. The Total discharge during the period amounted to Rs. 1,49,65,000.

The currency return of 31st January 1928, indicates a decrease of Rs. 26.41 lacs in note circulation now standing at Rs. 186.01 crores. Silver coins have declined by Rs. 28.01 lacs to Rs. 98.46 crores, while silver bullion under coinage shows a small increase of Rs. 1.67 lacs to Rs. 7.46 crores. Gold coin and bullion remain unchanged at Rs. 29.76 crores. Securities in India and England show slight changes, the former having decreased by Rs. 0.17 lacs, while the latter increased by Rs. 0.10 lacs. The metallic reserve ratio to circulaton is 72.94 as against 72.98 a week ago.

Throughout the week exchange kept dull with sellers at 1s. 6d. and buyers at 1s 6-1/32d. The announcement yesterday that Government had accepted but £60,000 at 1s. 6d. shook the market's confidence and rates fell by a full 1/16d. to 1s. 5-15 /16d. toward the close. The action of Government in purchasing so insignificant an amount at 1/16d. below last week's rate has had an adverse effect, since it aggravated the depression in trade. The market feels however that there is lit the likelihood of Government purchasing under 1s. 6d. However, the enquiry for all remittances, including that for bullion is on a small scale. The following are the forward rates:—February 1s. 5-15/16d. March 1s. 529/32d. April 1s. 5.7/d. May/June 1s. 5-27/32.

The dollar sterling quotation improved during the week from dol. 4.87-5/32 to dol. 4.87-3/32. The French franc and the Belga are unaltered at 124.01 and 24.99, while the Italian lira depreciated from 92.00 to 92.15 during the week but improved and closes at 92.05.

Gold:—Price fluctuations in ready gold amounted to but three pies until Thursday when weak exchange forced the rate by about 1-1/2 annas per tola, to Rs. 21.7-0. Prior to this, heavy settlements naturally restricted price movements. A satisfactory volume of business has been effected. The daily average offtake is still at 20,000 tolas while stocks on hand are substantially increased to about 6 lacs tolas following large arrivals. Small stocks have appreciated the price of sovereigns to Rs. 13/9/6 for ready and Rs. 13/8 for forward. In London the quotation for gold remained unchanged at 84s. 11-1/2d. except on Tuesday when the rate fell to 84s. 10-1/2d. Durban gold has been available at 84s. 10-1/2d. In our market the highest and lowest rates during the week were Rs. 21/7/0 and Rs. 21/5/6 for ready. Rs. 21/7/0 and Rs. 21/5/-8 for 6th February settlement and Rs. 21/8/0 and Rs. 21/6/9 for 7th March settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £32,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £132,000. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 10,29,386 in bar and coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £70,000/-.

Silver:—Market activity has characterised silver this week and increased trading has taken place. After opening at Rs. 59/1 the price eased to Rs. 58/14 but subsequently improved to Rs. 19/9 but declined and closed at Rs. 59/5. During the forepart American Banks sold but later on covering operations on their part as well as purchases on Calcutta account exerted a steadying influence. The announcement on Thursday of the complete withdrawal of the Reserve Bank Bill legislation stimulated prices. The off-take is little changed from last week and stands at 190 bars per day. As in the case of gold, heavy arrivals have swelled stocks and they now total 6000 bars. The rate for T T on London in Shanghai, after declining to 2s. 6-15/16d. firmed up and closes at 2s. 7-1/8d. In London the highest and lowest rates were 26.1/4d. and 26-1/16d. for ready and 26-3/16d. and 26d. for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 59/9 and Rs. 58/14 for ready and 10th February settlement and Rs. 59/11 and Rs. 58/13 for 12th March settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £25,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visble supply from London to India is about £344,000. The total imports during the week amounted to 3621 bars and Rs. 38,151 in coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be nil.

Shares:—There has been a slight improvement in prices of cotton mill shares mainly due to bears covering rather than to any healthful symptoms. In the miscellaneous section there has been an all round improvement in prices and the undertone appears to be healthy. Imperail Bank shares markedly improved following the withdrawal of the Reserve Bank Bill legislation and now stand at Rs. 1470 with contributories at Rs. 367/8.

YARN MARKET.

Bombay, Feb. 10.

The yarn market remained dull and lifeless during the earlier part of the week whereas at the close on account of some improvement in cotton prices there has been some slight improvement in the offtake and few speculative purchases particularly in Japanese and Shanghai Yarns. In Indian yarns however the offtake is very limited and reports from consuming Districts are far from satisfactory. Inquiries have no doubt increased on account of improvement in cotton rates but so long as there is no confidence amongst the dealers and in the absence of any buying orders from up-country Districts they are afraid of making any purchases at the present level of prices.

English Yarns:—American yarn prices from Manchester are unworkable and as a result no business has been possible. In Egyptian Yarns some stray business in small lots in single and two-fold yarns has been arranged but that too on small scale only. In stocks dealers hafe been losing heavily on account of very poor prices obtained owing to very heavy Japanese and Shanghai competition.

Japanese Yarns:—Turnover has been slightly better particularly in the latter part of the week on account of some improvement in cotton prices and there has been some speculative inquiry particularly in single and two-fold yarns of 40s count Prices have improved to some extent but any higher prices check the demand and consuming Districts do not show any willingness to pay any higher prices at the moment. Import Houses have been quoting little higher rates but no forward business of importance has been possible. In Mercerised yarns prices moved up and down along with cotton fluctuations whereas the real demand is yet limited. Sampin is fairly steady whereas exchange is unchanged at last week's level.

Artificial Silk Yarns.—There has been some further improvement in the offtake and scarcity is being gradually felt in certain counts and qualities and in well-known marks. There are heavy stocks of low grade yarns in the market as yet but they are in strong hands and it seems slowly and slowly prices will show improvement o naccount of very high phices quoted by the supplying markets and the stocks will be gradually decreasing in course of time. Super qualities goods are very scarce.

Indian Yarns:—It has been practically very difficult for our Mills to sell their yarns at their quotations which are in many cases about 1|2 an anna or even higher than the quotations ruling in the market and some of them have therefore been waiting for the improvement in prices and holding their stocks which are slowly increasing. There is hardly any business of importance done by the Mills during the week except some few stray sales in small lots in well-known qualities. Demand from up-country markets does not show any improvement and most of their requirements are satisfied by the up-country Mills who are reported to have been selling at cheaper rates. Stocks with the Mills have been increasing and it is very likely that they will be required to sell their holdings after some time. Some of them have no doubt curtailed spinnings but even with the limited spinnings they are not able to realise better prices. If the recent improvement in cotton is maintained there will be no doubt be an improvement in the local market but it seems it will take yet more time before the confidence is revived.

The undertone seems to be more healthy than during the past several weeks and if cotton continues to be steady there will be further improvement in demand in the next few days.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Feb. 10.

We have absolutely no change to report in our market during the week, with good demand for ready Sugars and with very small fluctuations prices remain unchanged. Small parcels changing hands in White Javas January at Rs. 8-14 to Rs. 9-0, February-March at Rs. 9-2 to Rs. 9-1 and July-September at Rs. 9-7 to Rs. 9-6 all Free Bombay Harbour terms. There is no direct business doing and Importers are buying back their contracts occasionally at lower prices. Karachi and Calcutta reported quiet markets without any change in pries and no business doin. Java reported a quiet but steady market with fair business doing.

American Terminals fluctuated within four points during the week while London Terminals showed flutuation of 2 1-4d. to 3d. per cwt. in all positions.

The following are the Bazaar rates and stocks:—

T M O Rs. 14-1 equal to s13-5 F B Harbour stocks 150,000 bags.

T M January Rs. 8-14-3 equal s13-5 F B Harbour.

T M Feb.-March 9-1-6 equal to s13 8-2 F B H Harbour.

T M July-Sept. Rs. 9-6 equal to s14-1 F B Harbour.

Arrivals:—Nil.

WEEKLY SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Feb. 10.

Ready as well as Forward Prices ruled steady during the week under review evidencing fluctuations within very narrow limits Ready Prices fluctuated by about 2 Annas per cwt. and Forward Prices by about 1 to 2 Annas per cwt. The close of the weak records easier feelings. The highest and the lowest rates this week were Rs. 14-2 and Rs. 14 for Ready, Rs. 8 14 1-2 and Rs. 8-13 for January, Rs. 9-3 and Rs. 9-0-6 for Feb.-March and Rs. 9-7 and Rs. 9-6 for July-Aug.-Sept. Shipment for Java Sugar. There have been no fresh arrivals during the week under review.

Total stocks are estimated at 1,70,000 bags of Java Sugar.

The following are the Quotations ruling the bazaar to-day:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—

Ready Rs. 14 per cwt.

Transhipment Rs. 8-14 per F B H.

Shipment January Rs. 8-14 per cwt. F B H.

Shipment Feb-March Rs. 9 1-2 per cwt. F B H.

Shipment July-Aug.-Sept. Rs. 9-6 per cwt F B H.

Jamnagar C I F:—January Rs. 9 per cwts F B H.

Feb.-March Rs. 9 2 1-2 per cwt F B H.

July-Aug.-Sept. Rs. 9-8 per cwt. F B H

Tone:—Weak.

WEEKLY COAL REPORT.

(Pitamber and Co.)

Bombay, Feb. 10.

During the week under report, a small quantity of Lodna Steam Coal ex. s.s. Khosrou changed hands at Rs. 16/8 per ton c.i.f. Freight for Coal from Calcutta to Bombay February shipment, can be secured at Rs. 6/- per ton and it is reported in the market that the business is also done at that rate.

Market for Coal is steary, but there is very little inquiry.

Arrivals of the steamers during the week.

2-2-28 s.s. Nestlea Durban Navigation Choonilal Harilal and Co.

3-2-28 s.s. Houmayun Witbank Coal Turner Morrison and Co.

6-2-28 s.s. Sultania Desh./Seeb./Ponnati S. D. Shethia and Co.

8-2-28 s.s. Blais Atholl Whitbank Turner Morrison and Co.

Steamers expected to arrive with Coal cargo

13-2-28 s.s. Inchiyo Maru Deshargarh Andrew Yule and Co.

28-2-28 s.s. Bellglade Northern Navigation Choonilal Girdharilal and Co.

QUOTATIONS.

Quality	C.I.F.	Ex-Sales Darukhana.
Northern Navigation Feb. Shipment	26/- Sh.	Rs. 20/8
Durban Navigation Feb Shipment	26/ Sh.	Rs. 20/8
Deshargarh	Rs. 16/8	Rs. 18/4
Deshargarh/Seebpore/ Poniati	Rs. 16/4	Rs. 18/-
Koithi Poniati	Rs. 15/12	
Lodna Steam Coal Feb. shipment	Rs. 16/8	
Standard quality Feb. shipment	Rs. 16/8	

MILL STORES.

(MESSRS MAGANBHAI AMIN & CO. BOMBAY.)

Bombay, Feb. 10.

Current prices of sizing ingredients and heavy chemicals.

	Per Ton. Rs. a. p.
China clay, best quality	78 0 0
China, clay, bazar quality	68 0 0
	Per Cwt.
Farina supra (Dutch)	12 8 0
Epsom Salt	3 8 0
Sago Flour 1st quality	9 8 0
Sago Flour, market quality	9 4 0
Maize Starch, Continental	10 12 0
Dextrine (Potato) White	17 0 0
Zinc Chloride German	15 12 0
Magnesiam Chloride German.	4 2 0
Australian Mutton Tallow, white	32 4 0
Vegetable Tallow, Good quality	30 0 0
Vegetable Tallow, Market quality	24 0 0
Turkey, Red Oil, concentrated	45 0 0
Turkey, Red Oil, 50 per cent. Guaranteed	22 0 0
Turkey, Red Oil, 50 per cent. Market quality	16 8 0
Bleaching Powder, United Alkali small Pkg.	9 4 0
Bleaching Powder United Alkali Large Pkg	8 4 0
Bleaching Powder, Electric (German) Small	9 4 0
Bleaching Powder, Electro (German) Large	8 4 0
Sodium Sulphide, English Small Pkg.	8 12 0
Sodium Sulphide English Large Pkg.	8 4 0
Sodium Sulphide, German Small	8 10 0
Sodium Sulphide, German Large Pkg.	8 4 0
Sodium Sulphide Japanese Small	8 2 0
Bichromate of Potash Small Pkg	31 8 0
Soda Ash	7 2 0
Bichromite of Soda, Small Pkg.	25 0 0
Brown Sugar of Lead Pkg.	34 0 0
Litharge Flake Small Pkg. (French)	26 0 0
	Per lb.
Aniline Salt Electro	0 6 3
Antimony Salt	0 5 10
Hydro Sulphide B A S F	0 10 0
Hydro Sulphide, English	0 9 0
Acetic Acid	0 6 9
Formal-de-hyde	0 6 3

IMPERIAL BANK RATE.

STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE BANK, AS ON THE 3RD FEBRUARY, 1928.

LIABILITIES.

Subscribed Capital	11,20,00,000
Capital Paid Up	5,62,50,000
Reserve	5,12,50,000
Public Deposits	5,76,35,000
Other Deposits	70,29,55,000
Loans from the Government of India under Section 20 of the Paper Currency Act, against Inland bills discounted and purchased per contra	8,00 00 000
Sundries	50.25,000
Rupees	95,31,15,000

ASSETS.

Government Securities	16,13,84,000
Other authorized securities under the Act	2,06,62,000
Loans	13,02,85,000
Cash Credits	31,45,01,000
Inland bills discounted and purchased	17,27,50,000
Foreign bills discounted and purchased	46,84,000
Bullion	11,000
Dead Stock	2,77,99,000
Sundries	48,48,000
Balances with other Banks	17,37,000
	83,86,11,000
Cash	11,45,04,000
Rupees	95,31,15,000

The above balance sheet includes:—

Deposits in London	£997,200
Advances and Investments in London	£944,200
Cash and balances at other Banks in London	£122700

Percentage 13.54

Bank Rate 7 per cent.

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits Rs. 2,00,18,000 Decrease

Other Deposits Rs. 11,85,000 Increase.

ASSETS.

Bank's Investmentos Rs. 2,50,000 Decrease

Loans Rs. 68,84,000 Increase.

Cash Credits Rs. 57,14,000 Increase.

Bills Discounted and Purchased Rs. 92,29,000 Decrease

Cash Rs. 2,15,27,000 Decrease.

Percentage 13.54

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTH

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants Association.)

Bombay, Feb. 10.

		Rs. a. p.
Khadi.		
Textile	Per lb.	0 11 6
Century	„	0 11 3
Jacob	„	0 11 3
E. D. Sassoon	„	0 10 9
Apollo	„	0 11 0
Long Cloth (Full weight) 34|40 In.		
Standard	Per lb.	0 15 6
Century 91 1|2-92 1|2.	„	0 15 3
Century 6404-8705	„	0 15 6
Hindustan Mill	„	0 15 6
Fazal (Mahal)	„	0 15 6
Phoenix	„	0 15 6
Pabaney (Phoolmala)	„	0 15 3
Manekji (Patangia)	„	0 15 3
Kaliamardan	„	0 15 3
Daud Sahib	„	0 15 9
Ganga Ghat	„	0 15 9
Long Cloth (Light weight) No.		5202 5303
Rachael Mill	Per lb.	1 0 0
Hindustan	„	0 0 0
David	„	0 15 9
Appollo	„	0 0 0
Moon	„	0 15 9
Long Cloth x Quality.		
Swan Finlay	„	0 15 9
Gold Mohor	„	0 15 6
Long Cloth Satin Calender 34-42 In.		
Textile (Hand)	Per lb.	0 14 6
Spring (Merchant)	„	0 14 6
Century (Bugle)	„	0 14 6
Appollo (Pyala)	„	0 14 3
Tata Mill (Darji).	„	0 14 6
Sakuntla	„	0 14 9
Sundri Brand	„	0 0 0
Globe	„	0 14 3
Rachael	„	0 14 3
Palkhi	„	0 14 6
Maher	„	0 14 6
Kachhwa	„	0 14 9
Lepad.		
Spring Little Panna.	„	0 14 3
Textile	„	0 14 3
Century	„	0 14 3
Dhooties 7 8 9 Yards.		
Spring (Balance)	Per lb.	1 0 3
Jacob	„	1 0 0
Century	„	0 15 6
Mun Mill	„	1 3 0
Dhoties 10 Yards.		
Spring (Balance)	„	0 15 3
Century	„	0 15 0
Jacob	„	0 15 0
Mun Mill	„	0 15 3
1386 Tata	Per Piece	2 13 0
Check Grey Drill x lbs. 5.		
Bombay Cotton	Per Piece	3 10 0
Swan Finley	„	3 13 0
Century	„	4 4 0
Pearl Pebancy	„	4 4 0
Hindustan No. 902	„	4 4 0
Great 697 1|2	„	0 0 0
Black Check.		
5800 Sholapur	„	0 11 0
58000 Kurla	„	0 0 0
Gabrun No. 5124.		
Pearl Pebancy	„	7 12 0
Hindustan	„	7 14 0
E. D. Rachael	„	6 12 0
Salita.		
Textile	Per lb.	0 14 0
Spring (Merchant).	„	0 14 0
Stripped Sadies Yards 12.		
777 Crescent	Per Piece	2 3 0
Appollo David	„	0 0 0
Dukdi Yards 12-13-14.		
Kanta	Per lb.	1 1 3
Kohinoor	„	0 0 0
Tata	„	1 1 0
Framji	„	1 1 6
Dhoti Fita Chirma Yards 5 to 10.		
Chhawani	Per lb.	1 3 0
Moon	„	1 0 0
Maher	„	1 0 0
Simplex	„	0 15 3

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS.

London, Feb.

Total Bullion £157,600,000.

Public Deposits £15,400,000.

Other Deposits £97,300,000.

Government Securities £35,600,000.

Other Securities £53,200,000.

Notes and Coin £42,000,000.

Currency Notes Outstanding £264,900,000

Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities 37.32 per cent.

LONDON GOLD.

London.

Bar Gold, Fine, per oz. £4-11-1|2.

LONDON SILVER.

London.

Spot 26-1|4.

Forward 26-3|16.

PHOSFERINE for Nerve Control

MAJOR H. SYKES

O.B.E., Aeronautical and Technical Adviser for the British Automobile Schools, Ltd., *writes*:—

"OFTEN one hears the phrase in reference to "Knights of the Air," "Oh! He has no nerves!" No greater mistake was ever made. Airmen are usually all nerves, only they are "under control." This phase of life is undoubtedly a strain on one's nervous system, and at times a tonic is essential. During 1917 I sustained a very serious accident, which all but put me out for good, and had it not been for the wonderful skill of modern surgery and the astounding properties of Phosferine, I would to-day be a wreck, instead of which I am still flying. There are times when both airman and passenger feel in need of a rapid and sustaining tonic, and in such cases I never fail to use or recommend Phosferine."

From the very first day you take PHOSFERINE you will gain new confidence, new life, new endurance. It makes you eat better, and sleep better, and you will look as fit as you feel. Phosferine is given with equally good results to the children.

PHOSFERINE

The Greatest of all Tonics for

Influenza	Debility	Neuralgia	Faintness	Malaria
Indigestion	Mental Exhaustion	Loss of Appetite	Brain fag	Headache
Sleeplessness	Maternity Weakness	Lassitude	Nerve Shock	Anæmia
Exhaustion	Weak Digestion	Neuritis	Rheumatism	Sciatica

Made in Liquid and Tablets, each sold in 3 sizes, the larger sizes are the more economical.

Proprietors: ASHTON & PARSONS, LIMITED. Ludgate Hill, London, England.
Indian Depot: P. O. Box 431, BOMBAY.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 10th February, 1928:—

Barometer (corrected to 32 deg. F) at 8 a.m., 29.947 inches (.26 below normal).

Barometer (corrected at 32 deg. F) at 4 p.m., (previous day) 29.863 inches (.010 below normal).

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.001 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m., 69.7 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m., 66.7 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours, 84.8 degrees (2.7 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours, 65.8 degrees (2.1 below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m., 85 per cent.

Relative Humidity at 4 p.m. (previous day), 72 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m., NE.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours, 95 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours, 13 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m., (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0.

LONDON METALS.

London, Feb. 9.

Copper, English Best Selected £66-1|8

Copper, Braziers: £76.

Yellow Metal £65.

Spelter, Hard Indian Brands £22-1|4.

Corrugated Sheets, 24 gauge £13.

Tin, English Ingots £238.

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, Feb. 9.

Rozario Santa Fe per 64 lb.—

Feb. Shipment Sellers 46|9.

Barletta Russo, per 64 lb.—

February Shipment Sellers 46|3.

Wheat, South Australian.—

Afloat Sellers 47|3.

Wheat, Choice White; Karachi.—

May|June Shipment Buyers 49|6.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, Feb. 9.

Java Sugar, Fine White; Dutch Standard No. 25; C & F. Calcutta.—

Feb.|Mar. per cwt, 14|1-1|2.

July|Sept. per cwt; 14|4-1|2.

C & F Bombay.—

July|Sept, per cwt; 14|5 1|2.

C & F Karachi.—

July|Sept, per cwt; 14|6-1|4

LONDON PRODUCI

London, Feb. 9.

Cottonseed, Bombay.—

Feb.|Mar. Shipment Sellers £8-13-9.

Castorseed, Bombay.—

Feb.|Mar. Shipment Sellers £17-10-0.

Rapeseed, Toria, Ton.—

Feb.|Mar. Shipment Sellers £18-2-6.

BOMBAY CITY & SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

Public lecture by Mr. K. M. Munshi, M. L. C., on "Modern Currents in Gujerati Literature" at the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, French Bridge, Chowpatty.

Mr. N. K. Sidhanta, M.A., (Cantab.) will deliver a lecture on "English viewed in connection with Anglo-Saxon and its other Sources," University Lecture Hall, 4-30 p.m.

Five H Week Fete, Cooperage, 3-30 p.m.

The s.s. "Rawalpindi" with the English mails sails at 1 p.m.

Bombay Races: Third Day of Big Meeting.

Second Annual Gathering of the Royal Institute of Science, at 5 p.m.

ROYAL INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE.

The second annual gathering of the Royal Institute of Science will be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, to-day (Saturday), at 5 p.m., Sir Chimanlal Setalvad presiding.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Clan Line s.s. "Buchanan" left Liverpool in the afternoon of the 9th instant.

The outward P. & O. Mail Steamer "Comorin" with the Mails from London of the 2nd instant passed Suez at 6 a.m. on the 9th instant.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' GATHERING.

All the members of the Muslim Students' Union are cordially invited to an "At Home" and annual social gathering of the Union to be held at Anjuman-i-Islam to-morrow (Sunday). H. H. the Aga Khan will distribute the prizes.

SARASWAT CLUB, SANTA CRUZ.

Swami Gunathithananda of the Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, will continue his discourse on "Swami Vivekananda and His Mission", in the Gymnasium Shed of the Saraswat Colony, Santa Cruz, to-day (Saturday), and to-morrow (Sunday), at 5 p.m. (S. T.), on each day.

CITY'S MORTALITY.

The following statement shows the total mortality from 6 a.m. of 9th February to 6 a.m. of 10th February:—

Small-pox attacks 4, death nil; Cholera attack nil, death nil; Plague attack 1, death nil; Influenza attack nil, death nil. Total Mortality (Exclusive of Stillborn) 87. Total Mortality this day last year was 87.

SPECIAL MEETINGS OF MUSLIMS.

In connection with the Sabu Siddik (Educational) Trust two public meetings of the Mussalmans of Bombay, under the auspices of the Central Khilafat Committee, will be held to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday), at 9 p.m. in Chhota Qabristan near Play House and Madanpura respectively.

MODERN CURRENTS IN GUJARATI LITERATURE.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, Mr. Kanyalal M. Munshi, M.A., LL.B., Advocate, M. L. C., will deliver a public lecture at the Brotherhood premises, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), on "The Modern Currents in Gujerati Literature."

WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURES.

Mr. N. K. Sidhanta, M.A., (Cantab.), Professor and Head of the Department of English, Lucknow University, will deliver the sixth and concluding lecture of his course of Wilson Philological Lectures for the current year on "English in relation to Anglo-Saxon and its other Sources" in the Lecture Hall on the ground floor of the University Library and Rajabai Tower Building to-day (Saturday), at 4-30 p.m. The subject of the lecture is "Foreign elements in English" and the lecture is open to the public.

PROTEST AGAINST NAIGAON LIQUOR SHOP.

There will be a public meeting of residents of Vincent Road and Naigaon to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. in the compound of Development Chawl No. 5 B Block Naigaon, to protest against the new liquor shop opened in Dali Buildings Vincent Road. Mr. R. A. Gole, Municipal Corporator will preside.

BUDDHA SOCIETY.

The usual fortnightly class of the Society will be conducted by Mr. K. A. Padhye, B.A., LL.B., to-morrow (Sunday), at 9-15 a.m. (S. T.), at Nair Building, Sandhurst Road. The subject for the class will be "Thoughts suggested by the perusal of Ashvaghosha's Buddha Charitam". The "Dhammapada" Class will also meet on the same day at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.).

FIRST AID CERTIFICATES TO TEACHERS.

Distribution of St. John Ambulance Association Certificates to the successful Municipal Gujarathi and Urdu teachers, will take place at the Municipal Imamwada Urdu School, Dongri, to the Successful Municipal Gujarati and Urdu Teachers to-day (Saturday), at 5 p.m. (B. T.). Rao Bahadur A. K. Pai, will preside on the occasion.

RELIEF TO HELPLESS BEGGARS.

Mr. Ranchoddas Harkisondas gave a sumptuous feast to the beggars at the Camp in celebration of the anniversary of his father the late Mr. Harkisondas Vendravandas, Commissioner Horekins and Lt.-Col. Colledge of the Salvation Army, were present. On behalf of the Helpless Beggars Relief Committee Rao Bahadur A. K. Pai, Joint Honorary Secretary, thanked the donor and took him round the Camp. At the request of Mr. Pai, Mr. Ranchhoddas consented to give a feast every year at a cost of Rs. 125.

THE HOUSE OF MARVELS AND WONDERS.

The Children's Fancy Dress Carnival organized by the Committee of the House of Marvels and Wonders will be held at 6 p.m. to-day (Saturday), in Salon de Danse when Her Excellency Lady Wilson has kindly consented to give away prizes to the successful competitors and also to successful competitors for exhibits of models and handicrafts by Boy Scouts and Boys under 20.

Lady Fawcett, Mrs. Mirza A. A. Khan, Mrs. F. S. Talyarkhan, Mrs. Sirur and Mrs. Flanders have kindly consented to act as Judges at the Carnival.

Entries for the Carnival are still open till Saturday morning at 11-30. Admission fee at the Carnival will be 8 annas.

His Excellency the Governor, while visiting the Fete at 6-30 p.m. on Sunday the 12th instant, will re-visit the House of Marvels and Wonders in order to see further feats of strength science and super-yoga by Prof. Divekar. Admission fee Rs. 3/-. To prevent disappointment, seats may be reserved beforehand in the House of Marvels and Wonders.

5 H. WEEK FETE

TO-DAY'S FEATURES

Her Excellency Lady Wilson will attend the Fete at 6-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday), and will attend the Children's Carnival in the Salon de Danse. She has kindly consented to present the prizes for the carnival and also the prizes to the successful competitors in the exhibition of models and handicrafts entered by Boy Scouts and boys under 20 years of age.

His Excellency the Governor's band will play in the Cabaret d'Argent. At the Rio Club there will be a Hunt Dinner and a Treasure Hunt.

The wrestling finals will take place at 9-30 p.m.

JOURNALISTS' ASSOCIATION OF INDIA

H. H. AGAKHANS DONATION

The Honorary Secretary and Treasurer of the Journalists Association of India writes:—

His Highness the Aga Khan has made a donation of a sum of Rs. 1500 to the funds of the Journalists Association of India, Bombay. His Highness has also promised an annual contribution of Rs. 1500 to a permanent fund in aid of journalists if it is started.

Mr. A. Ramaswami Mudaliar has left for Delhi to attend the Swaraj Convention on behalf of the Justice Party.—A. P.

LATEST COTTON QUOTATIONS

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

JULY.

NEW YORK.

	Feb. 10.
Previous Closing Rate	17.89
To-day's Opening Rate	17.77
Difference	—.12
To-day's Closing Rate	18.10
Difference	plus .21

LIVERPOOL.

	Feb. 10.
Previous Closing Rate	9.39
To-day's Opening Rate	9.42
Difference	plus .03
To-day's Closing Rate	9.46
Difference	plus .07

Broach Expectation 358 0 0

LONDON SILVER MARKET

LATEST QUOTATIONS

	London, Feb. 10.
Silver Ready	26 2 0
Lower	0 2 0
Silver Forward	26 1 0
Lower	0 2 0

Tone of Market:—India and China sold.

AMUSEMENTS.

"PERFECT SAP" AT PATHE CINEMA.

Ben Lyon has the most unusual role of his screen career in his latest feature vehicle, "The Perfect Sap," which comes to the Royal Opera House to-night according to Ray Rockett who produced the picture for First National. The popular player is cast as a would-be detective in a fast, farcical "mystery" story.

"Lyon has had some wonderful roles in past pictures, but never before has he had such opportunities to show his talent for real acting. It is one of the finest roles that could possibly be created for this young actor, and when the picture is released I feel certain it will be one of his greatest pictures." "The Perfect Sap" was filmed from an adaptation of the recent Broadway stage success. "Not Herbert," by Howard Irving Young. The adaptation was done by Frances Agnew, noted scenarist.

"The story as it is presented on the screen," says Rockett, "is a very unusual mystery—comedy-drama which lends itself well to lavish settings and big production values. We made it in a big way and with a cast of players worthy of the production. While I do not wish to reveal my secrets I will say that we have an opening that will make the screen world sit up and take notice. And the ending—well, it carries one of the greatest "kicks" ever seen on the screen."

WELLINGTON CINEMA.

A gorgeous magnificently produced photoplay "The Skyrocket" is the feature to-night and this week at the Wellington Cinema (Dhobitalao). No cost has been spared to produce it on a most lavish scale, and it reveals, now for the first time, some of the astounding secrets of the film actress' life in Hollywood. The drama portrays the interesting story of a young pretty girl trying to become a film star, and how temptations surrounded her on all sides, yet how pure love made her come out triumphant through all the wishes vowen around her. "The Skyrocket" is a splendid, magnificent, thrilling picture of life in Hollywood, and it portrays in a very vivid manner some really beautiful scenes of Movieland. It features the popular stars Earle Williams and Peggy Hopkins Joyce. The story is really fascinating and the innocent love of childhood is triumphant after a multitude of vicisitudes.

GLOBE CINEMA.

This week the Globe Cinema, Sandhurst Road, the best attraction in Bombay "Douglas Fairbanks" in "Robin Hood," vividly displays the good old times to our modern eyes. It is a boon to school and college boys and girls. They can learn much more from this picture than from half a dozen dry text books. It is a great picture enacted by the greatest artist star of his time. And unlike most other films it has the modesty of an innocent young maid as yet untouched by hand. The Globe Management deserves to be congratulated for its selection and we are sure they will be amply repaid by a packed house.

Note the change of timings:—5, 7, 8-45, and 10-30 daily four shows. Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holidays show begins at 3 p.m.

"THE BLUE DANUBE" AT CAPITOL.

This delightful waltz romance—justly described as being as joyous as the gay melody that inspired it—is undoubtedly "out of the rut." Its native simplicity and wholesomeness of theme comes like a breath of fresh air into the heated atmosphere of sex films and murder dramas. Frederic Zelnick, the producer, has admirably caught the spirit of light-hearted Gaiety associated with pre-war Vienna, throughout the film there abounds of entracing happiness. The story-told in leisurely and unhurried manner—is a simple tale of the love affairs of a count and a cabaret girl, and Lya Mara, in the role of Mizzi, certainly proves that she is an actress of no mean ability. The supporting cast is also excellent, special praise being due to Ernest Veredes, as the flirtatious young lieutenant, and to Harry Liedtke as the Count. Based upon the world famous waltz by Johann Strauss, the picture is indeed one which the great composer might well be proud. It admirably conveys the spirit of love life, and daughter, which the master violinist helped to create.

THE STORY.

In the city of Vienna lives Mizzi, "a common cabaret girl." Amongst her ardent admirers is Lieut. Rudy Ziraky who belonged to an ancient family. Count Zirsky, head of the house, is scandalised when he hears of his son in company with a cabaret girl, and requests his elder son, Oscar, to buy off the girl. Oscar becomes amazed when he finds Mizzi to be a charming and refined girl. Soon he himself proposes to her and is accepted. When Oscar goes to his father with the news of his marriage to Mizzi the old Count threatens to disinherit him. Mizzi, by means of a ruse gets an audience with the Archduke, through whom she gets herself introduced to the Count as Princess Mizzi. The Count in return is charmed with her. When she is talked of as the daughter of the Archduke, she reveals her true identity, saying that she is proud of her humble birth.

HIGH COURT

CUTTING OFF WIFE'S NOSE

JUDGE'S STRICTURES AGAINST BARBAROUS PRACTICE

The need for deterrent sentences to persons cutting off the noses of their wives for infidelity or any kind of misbehaviour, was emphasised by Justices Sir Charles Fawcett and Mr. Mirza on the Appellate side of the High Court in disposing of a reference made by the District Magistrate.

In this case the accused Dagon Babaji on 9th September last cut off the nose of his wife with a razor and imflicted several other injuries on her face.

The accused's defence was that his wife was misbehaving with two other men, for which he wanted to punish her. The First Class Magistrate of Sheygaon sentenced the accused to one month's rigorous imprisonment, remarking that this being his first offence the accused deserved to be treated leniently.

Disagreeing with this view, The District Magistrate of Ahmednagar refered the case to the High Court recommending enhancement of the sentence.

Their Lordships observed, even assuming that the accused's suspicions were well founded, a sentence of one month was not adequate for an offence of this kind. The High Court had frequently laid down that in nose-cutting cases adequate sentence must be awarded even when there was provocation by wife's misconduct.

"The courts, in our opinion," continued their Lordships "must pass such sentences which are likely to deter husbands from the far too common practice of taking the law into their hands by the crude and old fashioned punishment where wives are guilty or suspected of adultery."

Their Lordships therefore enhanced the sentence of the accused from one month to one year.

RUSSIAN JEWELLER SENTENCED

NINE MONTHS FOR CHEATING HIS BROTHER

The trial concluded yesterday, before Mr. Justice Madgaokar and a special jury at the criminal sessions of the High Court, of the case in which Abraham Perry, a Russian Jew agen 35, was charged with cheating his brother Nathan Perry, a jeweller in respect of jewellery worth Rs. 5 lakhs.

Mr. S. G. Velinker conducted the prosecution, while the accused was defended by Mr. Joseph Baptista and Mr. M. N. Gharekhan.

According to the prosecution, the complainant who is domiciled British subject having come out to India several years ago, took his brother into his jewellery business at Calcutta and authorised him to manage it on his behalf during his absence frequently in Europe. In this capacity, the accused was entrusted with considerable amount of jewellery which he sold and pledged, some with a Parsi Lady at Bombay, and misappropriated the amount to himself.

The jury having unanimously found the accused guilty, his Lordship sentenced him to 9 months.

The accused received the sentence calmly, and some time later was talking cheerfully with the police officers.

HINDU-MUSLIM TROUBLE AT SHOLAPUR

HINDUS SENTENCED FOR DESECRATING MUSLIM SHRINE

On the Appellate side of the High Court Justices Sir Charles Fawcett and Mr. Mirza disposed of the appeal filed by four Maratta Hindus of Sholapur District who were sentenced to six months' hard labour each by the Sessions Judge for wounding the religious feelings of Mahomedans by defiling a place of worship.

In July last when Hindu-Muslim feeling in Sholapur was running high, one Shankerlal a Hindu converted to Islam was performing certain ceremonies in his house in celebration of the Muharrum. The four accused thereupon, rushed into the house of Shankerlal, assaulted him and the other Mahomedans who were sitting there, and defiled some sacred images installed there.

Their Lordships, disposing of the appeal, said that the deliberate desecration of the images was calculated to wound the feelings of Mahomedans generally who would regard it as an insult to their religion. The offence, therefore, came within the scope of section 295 of the Penal Code.

The appeal was, therefore, rejected.

ALLEGED "BOLSHIE"

A FALSE REPORT

The rumour spread by a local contemporary that a Haji was detained in Bombay being suspected as a "Bolshie" is far from truth. Enquiries show that the police had to call a man to give explanation for his long stay in Bombay. He had come from Persia and was bound for Singapore. Those passengers who have to break their journey in Bombay are given reasonable time to take the first or second convenient steamer after their arrival in Bombay. As this passenger stayed for more than a month the police had to ask him for his reason of overstay and there was nothing unusual in that as such cases are, of frequent occurrence and there was nothing "Bolshie" about it.

EUROPEAN NURSE SHOOTS HERSELF

DISAPPOINTMENT IN LOVE THE CAUSE

TRAGEDY AT DHOBI TALAO

The European lady who shot herself dead on Thursday night at Dhobi Talao by a revolver was Mrs. Ella Barber (45) on whose body an inquest was held by the Coroner on Friday morning. The evidence showed that the deceased was a nurse and lived with a nurse friend, Mrs. Eugene Major, at Clare Road. The deceased went to see a friend on Thursday evening and thence proceeded to the Empress Cinema. At about 8-30 p.m. she engaged a victoria and told the driver to take her to the Church Gate station. From the Churchgate station she drove to Dhobi Talao where the driver heard a report of a revolver and drove straight to the Princess Street police station. The police investigation found that the deceased had gripped a revolver in her hand and was dead in a sitting posture. Six letters were found in her purse addressed to different persons. One of the letters showed that she was in love with a man named "E. D." and was disappointed owing to his lukewarm response. The deceased has a son in Bhusawal and used to carry a revolver with her for self-protection.

The Coroner adjourned further hearing till Wednesday next.

TENNIS

HARD COURT TOURNEY

MRS. CLAYTON WINS THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

Two finals were down for decision yesterday in the Bombay Presidency Hard Court Tennis Tournament and both provided keen struggles for supremacy. Mrs. Clayton annexed the ladies' championship by defeating Mrs. Jones in the best of three sets. It was a good match and fortune vacillated between the two in a manner worthy of a final. But after Mrs. Jones had taken the first set at 6—3, Mrs. Clayton completely asserted herself and won the first five games of the next set. Mrs. Jones bagged the next but Mrs. Clayton equalised the set score by winning the seventh. The deciding set was identical with this one Mrs. Clayton again winning by 6—1.

The final of the men's doubles resulted in Kamruddin and Pitt beating Wagle and Suvarna in two straight sets. The latter couple gave an excellent display but the uncanny anticipation of Kamruddin at the net combined with his impossible cross court placed shots proved to be too much for them, especially in the first set in which the winners led comfortably. The second set, however, was very keenly contested and both sides showed rare determination which resulted in the score standing level at 5—5. Kamruddin and Pitt then took the requisite games to win the match and the championship.

vs. S. Calvocorossi.

THE RESULTS

LADIES SINGLES: FINAL.

Mrs. Clayton beat Mrs. Jones, 3—6, 6—1, 6—1.

GENTLEMEN'S DOUBLES: FINAL.

Kamruddin and Pitt beat Wagle and Suvarna, 6—3, 7—5.

TO-DAY'S FINAL

GENTLEMEN'S SINGLES: FINAL.

R. S. Raja Iyer vs. R. A. Wagle, at 4-15 p.m. followed by

LADIES' DOUBLES: FINAL.

Miss M. Stebbing and Miss O. Stebbing vs. Mrs. Clayton and Miss Kent.

WESTERN INDIA TENNIS

MONDAY'S MACHES AT QUEEN'S ROAD COURTS

No. 1.—Raja Iyer vs. C. Gonsalves at 4-15 p.m. followed by R. H. E. Nagarwalla vs. T. W. Brough.

No. 2.—P. N. S. Chari vs. Y. Taku at 4-15 p.m. followed by A. M. D. Pitt vs. M. Take.

No. 4.—Deshpande vs. A. C. Suntoke at 4-15 p.m. followed by W. B. Schleiter vs. A. C. Pereira.

No. 5.—C. S. Tyabjee vs. H. U. Desai jee at 4-15 p.m. followed by Lahey Bean vs. S. Calvocorossi.

No. 6.—R. N. Chopra vs. T. S. Vyas at 4-15 p.m. followed by J. Harvey vs. K. A. D. Naoroji.

The following will play on the first available court:—

M. Tomonaga vs. J. L. Tomlinson.

R. G. Hopkins vs. H. R. Shellenberger.

K. M. Desai vs. J. B. Kirke.

"RANGILA RASUL" AGAIN!

ALLEGED REPRINT UNDER FICTIOUS NAME

The case in which Pandit Satya Priya, a Muslim who embraced Hinduism and who was again converted to Islam, was charged with publishing a prohibited booklet named "Rangila Rasool" in Hindi under a Fictious name "Amarnath" came up for hearing before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala, Presidency Magistrate, Fourth Court at Girgaon on Friday afternoon.

Mr. Manaar conducted the Prosecution while the accused was defended by Mr. Haji. Mr. B. T. Desai watched the proceedings on behalf of the Bombay Arya Samaj.

Krishnaji Moreshwar, one of the Directors of the Loka Sewak Press in which the pamphlet was alleged to have been printed examined, alleged that the accused had approached him with the manuscript of the pamphlet and had put the order for printing it and had deposited Rs. 181. Accused had asked witness to print the name of Amarsing as publisher saying that the latter was his man. Amarsing was, however, never produced before witness. On September 14, the accused wrote a letter calling for the copies of the pamphlet and had signed for them on receiving the same. Later, it was the accused who gave 100 copies to witness when the latter wanted it. The police had attached those copies. The original Hindi manuscript was also attached by the police Witness said he had given the address of the accused to the Police.

Cross-examined by Counsel for the Defence, witness denied that the accused had gone to him with a letter from Dr. Savarkar asking him (witness) to print the pamphlet for the Arya Samaj.

The accused made a statement at this stage saying that he did not give the name and address of the publisher but that he had been asked to go to the press for getting the copies of the pamphlet by Dr. Savarkar of the Arya Samaj.

Mr. Vijayasharker, Secretary of the Local Arya Samaj stated that one Muslim was converted to Hinduism and was named Amarnath, but so far as witness knew he had nothing to do with the pamphlet. The Arya Samaj had got a copy of the Hindi edition of "Rangila Rasool" printed at Benares. That copy was taken by the accused who then frequented the Arya Samaj. To witness' knowledge, it was never returned by the accused.

At this stage further hearing was adjourned.

BOMBAY RACES

SELECTIONS BY "SENEX".

1ST RACE—
- MASUD BEG 1
- NOMAN 2
- WATERLOO 3

2ND RACE—
- JOVIAL WILLIAM 1
- ISMET 2
- BURHAM BEECHES 3

3RD RACE—
- BURGOS 1
- MODESTY 2
- LADY JUNIOR 3

4TH RACE—
- SAVAGE 1
- BELAN 2
- REHEARSAL 3

5TH RACE—
- PRIDE OF PRIESTOWN .. 1
- P'S & Q'S 2
- KING'S YELLOW 3

6TH RACE—
- GIFT O' THE GLEN 1
- ABORIGINE 2
- BELL METAL 3

7TH RACE—
- ULSTER ALLY 1
- BAYONNE 2
- DEFEND 3

8TH RACE—
- KADOOR BEG 1
- SALONIC 2
- SHEEMA 3

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

JUTESRULE QUIET

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 10.

In the Share Market jute shares were quiet with lower prices for Howrahs, Clives, Hukumchands, Empire, Dalhousie and Union, buying enquiry being negligible and sellers predominating cottons and coals showed no change. Miscellaneous and Engineering shares were easy. Teas ruled uncharged and Imperial Bank showed good demand. Government securities were quiet, but steady.

Government Securities:—3 1-2 per cent. (I. P. 76; 75-14; 4 per cent. Loan (1960-70) 88-3; G. L. 5 per cent. Loan (1945-55) 106-8; G. L. 5 per cent. Loan (1933) 102-3; 5 1-2 per cent. War Bond (1928) 105-4.

Banks:—Eastern 86; 88; Imperial 367; 369; (fully paid) 1,475; 1,490.

Jutes:—Anglo-Indian 516; Cl. Auckland 400; Cl. Belvedere 701-8; Caledonian 770; 776; Chitvalsah (pref) 103-8; Champdany 200; Clive 52; 51-10; Dalhousie 603; Empire 67-8; 66-8; Fort Gloster 1,111; Hooghly 104-8; Howrah 66-12; 66; Hukumchand 24-8; 24-4; Kamarhatty 906; Cl. Kinnison 1,225; Kankinarrah 670-8; National 35-10; Northbrook 75-12; 76-4; Presidency 13-12; Reliance 90-8; Union 888-8; Waverly 9-8; Cl.

Coals:—Ghosiek 5-10.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Iron 18-6; Indian Iron and Steel 19; 19-6; Indian Galvanising 7-12.

Teas:—Patrakola 1280-8; Hessian 18-2; Raw Jute 64-6.

ENROL NOW

for 1929 EXAMINATIONS in

ACCOUNTANCY, BANKING, COMPANY MANAGEMENT, SECRETARIAL PRACTICE and AUDITING.

BEST STAFF, BEST TRAINING, BEST RESULTS.

If in doubt, ask any Commerce Student.

Apply for free Prospectus as to Courses, Fees, etc., at

BATLIBOI'S

Accountancy Training Institute.

Yusuf Bldg., ChurchgateSt., Fort, Bombay

NAGINDAS & MANEKLAL

INCOME TAX & SUPER TAX EXPERTS

6, Shukhadwalla Building, RAVELIN STREET,

Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone - - - No. 22560

AWARDED GOLD MEDALS IN 1912.

MOHANLAL & Co.

JEWELLERS.

Telephone No. 21795,

Ghia Mansion, Saik Memon St.

BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1928.

ADMINISTRATION OF BARODA.

The Baroda Administration Report for the year 1926-27, the first issued by the new Dewan, Rao Bahadur V. T. Krishnamachariar, shows fair and steady progress and maintains the reputation of the State as one of the leading States in India. The revenue increased from 237 lakhs in the previous year to 246 lakhs in the year under report; whereas the expenditure rose from 197 lakhs to 204 lakhs. In view of fat surpluses, not only during the last two yeras but also during several years before, we fail to see why either the people should not be taxed less or get a higher return for their taxes. We welcome the decrease in the liquor revenue from 35 to 28 lakhs but it should be comparatively easy for Baroda to make more rapid strides towards total prohibition. Many departments of the State show continued progress. For instance, Co-operative Societies increased by 19 to 750, their membership from 24 to 25 thousands. The progress in this and several other directions has recently been hindered by the unfortunate floods but we are glad to be assured by the Dewan that the reconstruction of the affected areas is proceeding apace. We trust the large reserves built up from public revenue in the past years, will be liberally drawn upon for the necessary reconstruction work. Education and social legislation have long been special features in Baroda. Progress in education seemed to have been slightly retarded a year or two ago but we find from the present report that the number of educational institutions increased by 20 to 2,996 and that the number of pupils from 213 to 217 thousands. The percentage of school-going children to the population of school-going age is about 65; which is creditable, as being higher than in most Indian States and in all British provinces. Special facilities for the education of the "depressed" classes and of women continue to be given and the system of mass education through a network of popular libraries is making good progress. A highly significant reform during the year was that Hindi was made compulsory in vernacular schools from standard fourth and in the English schools in the two lower standards. As Hindi is one of the only two vernaculars that have a good prospect of being the "lingua franca" of the masses of India, Baroda has given a bold and much needed lead for all the non-Hindi speaking provinces of India to follow. It is also a welcome news that the present law against child marriages is expected shortly to be made stricter.

The report is reticent about constitutional progress in the State. The present Legislative Council is a mere advisory body and of its 27 members, only 10 are elected. Even Local self-government continues to be much controlled by the State Government. We unhesitatingly acknowledge that Baroda has been for years past very progressive among the States so far as administrative reforms are concerned. But this very progress entitles one to expect from it faster and longer strides in constitutional reform. We trust the Maharajah whose liberal instincts, none will doubt and whose wide travels in democratic lands, could not but have convinced him of the benefits of self-government, will not allow Baroda to lag behind British India indefinitely in the progres of Responsible Government in the land.

A FUTILE STATEMENT

Sir John Simon's statement has fallen flat on the country. The party leaders in the Assembly, promptly but quietly rejected Sir John's proposals. Nationalist papers have done likewise and if many more leaders have not individually declared their opinions, it is only because their attitude towards the Commission is absolutely unchanged by the new statement. Sir Ali Imam, Mr. Sachindanand Sinha, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Sir Pheroze Sethna, and Mr. J. L. Bannerjee who have expressed their opinions on the statement, are all as determined as ever to boycott the Commission. The "Hindu" regards the proposals as giving but a "semblance of equality which is so hollow that it only mocks our self-respect." That is also the gist of the opinions of the other Nationalist papers to hand. Even the ultra-Moderate Parliamentary Party of the Council of State is not satisfied with Sir John's proposals and would co-operate with the Commission only if certain conditions specified by the Party are accepted by Sir John. As the party consists of but ten souls of whom two voted against the above decision of the Party and two were absent from the meeting and as even the acceptance of those conditions will, in no way, satisfy the country, it is unnecessary to discuss the conditions. Nor is it necessary to discuss the views of the British and the Anglo-Indian Press which are bound to be hostile to Indian aspirations and sentiments. The "New Leader" of London admits that Indians "have suffered a grievous provocation," yet appeals to them to "treat the Simon proposals as the basis of discussion and negotiation." Indians would be no party to haggling. They have clearly demanded a predominant or at least absolutely equal status in the scheme of enquiry. It is only when such equality is conceded that there can be any scope for negotiations or co-operation. The latest proposals are no advance upon the old ones and we are glad that there are at least two prominent Englishmen like Colonel Wedgwood and Mr. Fenner Brockway who endorse the Indian view. Mr. Thurtle also admits that Sir John's proposals do not give complete equality of status and powers to the Indian Committee in the enquiry. Sir John repeats the Viceroy's threat that the Commission is determined to carry on its work. India is no less determined to have nothing to do with the Commission.

FIGHTING THE KENYA INDIANS' CAUSE.

NEED FOR A "KENYA INDIANS' ASSOCIATION" IN INDIA.

(BY P. R. AMRITE.)

IV.*

To check the growth of the rising evil, we do not in the least require machine-guns or ammunition to calm the situation; what we badly need is solid work on entirely constructive lines.

The first and foremost step that the Government of India need take is to establish Publicity Offices in London and Nairobi. I hardly believe that the Government here is fully alive to the grave issues that have arisen in Kenya at the present juncture. Reuter messages are almost always half-truths and to base one's opinion on such meagre information is next to bordering upon sheer folly. The estimate for the maintenance and upkeep of such offices, in my opinion, should amount to £1,500 or so a year. With the enormous taxes at the disposal of the Indian Government, the grant of the above amount to the cause of Indians in Kenya would seem infinitesimal. The expenses at London would in all probability amount to £1,000 and at Nairobi £500. If the Government of India find it difficult to allocate every year this insignificant amount, then the fate of Indians in Kenya could be safely defined as sealed.

PUBLICITY OFFICE.

There are very great advantages arising out of these offices. Firstly, that a strict and close supervision will be kept by an able body, so far as economic and political relations of Indians in Kenya are concerned. Secondly, that the Whites will have to keep their tempers under subjugation owing to the presence of the Information Bureau.

There is also need for posting two Indian leaders, one at Mombasa and the other at Nairobi, to watch carefully the trend of politics and give timely help to the domiciled residents. Their duty ought to be to go round the country from time to time, deliver speeches on the platform and educate the oppressed sisters and brothers in sanitation and decent habits. A corps of volunteers could be formed as a means of medium for social service in Eastern Africa.

The expenses of these two Captains should be defrayed not by the Government of India, but by the National Congress. By repeating this process every year, India would be closely united with Kenya and the ties would be tighter than ever. It would be also to the advantage of India herself that her leading politicians and statesmen would thus aequire wide Colonial experience, which is likely to be of immense material help as India makes an onward progress.

APATHY OF RULING CHIEF.

It should be clearly understood that the immigrant population from India to Kenya mainly consist of people from Kathiawar, Cutch and Gujerat. How deplorable it is that the very Ruling Princes, whose oppressed subjects have made a dashing enterprise to go abroad and find a land of their adoption, both with a view to making their country worth living and learning the art of competition with others who seem to claim superiority over them in point of "character and education should thus neglect their own children! Thousands of applications may be made, but to no purpose! On the contrary, very recently a measure for adoption has been thought of by the Baroda State to levy Income Tax on the subjects belonging to the State who might return home from Kenya Colony. Setting aside the question of getting sufficient encouragement from powerful States, measures are being adopted from time to time to disparage the spirit of adventure. Is it not the duty of these Princes to station their respective agents somewhere in Mombasa, Nairobi, Nakuru and Kisumu with instructions to report to the States what social, political and any other progress we

(Continued on Page 15)

*Previous articles of the series appeared on January 25 and 28 and the 8th instant.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE.

APPOINTMENT OF THE SECRETARY

(BY A PRACTICAL EDUCATIONIST.)

II*

The next essential qualification for a Secretary to possess, should be an enthusiasm for reform, and energy to carry out out, granting that the ability to devise schemes to practical ends already exists. The person selected, however well-experienced otherwise, should by no means be a "finished" person, whose vision never goes beyond administering things as he finds them. Nor should he be a person of mere stereotyped experience, and steeped in dead routine. On the other hand, he must be a man of ideas, one in whom the spirit of reform still remains warm, who is neither too young to exercise prudence and caution, nor too old to retain enthusiastic energy to carry out improvements. He must be a person who has applied for the post not merely because the salary is tempting and the prospects attractive, but because it is his earnest desire to serve the cause of education in this city first and foremost and establish it on a firm and progressive foundation. The duty of the Corporation is unique in this respect, as in the coming years large educational schemes of reform and extension in the various wards of the city will form the main plank in the Corporation's programme of work for the benefit of the citizens of Bombay. Therefore the selection should be made from among those who had demonstrated their ability and zeal in this direction.

REMEMBER THE PRINCIPLE.

While making the selection, let every Corporator bear one principle in mind, a

(Continued on Page 15)

*The first article appeared on 9th instant.

ONE MORE COLLEGE FOR KARNATAK.

The Karnatak Lingayat Education Society of Belgaum has completed all preparations for starting an Arts College in that City and has applied to the University of Bombay for the affiliation of the College to the University. About the need for at least one or two more Arts Colleges in Karnatak there is not the least doubt. The City of Bombay has three Arts Colleges affiliated to the Bombay University, Sind has two, Gujarat has five and Maharashtra six but Karnatak has only one. Eight years ago, recognising the need for more colleges in that province, the University gave permission to start one more college at Dharwar. But, unfortunately, the scheme fell through. The rich Lingayat community of the province, however, has now come to the rescue and we find that in respect of both financial and academic resources, it has amply satisfied all the conditions for the affiliation of the proposed College. As regards the location of the College, Belgaum is eminently suitable from many points of view. The City has a fine bracing climate and the living there is cheap—an important point for the poor people of Karnatak. The district with the adjoining territory has over a dozen high schools, six being in the City itself. These schools, turning out nearly two hundred matriculates every year, would be steady feeders for the College. We are surprised to find in the Press some fanciful criticisms of the scheme. It is said, for instance, that in view of growing unemployment, there is no need for more colleges except of a technical character. There is some confusion of thought here. Technical graduates and Art graduates have both suffered from unemployment and the proper remedy is for the Government to help in ensuring more avenues of employment to qualified persons and for the public to nationalise the Government. If people are to be unemployed or under-unemployed, let them at least have the satisfaction of having a good all-round general education so that in an emergency, they can have more than one avenue of employment open to them. Besides, in the present times, it is beyond the power of an ordinary private body to start a technical college. Government and the Local Bodies alone can take the initiative in the matter. Another objection raised to the scheme is that a college at Belgaum will militate against the future Unitary University at Dharwar. We value the advantages of a Unitary University but to insist upon every college being a constituent of a Unitary University is too costly an ideal for a poor but vast country. For a pretty long time to come, we shall need Universities of both the unitary and the affiliating type. We trust the Bombay University will help the organisers of the proposed College in every way possible.

LAJPAT RAI'S "YOUNG INDIA."

The Servants of the People Society, Lahore, has done well to publish for the first time in India, Lala Lajpat Rai's book "Young India". The book was first published in America about a decade ago during Lalaji's enforced exile in that country. Mrs. Besant's Home Rule League, London Branch, soon issued an English Edition with an appreciative foreword by Colonel Wedgwood. The book was well received in both countries. The "New Statesman" of London described it as "emphatically a book to be read by the Secretary of State for India himself, as well as by the members of the Council.... by every Indian Civilian." The "Christian Intelligencer" of New York remarked: "In this book Mr. Lajpat Rai tells the story of hopes and fears inside his native land. England has treated her conquered people far worse than she treated the American Colonies in the eighteenth century and the day of reckoning cannot be far off. For the bottom facts and the real truth, one book of this sort is, as a rule, worth half-a-dozen volumes written by aliens." Worthy of her latter-day traditions, England prohibited the entry of the book into British India under the Indian Sea Custom's Act, thought it was the time when India was spilling her blood and pouring her gold into England for the cause of the Empire. It was only last year that the ban was removed. Thus a book which was written by an Indian about India and which was available to England and America ten years ago is available to India only now for the first time. It is a fitting commentary on British faith in the freedom of writing.

The book itself is free from the least trace of violence. If it stirs even non-Indians, it is due more to the facts put together by the author than his own comments. The book is what it purports to be—an interpretation and a history of the nationalist movement in India from within. It deals with the evolution of Indian policy from ancient times stressing many of those facts which are carefully kept out of the common history books in our schools and colleges. The growth of the national movement since the beginning of the Congress has been described with great insight. The account stops at the year 1915; but we are assured by the author that the history of the nationalist movement from 1915 up-to-date will form the subject of a new book. The present volume is a rare one of its kind and is an indispensable adjunct to any recognised text-book on Indian history. It is an illuminating interpreter of India's past politics and a valuable guide for the interpretation of the present political situation. The book contains two useful appendices containing some remarkable facts and figures about British rule in India taken from eminent authorities, Indian and British. The book is excellently got up and printed and is priced at Rs.3. It deserves to be studied by every one, young or old, interested in Indian politics.

NOTES OF THE DAY

Sweet Parley.

The business of gathering round the Simon Commission all the 'jo-hukum' elements which is now the chief concern of officialdom proceeds apace. One indication that it has begun in great earnest is to be seen in Sir John Simon's invitation to the Muslim members of the Assembly to meet him. According to the special correspondent at Delhi of the "Times of India" this is an "informal friendly invitation for a friendly informal meeting." Setting out on this definitely communal basis, the Commissioners can in a friendly informal manner proceed now under friendly bureaucratic help and co-operation with the preliminary work of cajoling some Indians at least even if the great mass of the people of this country remain steadfast to the self-respecting ideal of having nothing to do with them. Rural researches will be, of course, undertaken later to get into touch with the masses. At present the idea is to engage a select band of legislators in sweet parley.

Journalistic Ethics—New Style.

In face of the annoying and baffling spectacle of the forces of Indian nationalism marching to victory, Anglo-Indian scribes at Delhi are evidently beside themselves with chagrin and disappointment. They are busy importing into journalism a new kind of ethics. We are sure Indian journals will not follow their example. Nothing is gained from the deliberate concoction of stories with the object of doubting the integrity of political personages. The truth comes out ultimately. In the case of President Patel who is an object of reprehensible attack in the Anglo-Indian Press at this particular moment, the truth has come out immediately. Mr. Patel has categorically denied the vile and vulgar imputation that he declined to receive the Simon Commission at the Assembly Chamber. The "Evening News of India" which featured this canard now stands exposed as guilty of practising a particularly odious type of yellow journalism. The attempt to throw mud at President Patel because he asked Mr. Matin Chowdhary which way he would like to vote and allowed him the exercise of his right to vote, is as reprehensible as it is vulgar. The Delhi correspondent of the "Times of India" who makes the attempt chooses to forget that the division lists were not closed when it was pointed out to Mr. Patel by the Secretary that Mr. Matin Chowdhary desired to exercise his right to vote.

India In Mesopotamia.

Lord Curhenden's reply to an interpellation in the House of Lords regarding British expenditure in Iraq and the British attitude towards the subject of conscription which is so unpopular in Iraq is eloquent of the anxiety of the British Foreign Office to conciliate the new Iraqui Cabinet. The expenditure is to be reduced, not substantially, of course, but there would be a "welcome" reduction. As regards conscription he assured the Noble Lords that no pressure in the matter had been exercised by Britain. This is a brazen-faced distortion of the British attitude towards conscription in Iraq which the Iraqui nationalists will, however, welcome. If Britain does not press it, the new Cabinet will be heartily glad to drop the whole idea, persistence in which would have meant the Cabinet's early shipwreck. It has still to sail under stormy seas of popular disfavour. It is significant, however, that according to a British paper in Basrah, Iraq is "like India under British influence and is run by British methods." This is an interesting sidelight on the "independence" of Irac

Magnificent Philanthropy.

Bombay is justly proud of the philanthropic spirit of her merchant princes. Her pride will have now further justification owing to the magnificent donation of twenty-two lakhs for the establishment and upkeep of a children's hospital in this city by Sir Ness Wadia and his brother Mr. C. N. Wadia. Owing to the splendid philanthropy of these two distinguished citizens who come from a family with a fine record for public benefactions the Bombay Municipal Corporation will be able to have soon a well equipped children's hospital of 115 beds with an open air ward for 16 beds in addition. To the capital cost of building the hospital the Corporation's contribution will be only seven lakhs, the Wadia brothers finding the balance of nine lakhs. For the maintenance charges they give Government securities which will yield Rs. 60,000 annually. Truly a generous gift.

Segregation in Schools.

Vast Nature has room for freaks. The Vice-President, Cutchi Bhatia Mahajan Managing Committee, has written to the Bombay Corporation objecting to boys of all different castes sitting together on common benches in the Municipal schools. "Common conglomeration," says this Vice-President, "of different classes and environments was a thing unheard of in any of the modern educational institutions." This is not worth serious consideration as there are in Bombay itself numerous schools where students of all castes and classes including the so-called depressed classes sit together on common benches. If the Vice-President can still get any members of the Corporation to agree with him, the rate-payers of Bombay will know how to deal with them. The Cutchi Mahajan Committee's views on the allied question of provision of drinking water are of a piece with those stated above. We would only like to be informed by the Secretary of the Schools Committee as to what is the final decision of the Committee with regard to the segregation of the "depressed" class students in the Municipal schools. The Committee shall not be allowed to rest in peace till justice is done to these students.

BOYCOTT DEMONSTRATION TELLS!

SECRET MOVEMENT OF SIMON TEAM

SAD EXPERIENCE OF MEERUT TRIP

LOCAL LEADERS EMPHATIC "NO"

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

DELHI, Feb. 10.

According to a Meerut message to "Hindustan Times", the Statutory Commission consisting of Sir John Simon and his colleagues arrived at 11 a.m. by motor for an informal visit through the District and for an interview with some leading men at the Government House. They will also motor down to two typical villages of the District.

The Commissioner Meerut Division had arranged for interviews with the members of the Commission by issuing a letter requesting some notables of the District to meet the Commission at 2-15 p.m. to-day. Two of the parties so invited were Mr. Chowdhry Shiv Nath Singh, Chairman District Board and Mr. Chowdhry Mukhtar Singh M.L.A., who totally refused to have anything to do with the Commission.

The matter was kept strictly confidential till a representative of the paper saw the Commissioner personally immediately he came to know about the arrival of the Simon Team. The Commissioner, however, did not want to disclose anything and promised to issue an official statement in the evening.

The Commission members will have tea at the Commissioner's house this evening and will motor back to Delhi to-day.

The Congress Committee has not been able to arrange any demonstration as the arrival of the Commission was kept a strict secret.

SURPRISE VISIT TO VILLAGES

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

It is understood that Sir John Simon and some members of the Statutory Commission paid a surprise visit to-day to Gurgaon and saw some typical villages in this district. The Commission is keeping its movements secret. It is expected to reach Madras by the 23rd or 24th instant. —A. P.

THE SIMON STATEMENT

DR. BESANT'S CABLE TO GRAHM POLE

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

Dr. Besant has cabled to Major Graham Pole that Sir John Simon's statement has completely disillusioned Responsivists as the Indian Committee cannot examine official witnesses desiring to give evidence in camera.—A. P.

COMMISSIONERS AND PRESIDENT PATEL.

"MISLEADING STATEMENT OF "EVENING NEWS."

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

I am specially authorised by the Hon. Mr. Patel to state that the statements made by the "Evening News" Bombay's Delhi correspondent, regarding his attitude with regard to the Simon Commission is mischievous and entirely misleading. The statment alluded to runs as under:—

"There has been a report that Mr. Patel declined to receive the Royal Commissioners at the Assembly Chamber, but Mr. Patel informs me that the allegation is not correct, though, he says, if they go there after visiting the Council of State Chamber, he will not be present."

Non-official parties are bitter at these persistent attacks on the Chair, and hope that some disciplinary action will be taken. The President of the Assembly never invites any one as such, but authorises the issue of tickets when applied for. In this case the Commission may be specially treated as a body only after the Commissioners go through at least the formal obligation of calling on the President. Otherwise, they must apply for seats and the President would be only too pleased to issue them tickets.

Anglo-Indian annoyance may also be traced to the defeat of Government constitutional Pundits over the Reserve Bank Bill.

THANKS TO "JO-HUKUMS."

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

To hundreds of telegrams and letters conveying welcome and promising co-operation that awaited the Statutory Commission on their arrival in India, Sir John Simon has sent the following reply to the senders whose addresses were given or known:—

"The telegram in which you expressed your pleasure at the arrival of the Chairman and members of the Statutory Commission formed one of the several hundreds which greeted them on their arrival in India. This great volume of friendly and encouraging messages has given much satisfaction to Sir John Simon and his colleagues at the outset of their task and I am asked to convey to you their personal thanks for your part in this chorus of goodwill."—A.P.

REFUSAL OF SIMON PROPOSALS

"TRAGIC MISTAKE"—SAYS "NEW LEADER"

LONDON, Feb. 9.

The "New Leader" plaintively asks why Sir John Simon did not make his statement earlier instead of launching i "under circumstances bound to produce a feeling in India that he simply surrendered to force 'majeure,'" and says that nevertheless the statement represents a substantial advance. It is regrettable that "our Indian friends have rejected it out of hand." The paper concludes that "they have suffered a grievous provocation. Nevertheless we appeal to them to put aside the unfortunate past and at least treat the Simon proposals as the basis of discussion and negotiation. We are certain that a blank refusal is a tragic mistake"—Reuter.

LATEST NEWS.

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

Replying to an enquiry by a member of the Indian Legislature Sir John Simon says:—

"My leter to the Vieroy was designed to indicate the principles which I, as Chairman of the Commission, have decided to follow, if the Conference is set up. Much would depend on the spirit of reasonableness prevailing on all sides and on the degree to which I enjoyed the confidence of those present at the Conference. There must be no question that the discretion will rest with me to decide to what extent separate sittings of the Commission should take place. I can only say at this stage that I hope the occasions will be few and I certainly should regard them as exceptions to the main scheme which is, I think, quite clearly set out in the document. We shall, of course, desire to hear evidence from all important points of view including the view which the Indian Wing wishes to put before us."—A. P.

LONDON, Feb. 10.

"Peculiar dismay" is evinced by the weekly "Spectator" discussing the threatened boycott of the Statutory Commission at the prospect of India refusing to accept the help earnestly offered to her. The paper says, to Englishmen it seems so clear that the Parliamentary Commission is the only possible instrument that it is not easy for them to understand the excitement in India. It suggests that the only cause for regret is that the British Government in the years past did not accustom India to the idea of Parliamentary Commission. The journal concludes by saying that the demonstrations, hartals and threats of boycott, all suggest that the Indians have very little political sense and that they cannot recognise the opportunity when they get one.—Reuter's Special.

LONDON, Feb. 10.

The "Saturday Review" stresses the great liberality and sound strategic instinct shewn by Sir John Simon in his offer to the Indian extremists and laments the rejection of the offer from one viewpoint, but from another it says it is, perhaps, as well that the "stupid malignity" of the non-co-operators should be so early and unmistakably manifested.—Reuter's Special.

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

It is understood that a conference of the leaders of various parties may be informally convened at the Viceregal Lodge shortly with a view to discuss Sir John Simon's statement as leaders are not opposed to meeting the Viceroy, while as party decisions now stand, they are committed not to meet the Commissioners.—Free Press.

DRAFTING SWARAJ SCHEME

NO DECISION ARRIVED AT STILL

WORKING COMMITTEE TO CONSULT PARTY LEADERS

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

The Congress Working Committee had three hours discussion on general principles in connection with the drafting of a constitution for India and adjourned till to-morrow when the draft Swaraj Schemes received by the Committee will be considered in the light of to-day's discussion. It is understood that before any final decision is taken, members of the Working Committee will also hold consultations with the leaders of other parties.

Pandit Motilal Nehru was present to-day. Mr. C. Vijiaraghavachariar and Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar were among others who participated in the discussion.

The terms of the Working Committee instructions to the Congress Council parties in the Assembly and the Councils are being given final shape by Pandit Motilal. These will not be available till to-morrow. —A. P.

CONGRESS PARTIES IN LEGISLATMRES.

WHEN TO ATTEND MEETINGS,

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

It is understood that the general instructions to be issued by the Congress Working Committee for the guidance of Congress Parties in the Assembly and in the various Councils will be such as to enable them to attend the Councils in order to put questions on extraordinary occurrences, and move adjournment motins regarding them and also oppose any legislation considered to be of a repressive character.—A.P.

GANDHIJI IMPROVING

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 10.

Dr. H. M. Desai who is attending on Mr. Gandhi interviewed said that there was absolutely no cause for anxiety.

Mr. Gandhi is taking complete rest and is not receiving asy visitors. His pnise is improving and he is taking a more liberal diet. Dr. Desai, Dr. Kanuga, and Dr. Fozdar will hold a consultation on Sunday.—A. P.

SWARAJISTS IN BOMBAY COUNCIL

REPRESENTATION TO WORKING COMMITTEE

As stated in these columns about a fortnight ago, the Bombay Council Swaraj Party has decided that it is inevitably necessary for the members of the Party to attend the ensuing sessions of the Legislature, it being the Budget sessions and the Secretary of the Party has been asked to request the Working Committee of the Congress to permit the Swarajists here to attend the Council not for the University Bill alone, but for the Budget discussions as well. Mr. F. J. Girwala has in his capacity as the Secretary of the Party addressed the letter to which he has as yet received no reply. The decisions of the Working Committee held at Delhi on Thursday has, however, given permission to the Bombay Swarajists only for the University Bill. This has evidently created some dissatisfaction among the Swarajist group; and it is reliably learnt that a representation would be sent again very soon to the President and the General Secretary of the Congres to make an exception for the Budget discussion and the Small Holdings Bill if it comes up for discussion this session.

NATIONALISTS TO ATTEND.

The Nationalist group has, so far as can be ascertained from the Bombay members have decided to attend the whole sessions of the Councils and, it is understood that they have been urging their Congress friends in the Council to abandon the walkout policy, as according to them it would give a golden opportunity to the official and the reactionary parties to do as they liked. The negotiations are believed to be still in progress

SINGAPORE OUTRAGE.

BANDIT'S CONFESSION OF INTENTIONS

LONDON, Feb. 9.

Singapore.—The Canton man who had recently arrived from Shanghai when charged in court in connection with the wounding of Mr. Linboonkeng, ex-Principal of the Amoy University, declared that he had intended to kill Dr. C. C. Wu, Mr. Sunfo and Mr. Huhanmin, leaders of the Chinese Nationalist Party visiting Singapore. Dr. Wu and rest of the party have now left for Colombo.—Reuter.

EX-MAHARAJAH OF INDORE

ARRIVING IN BOMBAY ON MONDAY

DETERMINED TO MARRY MISS MILLER

The ex-Maharaja of Indore having been encouraged by several Hindu societies to undertake the conversion of Miss Miller to Hinduism has made up his mind to marry her at any cost. He will start to-day (Saturday) from Madras arriving in Bombay on Monday. Dr. Gosavi, one of his counsellors, was called post haste by wire to join the ex-Maharaja at Madras on Saturday, and he has already left via Bombay on Thursday night. It is reported that the ex-Maharaja has offered a lac of rupees to the Hindu society taking Miss Miller into Hinduism. Several persons, are, therefore, ready to receive Miss Miller, the bride-elect of the ex-Maharaja, to the Hindu religion with open arms and their marriage will be a "fait accompli" very shortly. The relatives of the ex-Maharaja are against this marriage one cogent reason being the question of law. They are advised that Hindu religion being not a proselytising religion and "Shuddi" ceremony being a ceremony to make an "ashuddh" pure or "shuddh" the conversion of Miss Miller would be invalid and the marriage illegal in asmuch as it would not be recognised under the Act of 1873. The illegal status of the issues of the newly wedded pair also would be a matter of legal controversy.

SHRI SHANKARACHARYA FAVOURS CONVERSION

NASIK, Feb. 9.

Dr. Kurtakoti, Shri Sankaracharya of Karvir Math, is reported to be in favour of the conversion of Miss Miller, the American fiancee of the ex-Maharaja of Indore. It is probable that the ceremony may be preferred at Nasik in the presence of His Holiness.—A. P.

THE YEAR'S FORECAST

Do you care to know what 1928 has in store for India?

Do you want to know when India is to get Swaraj,

Or do you care for the fate of the Simon Show?

If you do, read the next issue of the "Sunday Chronicle" for the amazing forecast of the Himalayan Joshimaharaj.

Don't miss to read it.

BRITISH TROOPS AT RHINELAND

NO CHANCE OF IMMEDIATE EVACUATION

LONDON, Feb. 10.

Rugby.—A question was asked in the House of Commons to-day whether in view of the fact that the Franco-German Frontier had been guaranteed by the Locarno Treaty, the British Government would consider the evacuation of British troops from the Rhineland at an early date. Mr. Locker Lampson Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs replied: "There has been no question of the isolated withdrawal of British troops, which would not, in my opinion, be to anyone's advantage in the present circumstances. The general evacuation of the Rhineland before the period laid down in the Treaty of Versailles can only be the result of an arrangement between the powers whose troops are affected on the one hand, and the German Government, on the other. If such arrangements be possible they will be very welcome to the British Government. —B. O. W.

MUSSOLINI SANCTIONS CASINO

"FOR POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC REASONS

LONDON, Feb. 10.

Rome.—For "important political and economic reasons", public gaming tables will now for the first time be officially allowed in Italy. Signor Mussolini sanctioning casino at San Remo says: If Italians must gamble I will let them lose money at home. Casino will be run by a two million sterling company which will pay San Remo nearly a quarter million annually.—Reuter's Special.

ORDERS FOR SUBMARINES

LONDON, Feb. 10.

The Admiralty has placed orders for six submarines which were included in the 1927 estimates. Five of them will be built by private industry at a cost of two and half million sterling while the sixth is being built at Chatham.—Reuter.

BIRKENHEAD DISREGARDS CONVENTION

LESSON OF RESERVE BANK DEBATE

"UNEDIFYING TACTICS OF GOVT."

BILL ADJOURNED "SINE DIE"

The Assembly reassembled to-day to hear Sir Basil Blackett's announcement regarding the dropping of the Reserve Bank Bill.

The Swarajist members came back and applauded their leader, Pundit Motilal, as he took his seat.

Mr. Kabiruddin Ahmed caused some applause and raised laughter by his supplementary questions suggesting that Sir John Simon's offer of annexing the Indian Committees' report did not grant equality of status and that the Commission did not attach any great value to the material that was being collected by the special officers.

The Home Member held that the questions did not arise out of the main question.

SIR BASIL'S STATEMENT

Sir Basil Blackett made the following statement:—

"The Government of India have carefully considered the situation created by the divergent conclusions in regard to Clause 8 of the Reserve Bank Bill arrived at by the Assembly last Wednesday and in particular, the practical consequences of the final decision to omit the clause. The main purpose of the Bill was to establish a Reserve Bank, and thereby to transfer the control of currency and credit to an independent non-official body in India and at the same time to effect far-reaching reforms in the monetary and banking machinery of India. Government had reason to believe, and still believe, that informed opinion in the country is generally in favour of the establishment of a Reserve Bank and the House has on more than one occasion affirmed the principle. In proceeding with the old Bill Government were actuated by the desire to give the Assembly a clear opportunity of deciding for itself whether or not it wanted a Reserve Bank on sound lines. The Assembly has now had that opportunity. The decisions taken by it on Wednesday are none too easy to interpret and might almost be said to have been contradictory. But the decision to omit Clause 8 was, in any case, quite clearly a wrecking amendment and renders any attempt to proceed with the Bill, if not impossible, at any rate, unseemly. This would be true even if both the Government and the House were unanimous in desiring to proceed further. The vote in favour of the omission of Clause 8 is, in fact, very little different in its consequences from a rejection of the principle of the Bill.

GOVERNMENT INTERPRETATION.

Government feel therefore that they must construe the course of events on Wednesday as an indication of an absence of that measure of general support for the Bill among the representatives of public opinion within the Assembly which they think they ought to have behind them in carrying through so important a financial reform. In these circumstances while expressing their gratitude to those who have striven to secure for India the benefits of a Reserve Bank they see no sufficient reason for pressing the Government view further upon the House. They must take it that the House prefers to continue the existing currency system and the existing machinery and methods of control of the Indian currency and credit which, though frequently criticised by some of those who have been most active in opposing this measure, have given a signal proof of their efficiency and value in securing stable monetary conditions for India during the period which has elapsed since the passing of the Currency Act of 1927, and in the absence of a more effective public demand for a change the Government do not propose themselves to take any further steps with a view to the introduction of the reform which the Reserve Bank Bill was designed to bring about.

STATEMENT ON COURSE OF GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.

The Bill is of course still before the House, but in the absence of any easy means by which we can usefully continue our consideration of the remaining clauses, I would suggest you, Sir, that the debate should be adjourned. Should this course be agreed upon I should be glad of an opportunity before you adjourn the House for the day of making a statement in regard to the further course of Government business."—A. P.

AFTER THE STATEMENT.

As soon as Sir Basil Blackett had announced the Government decision Party leaders expressed gratification but put the entire responsibility for this circumstance on the shoulders of Government.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta on behalf of the Congress Party congratulated Government for having realised that the wrong Bill could not be proceeded with. He was glad that Government had also realised that the country did not desire a bill like the one which Government attempted obstinately to foist upon it.

Sir Basil: I have just stated the contrary.

Mr. Mehta: The tactics which Government adopted from the very beginning in regard to this Bill were unedifying. They agreed to a State Bank.

Sir Basil: No.

MR. MEHTA'S SLASHING RETORT.

Mr. Mehta: It is on the record that the Finance Member agreed to proceed with discussion of the old bill as a contribution to the spirit of harmony but after that acceptance of the fundamental principle of State Bank the Finance Member went to the Secretary to State to convert him but returned converted and then the Finance Member proceeded in a manner which history will pronounce to be outrageous. It is not true that the country does not want a Reserve Bank. The country wants a Reserve Bank under national control, but Government would not give that and that is why this legislation has failed. If the Assembly had accepted the Bill in the form Government wanted them, we would have given the British Government a measure for ruthless exploitation of India for at least 25 years more. The obstinacy of the Government has already cost a lot the country, in that there is no real gold standard and there is to be the gold exchange standard with eighteen pence ratio.

VICIOUS SYSTEM OF ADMINISTRATION.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya on behalf of the Nationalist Party endorsed the remarks of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta and pointed out that what the country wanted was that the financial control now being enjoyed by the Secretary of State should not be transferred to the Government of India but to the representatives of the people. The manner in which this tyrannical Government proceeded with the Bill from the State Bank to the Share-holders' Scheme and treated the Assembly was a standing commentary on the vicious system of the administration. He congratulated the Government and the country on the decision not to proceed with the Bill.

Mr. Jinnah reviewed the history of the legislation and said that after consulting the Secretary of State the Finance Member published a brand new scheme, which was fundamentally opposed to the principles of the scheme accepted by the Government and was before the House. Moreovr, Government announced their determination to proceed with the Shareholders' scheme, and it was only after the new bill was not allowed to be introduced that they decided formally to proceed with the old but ultimately to have the new scheme incorporated in the Bill in another place.

Continuing, Mr. Jinnah said "We were not going to pass a shareholders scheme in substitution of a State Bank. I am glad this house has given the only answer that was possible viz. the omission of Clause 8. If it had not been omitted by chance (laughter) it would have been finished perhaps later (applause). On this side we were determined to put an end to that farce at the earliest possible moment. I am glad we have not prolonged the agony through which we were passing."

MR. COCKE'S APOLOGIA.

Mr. Cocke speaking as one who had taken part in the discussions throughout felt that previous speakers had not given an impartial survey of the situation. The Joint Committee had decided in Bombay in favour of a State Bank. Sir Basil Blackett's acceptance of this vote was conditional upon an agreement regarding the directorate which would be acceptable to Government in Simla. They tried to get at the bottom of the problem and find a solution and now the Bill had fallen on the principle of the directorate (Voices: No, no.) No State Bank in the world had a

(Continued on next page.)

CENSURE ON CORPORATION AND ITS EXECUTIVE

RESOLUTION DROPS IN ABSENCE OF MOVER

CRITICISM OF SYSTEM OF BOARDING TRAM-CARS

An adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held on Friday afternoon Dr. S. S. Batliwalla presiding.

The Corporation once again approved of the present system of boarding and leaving the tram cars by the passengers and refused to put on their minutes a resolution of Mr. D. G. Khairaz which was worded in offensive terms. The President ruled out of order the vote of censure resolution on the Schools Committee.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

Mr. Dostmohmed G. Khairaz had given notice to move the following resolution:—

"That the Corporation draw the serious attention of the Municipal Commissioner to the unsatisfactory condition of the City's sanitation, water supply, footpaths, roads; etc. and the consequent great dissatisfaction prevalent amongst the ratepayers and request the Commissioner to inform the Corporation, as to why it is so. The Corporation very much regret that the Municipality, which boasts itself to be the best of its kind in India, should fail so miserably to attend to its primary duties and fail to understand why the ratepayers should be so poorly served taking into consideration the colossal amount that is spent in sanitation, water supply, etc. The Corporation request the Commissioner to take drastic and urgent steps to attend to the ratepayers' needs and keep the City scrupulously clean and thereby remove the stigma on the Corporation of being, a worthless, despicable, utterly indifferent an selfish body.' Thoroughness, promptitude and courtesy should be the aim of the Municipal executive in the discharge of its bounden duties."

The President called upon Mr. Dostmohmed to move his resolution but seeing him absent he declared that the proposition dropped. Mr. V. N. Chandavarker pointed out that the resolution was worded in offensive terms and should not be entered in the minutes of the meeting. He particularly referred to the words "remove the stigma on the Corporation of being a worthless, despicable, utterly indifferent and selfish body."

The President having granted the permission Mr. Chandavarker moved that the resolution should not be entered in the minutes.

Mr. M. A. Dabholker seconded the proposition which was carried.

BOARDING AND LEAVING TRAMCARS.

The Corporation then considered the report of the Tramways and Telephone Committee held on the 17th of November 1927.

Mr. Vithaldas D. Govindji moved that the proceedings be confirmed.

Mr. J. B. Boman Behram moved an amendment that the recommendation of the Committee to continue the present system of boarding and leaving the tram cars may not be retained as it did not tend to the safety of the public and therefore an experiment be made for one year to allow the passengers to leave the tram cars from the rear and board the cars from the front.

Dr. M. F. Bisni seconded the amendment and giving his personal experience as a motorist said the present system of leaving the tram cars from the front was very dangerous. The motor driver he said, could not see the passengers getting down and it became too late for him to pull up to avert an accident when he had reached half way of the tram car.

The Commissioner, also speaking as a motorist, expressed his satisfaction at the present system. As a result of experience of some years he said that the Tramways Company had introduced the present system and they had recommended it as safer than any other system.

Mr. V. N. Chandavarker supported the amendment and said it was the opinion of well known motorists of America and Europe that the present system of the passengers leaving the tram cars from fro was very dangerous and the worst in the world.

The amendment was thrown off and the original proposition was agreed to.

The vote of censure against the Schools Committee was then moved by Mr. Balubhai T. Desai.

CENSURE ON SCHOOLS COMMITTEE.

"That in view of the disputes and other scandals occurring in the Schools Committee, this Corporation no longer has confidence in that body and calls upon its representatives on the Committee to resign in order that a new election may take place for all the Corporation's representatives.'

The President ruled Mr. Desai out of order as only a month ago the Corporation had elected four members on the Schools Committee and it was too early for the Corporation to pass a vote of censure against them.

The Corporation then adjourned till Monday.

'TANTAMOUNT TO MARTIAL LAW

MADRAS BAN ON BOYCOTT PROPAGANDA

MADRAS, Feb. 10.

Whether a Magistrate acting under Sec. 144 can usurp the power of proclaiming Martial Law is a point raised by a special article in the Press, contesting the validity of the recent order passed against the public, prohibiting them from attending meetings, engaging as volunteers or distributing leaflets, etc.

It is held that the order in its present form is tantamount to a proclamation of Martial Law. According to Section 144 Criminal Procedure Code, it is pointed out that a Magistrate has got power only to pass order as against a specified person or against persons visiting a particular place but an order as promulgated by the Chief Presidency Magistrate prohibits from frequenting all public places. Such an order is, it is contended, beyond the powers of a Magistrate and a case of law is also cited in favour of such an opinion. Further, it is contended that such an order is ludicruous. For instance, the order says that no persons should distribute or receive leaflets relating to the Simon Commission Boycott. The absurdity of the order is brought out as a person can know only after he has received that leaflet, which relates to the boycott. According to this order for one month more no person ought to receive any notice as if it happens to be the boycott notice, he will come under the purview of the Section promulgated.—Free Press.

ECHO OF HARTAL "RIOTS"

MADRAS, Feb. 10.

An echo of the hartal day riots in Madras was heard in the George Town Police Court to-day when Sub-Inspector Safdar Hussain of the Law College Police Station filed charges against nine persons for alleged rioting with deadly weapons, causing hurt, and obstructing police officers on duty.—A. P.

"CHLORAL HYDRATE IN SLEEPING DRAUGHT"

ALLEGATION AGAINST ASSISTANT SURGEON

MADRAS, Feb. 10.

A prosecution was launched to-day by the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Mr. Ramanuja Aiyengar, against Dr. T. K. Raman, Assistant Surgeon, General Hospital under section 304 (A) for causing death by a rash and negligent act.

The prosecution story is that Abdul Gaffoor a syce in the employ of H. E. H. the Nizam was admitted into the General Hospital on January 16th for pneumonia. On next day, it is alleged, Dr. Raman prescribed in a sleeping draught ninety grains of chloral hydrate and when the mistake was pointed out to him it is further alleged he took no notice and caused it to be administered to the patient who died shortly afterwards.

The case has been posted to the 24th for hearing.—A. P.

MADRAS HARTAL CASE

SUB-INSPECTORS EVIDENCE

MADRAS, Feb. 10.

The first witness to be examined by the Second Presidency Magistrate in the hartal rioting case was Safdar Hussain, Sub-Inspector, who said many shops were open in Broadway and Esplanade on the day in question, Messrs. Harrison being one of them. The proprietor of Harrison's decline to suspend business whereupon the rioters smashed the flower pots opposite the hotel. Further hearing of the case was adjourned to the 21st instant.

One of the accused in the case, a student of the Christian College, was released on bail.—A. P.

CAUSING OF HARTALS.

ACADEMIC DISCUSSION IN CALCUTTA PARLIAMENT

CALCUTTA, Feb. 10.

By an overwhelming majority, the Calcutta Parliament, Mr. A. H. Watson presiding, rejected the motion of Mr. N. N. Sircar, late last night, that causing or procuring hartal from any motive whatsoever is illegal. Mr. Sirkar said that he was concerned only with the legal aspect of hartal, and said that the cessation of work was breach of contract. Citing the legal cases, he referred to the General Strike of 1926 and Sir John Simon's statement thereon.

Mr. Sarat C. Bose opposing said that he would have expected persons who had recently come out with suggestions of prosecutions mingled with veiled threats in the Press, who had taken upon themselves the duty of advising people and possibly Government as to the illegality of the hartal to have the courage to ask the House and pronounce a verdict once for all that the hartal would lead to disunion and enmity between the different classes and races inhabiting this country, and that it would lead to anarchy. Mr. Bose said that Mr. Sirkar had omitted to explain the meaning of hartal. Hartal meant peace, non-interference with other people's business. Hartal was a mental attitude and therefore it could not be criminal.

Mr. Langford James supporting the motion said that Mr. Bose had confused strike with hartal. Mr. C. C. Bose supported while Mr. P. K. Thakurnath and

Darbar Shri Ravatwala Saheb of Bhilkha who was installed to the gadi recently by the Political Agent, Western Kathiawar Agency.
—Photo by P. M. Joshi, Rajkot.

N. L. Chatterjee opposed the motion.—Free Press.

14 BOYS MADE OVER TO POLICE

CALCUTTA, Feb. 8.

Among those arrested on the hartal day for alleged stone-throwing at the tramcars in South Calcutta, 14 boys were to-day warned and discharged in the Alipore Police Courts for contradictory versions of the two prosecution witnesses. One Sikh was acquitted. Two other accused were fined Rs. 5 and Rs. 2 respectively or detention till the rising of the Court.

At Jorabagan, 3 were discharged, one fined Rs. 2 or detained till the rising of the Court. A law student, who was sent up, stated that while he was going to order a gown for the ensuing Convocation, he was charged by one of the soldiers and another at the point of the bayonet and at last handed over to the police. He was acquitted.—Free Press.

SOCIAL BOYCOTT OF SIMON SEVEN

PANDIT MOTILAL'S DISAGREEMENT WITH CONGRESS RESOLUTION

To the Editor of The *Chronicle*.

Sir,—I was extremely pleased to read Pandit Motilal's interview, you have published in your paper to-day. Pandit Motilal is one of our foremost clear-headed politicians and his stay in Europe and his brief visit to Russia have evidently helped him to become still more clear-headed, so as to claim the leadership even of the youth, pulsating with the vigour of new life. His approval of the independence resolution and his recommendation to associate with the League against Imperialism are a very clear indication of his capacity to move with the times and all honour to the Pandit for the same.

There was never any doubt as to whether he would be in favour of the boycott and hartal propaganda. Pandit Motilal with his characteristic loyalty to the Congress also says that he would "abide by the Congress Resolutions whatever they are", though he wants time to express his personal opinions on them. This is a legitimate demand for the venerable Pandit to make. He has expressed himself against a social boycott of the Simon Seven, one reason of his doing so being that he has already freely accepted the hospitality of Sir John. When Panditji says, "it must be a very feeble political faith which can be shaken by resorting to ordinary social amenities of life," it must be observed that it is undoubtedly true, but only in the case of a Gandhi or a Motilal and not all and sundry. Perhaps, considering human frailty it is, that the Madras Congress itself has very clearly laid down in clause (B) in the boycott resolution that it called upon "the members of the Indian Legislatures and leaders of political parties and communities of India and all others not to give evidence before the Commission, nor co-operate with it in any manner, public or private, nor attend or participate in any social functions given to them." I hope, Pandit Motilal will duly note this, whatever his personal view may be.—Yours etc.

A BOMBAY YOUTH.

Feb. 7.

FOR UNITED ACTION

MR JAYAKAR ON RESPONSIVIST ATTITUDE

REPLY TO ALLEGATIONS

(From "Chronicle" Delhi Edition.)

Mr. Jayakar in a press statement says: "I have read Lala Lajpat Rai's interview as reported in yesterday's papers. I am thankful to him for his kind sentiments about me and for clearing up the Responsivists position in relation to the Simon Commission. It needed to be put once more before the country by a person of his eminence in the public life. As I said a few days ago I gave notice of my resolution as embodying the Responsivist view. In the situation which has now arisen in the country it is the privilege of even the humblest citizen to put his views before his country for their consideration. My resolution suggested what we thought was a possible line of exploration to a solution. Several views in this behalf were before the country's representatives collected together in the Legislative Assembly. The Responsivists thought that it would be right to have their views also before the legislature. They never intended to make a fetish of their opinions nor even to allow their resolution to stand in the way of united action. If the bulk of the educated opinion in India rejects their view then it will have to go and the Responsivists will then have no grievance. The idea was that their view should be considered along with several others and a possible line of united action devised to achieve the common end.

"A WICKED CALUMNY."

To suggest, what has been done in certain well-known quarters, that I had sent in my resolution from ulterior motives is a wicked calumny. I now see from the

Mr. H. N. Venn, Commissioner of Immigration and Asiatic Affairs of the Union of South Africa who arrived in India last week.
—Photo by P. P. A.

mornings papers that my dear old friend, Mr. Satyamurti, has joined my assilants and has thundered from Madras denouncing me and my opinions to the public of Bombay. Madras is not big enough for his vapourings so he must now turn his attention to Bombay. Really my friend is very ambitious. May I make him a present of a little book called "The Mirror of the Year" published in Madras a few days ago. I assure him that it will prove refreshing reading about the antics of certain political mountebanks in Madras. I do not wish to say hard things of my friend Mr. Satyamurti for I am sure he does not wish to be taken seriously when he says hard things of me. I have no doubt that when he meets me next in Bombay he will cheerfully apologise for them all and say they were only meant to be a momentary pose, one of those admirable devices he has in his sole possession for creating noise.

FRENCH FINANCIAL POLICY

VOTE OF CONFIDENCE PASSED

LONDON, Feb. 9.

Paris.—The Chamber passed a vote of confidence in Government by 370 votes to 120 on the conclusion of the debate on the financial policy.—Reuter.

WOMEN AND TRADE UNION MOVEMENT.

MRS. THURTLE ADVISES INDIAN WOMEN TO JOIN.

FIGHT FOR "EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK"

What part the women workers of Great Britain play in the Trade Union movement of that country, was described in an exclusive interview to a special representative of the "Chronicle" by Mrs. Thurtle, a British Trade Unionist of great national repute, who with her husband Mr. Earnest Thurtle, M.P., arrived in Bombay on Monday last, on a short visit to India. Mrs. Thurtle, it is well worth noting, is the daughter of Mr. Lansbury, the Chairman of the British Parliamentary Labour Party. She is an active member of the National Union of Distributive and Allied Workers and takes keen interest in the spread of trade unionism all over the world.

WOMEN AND TRADE-UNIONISM

It was not till the days of the Great War, Mrs. Thurtle told our representative, that the women workers in Great Britain took any active and lively interest in the Trade Union movement. Since the War, of course, they had taken to Trade-unionism in right earnest and at the present time there were very few women workers who had not enrolled themselves as members of some union or another. According to Mrs. Thurtle, there are at present three kinds of unions for women workers in Great Britain. A majority of them are mixed unions like the National Union of Distributive and Allied Workers of which she is a member, in which the workers, both men and women, participate on equal terms. There are several other unions which have got separate women's sections. The Political Labour Party of Great Britain has also got a women's section for the last several years.

There is one more kind of union, which has come into existence very lately, but which is not so very popular with a majority of British public. A union belonging to this latter kind, does not represent any trade. To take a concrete example, the wives of railway workers in England have formed themselves into a "guild" mainly with a view to back up their husbands when the latter are on strike. These women think that it is their duty to help their husbands, in an organised manner, when they are in need of such a help. There are acute differences of opinion in British Labour circles as to the advisability of the "guilds" of this kind. The more popular idea seems to be that women should devote their energies to the women's section of the Political Labour Party. Mrs. Thurtle humorously remarked that at first men in Great Britain tried their utmost to keep women out of the Trade Union movement, but now the times were changed and men had come forward to support wholeheartedly the participation of women in the Trade Union movement on equal terms.

EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK.

"Equal pay for equal work" is according to Mrs. Thurtle, a sufficient safeguard for women workers in Great Britain, who have joined the trade union movement. She informed our representative that the scale of wages in Great Britain was just the same for men and women workers alike. The only exception to this rule was the teaching profession in which, in most cases, women teachers were paid less than men teachers. Mrs. Thurstle is opposed to this kind of exception in the teaching profession. She believes that women teachers in a majority of cases, are as smart as men-teachers in their profession; and if this policy of lower wages for women is continued in future, a time may come when women will sweep the teaching profession and "undercut" men. "The National Union of Women Teachers", however, stands for equal pay; and is fighting for that end. It is Mrs. Thurtle's honest conviction that there is no justification of women in industry unless they stand for a high standard of life. Her advice to Indian women workers is that they must join the Trades Union movement and take their natural and right place in the social and industrial uplift of their country.

Mrs. Thurtle left for Delhi with her husband on Thursday last.

BIRKEDHEAD DISREGARDS CONVENTION

(Continued from previous page.)

representation of the legislature, while this house had insisted that it would not have a bank unless some members of the legislature were appointed on the directorate. The adherence of the Government to the principle of exclusion of members of the legislature had the support of commercial opinion throughout the country. "We have broken on that principle and the Bill is dead. Whether in future a Finance Member will agree to bring forward a measure on this principle I do not know but I hope I shall not be here when that situation arises."

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta: Let us hope so.

Lala Lajpat said that the lesson that Government should take to heart was that whenever it tried to force down the country's throat any measure with the support of official, nominated and European votes it would meet solid national opposition (Hear, hear). Mr. Cocke represented commercial opinion whose interests were in conflict with the interests of India. "What we want in the Bank is control by representatives of the people."

Sir Walter Wilson: Political influence.

Lala Lajpat Rai: Are you not here enjoying the fruits of the political domination of the country? Is not Government political?

Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar. We are patriots; they are politicians.

Mr. Shanmukham Chetty also joined in what he called the funeral orations. It was not true that the house did not want a Reserve Bank, but it had put an end to a huge farce that was being enacted. He emphasised that the Finance Member had unequivocally agreed to a State Bank provided that they came to some settlement on an acceptable basis.

STATE SECRETARY DISREGARDS CONVENTION.

Mr. Joshi said that the Joint Parliamentary Committee that considered the Government of India Act in 1918 recommended the establishment of a convention that where the Government of India and the legislature agreed on a financial measure the Secretary should not intervene. This convention had been announced in the Assembly several times. In the present case the Secretary of State broke the negotiations in disregard of the convention.

Sir Basil Backett said that the story of the Bill was not a happy one and the result had not been satisfactory to any. Everyone had been accused for the Bill's failure. It was said that the Government of India and the Secretary of State were to be blamed but he (the Finance Member) did not want to say who was to be blamed. Mr. Jinnah: Hear, Hear). But the result was that the attempt to introduce an important reform had failed, and one of the reasons for the failure was that the Assembly wanted to take the place of the executive.

Mr. Fazal Rahimtullah said that the House and the country wanted a Reserve Bank Bill but not of the character of the one which was being thrust upon them. The speaker concluded by saying that the attitude of the Finance Member throughout the discussion on this Bill had been one of "either you accept my decision or you have no Bill."

PRESIDENT HEAVES SIGH OF RELIEF.

President Patel congratulated both the Government and the Opposition, the former for the decision to drop the Bill altogether and the latter for the sigh of relief on their part thus leaving the Chair free from further trouble in this connection. (Laughter). In view of the unanimous decision he did not propose to put further clauses of the Bill.

Mr. Jinnah said that if Government wished to have the motion adjourned they must make a formal motion and non-officials would express nothing.

President: The Bill is now in the hands of the Chair, and unless some one moves for an adjournment 'sine die'. I am prepared to go on with the Bill and put each clause.

Mr. Kabiruddin Ahmed amidst laughter moved for adjournment "sine die."

The motion was agreed to.

In view of the adjournment Sir Basil Blackett announced the course of business for the next week.

MONDAY'S AGENDA.

On Monday, the Indian Mines Bill would be referred to a Select Committee, on Tuesday the Hindu Family Transactions Bill would be taken up, on Wednesday the Auxiliary and Territorial Force Bill would be taken into consideration and on Thursday non-official resolutions would be discussed.

The Swarajist members then withdrew from the House.

On the motion of Sir George Rainy the Bill amending the Indian Merchant Shipping Act was referred to a Select Committee consisting of Mr. Neogy, Dr. Moonje, Seth Jamnadas, Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Mr. Haji; Mr. Abdul Maye, Sir Walter Willson, Mr. Anwarul Azim, Mr. Couper, Sir George Rainy; Haji Abdullah Haroon Jaffer and Mr. B. Das.

The name of Sir Walter Willson was added to the Select Committee on the Bill amending the Negotiable Instrument Act and the House adjourned till Monday.—A. P.

KATHIAWAR NOTES.

APPEAL AGAINST KANTHADWALLA ESTATE DECISION?

THEFT IN RAJKOT STATE PALACE.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
RAJKOT, Feb. 3.

Only recently, in the matter of the Kanthadwalla Estate, the succession having been decided by primogeniture the estate was handed over to Darbar Ravat Vala by Mr. Gibson, the Political Agent in the Western Kathiawar Agency. I now hear from a reliable source that some of the opponents of the Darbar—his own relatives—have collected a sum of Rs. 35,000 and are soon going to file an appeal against the decision. This is a foolish effort foredoomed to be a failure.

THE BANQUET BILLS.

Who is going to foot the bills for the Rajkot banquet in honour of His Excellency's visit to Kathiawar—and when? In those "old" days when the Kathiawar Princes adorned the Provincial rather than the Imperial Capital, invitations on such occasions were issued in the name of the "Ruling Chiefs of Kathiawar." This time they were issued in the name of the "Ruling Chiefs of the Western India." Now, the Princes, without the Province of Kathiawar, seem reluctant to accept this new custom and pay their share. And the bills are therefore pending!

CUTCH BETROTHAL.

The eldest daughter of the heir-apparent of Cutch has been betrothed to the Prince of Sunth. Sunth-Rampur is a second-class State in the Rewa-Kantha Agency, in the Bombay Presidency. Its Rulers belong to the Parmar caste of Rajputs who originally came from Malwa. The marriage will probably be celebrated in April next. The betrothal of K. S. Madansinhji, the son of the Yuveraj, is also likely to be announced soon.

RAJKOT NEWS.

Some bold thieves are busy at Rajkot. Two astounding thefts have been committed, one in the State Palace, the other in the "Gadikhana." Gold and silver utensils valued at Rs. 5,000 have been stolen from the Palace, whilst the "Gadikhana" has been relieved of 110 yards of carriage tyres. Vigorous efforts are being made to trace the culprits.

As a new Manager of the Rajkot State Mills, a gentleman of 22 years' experience has been appointed on a salary of Rs. 140 per month.

The City Fouzdar, Mr. Devji, is dead.

B. B. AND C. I. RY'S PUNJAB EXPRES

Unpunctuality on railways is a thing of abhorrence to the travelling public, and it may be of interest to place on record the performance of the fastest train in India —"The P. and O. Punjab Express"—since her inaugural run on October 7th, 1927.

It is a comparatively simple matter to place a new fast schedule on a railway, but to maintain that schedule—and even to improve upon it when there are delays due to Mails at the starting station—as the B. B. and C. I. Railway have been doing consistently, is no mean achievement.

The performance of this train is of particular interest to people at Delhi, Lahore, Peshawar, and intermediate stations, as she brings them their Mails from England and ensures delivery a day earlier in most cases, than has previously been possible.

A comparison of the times taken by this Express during the four months from October 7th to February 3rd, shows that the shortest time in which the journey between Bombay and Delhi was performed was 23 hours and 30 minutes on the 3rd instant and the longest time taken was 23 hours 51 minutes on December 16th last.

WHAT IS YOUR BIRTHDAY?

TO-DAY'S FORECAST.

(By KAM, Chela of Himalayan Joshimaharaj Joothabhai Labaddas).

SIGN OF ZODIAC: AQUARIUS.

If to-day is your birthday, you are painstaking and persevering often against heart-rending odds (including those of the living "heart-renders"). However humble your genealogical tree may be, you are bound to cut a good figure in this world, without cutting the purses or the throats of the innocents, as is the case with many alleged big persons. Mr. J. D. Rockfeller, richer than Croesus of old, was just like you (and also me, but I maintain my 'status quo' through lack of the above qualities), but his keen business sense, adaptability and activities soon made him a man to be reckoned with. In his early career he sifted good beans from bad ones, better ones from good ones, and sold the selected lots at considerable profits which he utilised in fetching more profits, and so "ad inf." He then dabbled in oil business, and succeeded though in his time the oil of Western Asia was fortunately seldom or perhaps not known at all. In the same way you will mint money apparently from trifles, say children's play-things, baubles, whether of clay, or Paris or London plaster, iron, paper or rubber. After making these articles you have the great knack of selling them by drawing attention of loving parents in some such words "ajab chiz hae, bacha bhi khele, bachaka bap bhi khele, bacheki ma bhi khele": that is, it is such a marvel that "a child would play with it, even the father of the child may toy with it, and (speaking with a sinister smile on your face) even the mother of the child may play with it!!" —which statement will be hailed with delight and giggles from the crowds in the streets or fairs, and you will be able to sell out your entire stock like hot potatoes—I mean hot cakes. How are the really mighty risen—in this honest intelligent way only!

TREATIES OF ARBITRATION

MOVE OF U. S. IN NEGOTIATIONS

LONDON, Feb. 9.

Washington.—Definite steps for negotiation of the Anglo-American and Japo-American Treaties of Arbitration have been taken by the State Department forwarding to Britain and Japan copies of the original proposed draft of the Franco-American Treaty as the basis of discussion. Copies have also been despatched to the other Governments which asked for them including Germany but merely as a a matter of information, as the negotiations with Britain and Japan are at present most important owing to the early expiry of the Root Arbitration Treaties with them.—Reuter.

NORWEGIAN CABINET CENSURED

LONDON, Feb. 8.

Oslo.—The Norwegian Parliament by 86 votes to 63 carried a radical vote of censure against Government which is consequently resigning on the 10th inst.—Reuter.

ANNUAL MARKET CONDITIONS

MESSRS. PREMCHAND ROYCHANDS' REVIEW

Messrs. Premchand Roychand and Sons, Shares, Bullion and Financial Prokers, have sent us a copy of their usual "Annual Market Review 1927." This booklet begins with an account of the economic conditions of various countries during the past year. The analysis goes to prove that there was substantial betterment during the year in America and Europe. In Great Britain all-round improvement was amply borne out by British Overseas Trade figures. Conditions in some parts of Asia were far from satisfactory. Japan passed through a financial crisis and China suffered from the effects of the repeated outbreaks of civil war. In India, conditions during the early months of the year were not particularly promising. The monsoon was exceptionally good but considerable damage was caused by floods in certain districts. Promises of large crops were realized to some extent but lowered commodity prices in other parts of the world destroyed much of the benefit.

The review contains a detailed discussion about the proposed Reserve Bank and Exchange Ratio, and although the popular opinion differs from that of the authors of this booklet, they have tried to meet according to their light every argument against their views.

The carefully prepared history of Money, Gold, Silver and Share Markets should be read with profit by those who are interested in these lines. There is a tone of robust optimism throughout the book, which is characteristic of the firm.

The authors, however, have traversed on quite a delicate ground in alluding to the boycott of the Simon Commission and its effects upon the trade and commerce of this country. They hold that the issue of the Statutory Commission is not confined to politics alone but also extends to industrial and economic conditions. They have incidentally sounded a note of warning to the commercial community in asking that community not to underestimate the far-reaching implications of the boycott of the Commission. The arguments they advance are far from convincing.

The review will no doubt be read with great benefit by people interested in industrial and economic development of this country.

CABLE ITEMS

Libson.—Airman Carlos Bleck started oo Melilla, Morocco on the first stage of flight to India.

Thionville (France).—Twelve persons were killed and thirty-four injured in a collison between an ordinary tramcar and some heavy tramway carriages which broke loose at a level-crossing near here.—Reuter.

HINDU MAHASABHA & UNITY RESOLUTION

DR. MOONJE'S PSYCHO-ANALYSIS

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

Interviewed by me as to the meaning and intention of the resolution passed by the All-India Hindu Sabha, Dr. Moonje said:—

The Hindu Mahasabha is the body most directly concerned on the one hand as the Muslim league is on the other, in respect of the resolution adopted by the last Madras session of the Congress on the Muslim proposals regarding the separation of Sind and introduction of Reforms in North West Frontier and Baluchistan Provinces. I am glad, being a Hindu myself, and I congratulate the Hindu Mahasabha most sincerely and heartily that it has definitely stood out and given a bold lead to the country, and to the Hindus particularly, towards genuine nationalism as against the sordid communalism which seems at present, owing to a fortuitous circumstances, to be meeting with purposeful connivance and even encouragement. It is painful to note that the Congress by adopting the resolution has strayed away from its dignified position of genuine nationalism to placate Muslims, and yet the irony of fate is that it is the Muslims who are first to repudiate the resolution immediately after the close of the Congress. The Hindu Mahasabha has given its most careful consideration to the whole matter and finds itself unable to accept the Congress resolution in respect of the Muslim demands for separation of Sind etc. There is, however, a fundamental difference in the reasons for and the manner of its rejection by the Muslims and by the Hindus due, of course, to their respective temparaments. The Muslims cannot accept the resolution because it does not satisfy their communal ambitions; the Hindus cannot bless it because it goes directly against their innate nationalism. The Muslim definitely knows his own mind and has courage to demand definitely, and even aggressively, what he wants. The language, tone and manner of the Muslim repudiation is emphatic and aggressive even to the extent of giving it an appearance of an ultimatum. The Hindu repudiation, however, is mild, meek and is couched in a language calculated to avoid giving offence to the Muslims or to the Congress. But the most fortunate part of it is, and it is on this that I congratulate the Hindu Mahasabha from the bottom of my heart, that its repudiation is thorough and what is more is entirely conceived in the finest aspect of true nationalism.

In short the Hindu Mahasabha stands for nationalism and abhors theimportation of communalism in the administration of the country. I appeal to all Hindus to stand firmly by the Hindu Sabha in its able efforts to evolve a nation in India.

BRITISH COMMUNITY AND INDIAN REFORMS

MR. C. B. CHARTERS ON BOYCOTT MOVEMENT

CALCUTTA, Feb. 8.

"I cannot but feel that this boycott of the Simon Commission which was started as never to try and force the British Parliament to change its decision with regard to the Commission is now being continued as the rallying ground of negative action for which it is always much more easy to secure unity in India than for constructive proposals" said Mr. C. B. Charters, the retiring President, at the annual meeting of the European Association of India to-night.

Referring to the announcement made by Sir John Simon in his letter to the Viceroy Mr. Charters said: "I venture to think that those arrangements give to the members of the Indian Legislatures, both Central and Provincial, a much bigger share in the enquiry than any of us anticipated, and far more power than India could have got with any form of mixed commission, because the Indian Joint Committee will be able to submit its own report along with that of the Royal Commission to the King-Emperor."

BRITISH COMMUNITY'S PART IN THE ENQUIRY.

In this enquiry, continued Mr. Charters, which was to shape the destiny of India, the British community was to take a part commensurate with the importance of its position in this country and it must prepare itself very thoroughly for the task. "I think," he said, "that we as an Association can be most useful if we direct our efforts to helping to evolve the form of representative Government suitable to the very different conditions of India instead of confining ourselves merely to criticism."

Mr. Charters concluded by saying: "If we as a community wish to look after our interests in this country and see the country develop on sound lines giving fair opportunity to our legitimate interests, we must be prepared to organise ourselves politically to pull the maximum weight possible with the seats allotted to us.—A. P.

RECONSTRUCTION OF AFGHANISTAN.

TRIBUTE TO KING AMANULLAH IN BELGIUM.

LONDON, Feb. 9.

Brussels.—The King and Queen of Afghasistan accompanied by King and Queen of Belgium and the Royal Princes were received at the Hotel De Ville by Burgomaster Max, who, welcoming King Amanullah, paid a tribute to him for his role in the work of reconstruction of Afghanistan. Subsequently they attended a luncheon at which ninety guests were present.—Reuter.

VISIT TO MILITARY SCHOOL AT EVERS.

HONORARY AFGHAN CONSULATES

LONDON, Feb. 9.

Brussels.—The King and Queen of Afghanistan visited the aerodrome and Military School at Evers. In the evening, they were entertained at a dinner by the Foreign Minister. Members of the Belgian Royal Family were present.

COMMERCIAL MISSION FROM KABUL.

It is understood that a commercial mission is leaving Kabul on the 1st March and will visit Russia, Germany, France and Belgium. It is proposed to create Honorary Afghan Consulates in Belgium.—Reuter.

RUBBER RESTRICTION SCHEME.

PREMIER'S STATEMENT IN COMMON

LONDON, Feb. 9.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Frank Nelson drew attention to the slump in price of rubber as a result of the announcement of inquiry into the Restriction scheme and asked the Premier to take steps to expedite the inquiry. Mr. Baldwin emphasised that the Committee must obtain considerable information before they reported to Government. Subject to that, he gave the assurance that no time would be lost. He asked notice of the question whether evidence would be taken in Malaya.

Sir William Lane Mitchell declared that the uncertainty caused by the announcement had cost the Mincinglane market a loss of 23 sterling per ton. He asked whether the present regulation were likely to continue for the next twelve months.

Mr. Baldwin said the question should be addressed to the Colonial Office.—Reuter's Special.

MAHARASHTRA P. C. C.

FIVE FOLD PROGRAMME OF WORK OUTLINED

POONA CITY, Feb. 10.

A public meeting was held yesterday evening in the Shivaji Mandir to explain the future programme of work outlined by the Provincial Congress Committee.

Mr. J. S. Karandikar, the President and Messrs. Divekar, Ketkar, Gokhale, Bhopatkar and Kutubudin Roky in their speeches urged boycott of foreign cloth, refusal to pay increased land assessment, the starting of volunteer corps and youth leagues, stopping the export of raw materials and the revival of Swadeshi industries, and the carrying on of propaganda to prepare the country from now to refuse all help in the event of another war.—A. P.

ALLEGED DEFALCATION OF TWO LAKHS

INQUIRY CARRIED ON IN SECRECY

A defalcation to the extent of Rs. twwo lakhs in the Bombay Customs office has engaged the attention of the Bombay city police and the custom's authorities.

It is reported that the chief culprit is an Indian importing agent who is at large who drew from the "draw back" department various times refunds to the extent of Rs. two lakhs at the contirance of certain officials of the Customs office. As several persons are involved the enquiry is conducted in great secrecy.

A JAIN PROTEST

The Lower Parel Cutchi Jain Residents Association has strongly condemned the action of the Cutch State Officers in arresting six Bania Gentlemen of Gundalla, and have prayed to H. H. The Maharaja of Cutch and His Highness' Officers to release them so as to establish peace among His Highness' subject.

Sir John Simon and Lady Burnham met a large number of Indian ladies at an At Home given by Mrs. Graham, wife of the Legislative Secretary, on Thursday.

Lord and Lady Dunedin arrived at Government House, Bombay, on Thursday.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay attended District Grand Lodge at the Freemasons Hall on Thursday.

INDORE NOTES.

COSTLY INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT.

DIRECTOR GETTING HIGHER SALARY THAN DEWAN.

(From Our Correspondent.)
INDORE, Feb. 7.

The other day I read an advertisement of Bombay Government inviting applications for a Director of Industries on a salary of Rs. 1,800 per mensem. Bombay Presidency has an extensive trade and industry compared to Indore. The appointments in the British provinces carry very high salaries; and yet the Director's remuneration will be only Rs. 1,800, where as the European Director, Mr. Pailleret, is paid at Indore Rs. 3,000 plus fat allowances and free quarters. I have already pointed out how industrial concerns have collapsed during this European officer's regime of the Directorate. It is scandalous to keep a European at the head of Indian industries and at a salary which is Rs. 1,000 more than the Diwan's salary. The British Government are supervising the Minority Administration. Are they indifferent because Mr. Pailleret is an European? The Industry and Commerce Department has highly paid officers exceeding the clerical staff. Competent and local men like Mr. Y. V. Shevede with American engineering qualifications, are left to rot without any promotion. It is high time the A. G. G. looked in to this Department and applied the axe. Will Lord Irwin ask the A. G. G. to appoint a Committee to enquire how far the Industry and Commerce Department of Indore State under its present European head has benefited the State?

THE REVENUE MINISTER.

The appointment of Mr. K. G. Reshimvale to the post of Revenue Minister during his brother Sirdar Reshimvale's leave has given general satisfaction here. Indorians only hope that when the period of confirmation arises any outsider may not jump into this high post. There are strong rumours in the city that the present arrangement is only temporary. As soon as the leave of Sirdar Reshimvale expires they say a pensioner from the British service will be appointed to this Revenue Ministership. I sincerely hope the A. G. G. will see that there is justice and fairplay in confering higher posts.

Great discontent at present prevails among the students of the Shivajirao College of Indore State. The Principal has awarded the general proficiency medal to a student setting aside it is allaged the claims of the best boy in the college.

Mr. A. B. Acharekar, the Finance Member of Kolhapur State, was again here last week. The Kolhapur durbar in appreciation of Mr. Acharekar's services in Dewas Heir apparent's matter, gave him promotion. Mr. M. N. Jagadale the Assistant Household officer of Indore State, who was also helpful in the above affair to the Kolhapur State, was I am informed, awarded by the Chatripati Maharaja a costly motor car and a pair of expensive rifles.

PRIMARY EDUCATION FOR GIRLS.

DONATIONS AT WOMEN'S CONFERENCE

NEW DELHI, Feb. 9.

Lady Irwin was a distinguished visitor at to-day's session of the All-India Women's Conference which, among other things, resolved on compulsory primary education for girls and started a central fund for which Rs. 30,000 were collected on the spot, the Begum of Bhopal alone giving Rs. 5,000.—A.P.

SLUMP IN RUBBER MARKET

LONDON, Feb. 9.

There was a slump in rubber in the commodity market to-day, consequent on the appointment of a committee to consider the effects of Stevenson export restriction scheme. The price opened at 16-3/4d., the lowest since March, compared with 18d. last evening, before the Committee was announced.—Reuter's Special.

FINED FOR OPENING CAFE ON SABBATH DAY

JAFFA COURT'S JUDGMENT

LONDON, Feb. 10.

Jerusalem.—The District Court of Jaffa has delivered judgment in an important case affecting the Palestinian Jewish autonomy in Jerusalem and has reversed the judgment of Telaviv Court, based on Telviv byelaw, which was confirmed by the High Commissioner, fining a Jewish cafe proprietor, for opening the cafe on the Sabbath Day. The Jaffa Court decided that the bye-law conflicted with the mandate which forbids discrimination on religious grounds.

The Jewish authorities intend to appeal, as they attach grave significance to the decision.—Reuter.

HHHHH WEEK

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The Opening Speech of H. E. the Governor of Bombay was amplified so that all throughout the Exhibition Grounds heard, by means of a Graham Amplion Public Speech and Band Repeater Equipment installed by us which is daily amplifying the music of the Band. This is the apparatus which has served so many great public functions at home and abroad.

A Burndept Ethophone—Four Wireless Receiver installed by us in the Rio Club is producing by means of Amplion Loud Speakers the programmes of the Bombay Chamber Orchestra, Jimmie Little's Filipino Dance Orchestra, and other items of interest from the Bombay Broadcasting Station.

The Burndept Auto-Broadcast System is in evidence in the Model Hospital, in which we have installed a bedside headphone set. No installation too small or too large for us to undertake.

Do not miss Stall No. 5 in the Wireless Section of the English Village. You will find a visit to it worth while. See there the latest Short Wave Receivers, notably the McMichael Short and Long Wave Receiver, which brings the programmes of Foreign Broadcasting Stations within the reach of all, at a moderate cost.

INDIAN STATES & EASTERN AGENCY LTD.,
Pioneers of Wireless in India and Sole Agents for some of the World's Leading Manufacturers of Wireless Apparatus.
P.O. Box 371 BOMBAY.
P.O. Box 2213 CALCUTTA.
P.O. Box. 231 KARACHI
Stall No. 5, English Village.

WONDERS OF PSYCHIC POWER

and miracles of Astrology by the Unrivalled Astrologer of the East. Bharati Bhushan Prof. PRAKASARAO, Premier Astrologer of India who has nearly 100000 clients living in India, America, Europe and Africa, etc. and author of several books on Astrology.

Full Annual Life Reading of amazing accuracy with a wonderful delineation of life and character Re. 1. Five years' Life Reading Rs. 2-8-0. Postage extra. State time and date of birth or note the time of writing the letter.

Mr. Bhimji K. Chotai, Sub-Engineer, P. W. D. Sub-Divisional Officer, (Kathiawar) Una, writes on 20-10-1926:—"I have tried many Astrologers both native and Europeans but I have found your work as the best of all." Apply to:—
KALLINGA ASTROLOGICAL BUREAU, Vizianagram City.

An Appeal to Charitably Disposed Gentlemen for Help to
Hindu Anath Ashram, Nadiad.
(An Ideal home for homeless Hindoos)
It admits, maintains, educates and teaches useful home industries to all sorts of orphans and invalids in need of help without any distinction.
Clothings, beddings, shoes, books and industrial tools and articles are required for about 150 inmates at present in the Ashram.
Annual report and other particulars gladly supplied on writing to the under-Signed.
Vallavbhai Hathibhai Desai,
Honorary Secretary,
Hindu Anath Ashram, NADIAD.

GARLICK & Co.,
ENGINEERS,
Jacob's Circle, BOMBAY

FLOORING TILES
which stood the test of
HALF CENTURY
Can be inspected at Army & Navy Stores, Free Church of Scotland &c. or at our Works.

STOCKS AND SHARES

IMPERIAL BANKS STRONG

MILL SHARES STEADY

Bombay, Feb. 10.

MILL SHARES.

Cotton mill shares opened firm at a rise of about Rs. 5|-. There was a fair volume of business and prices ruled quiet on scattered long liquidation. Shares of the well managed mills are attracting good investment demand and chances favour a higher range of values in the long run. The technical situation is sound and the undertone is steady.

MISCELLANEOUS.

As anticipated Imperial Bank shares ruled strong to-day with an impressive demand and prices closed at a rise of Rs. 85|- over previous closing. Bombay Burma shares ruled very steady. Tata Hydros are showing a bold front. Andras are fairly held up. Tata Iron and Steel shares opened firm but declined slightly on scattered realizing. Scindia shares ruled very firm. Cement shares displayed good undertone. Tata Construction shares are slowly but steadily hardening.

SECURITIES.

Government Securities ruled steady with few sellers.

TENDERS.

Following shares passed through the clearing house at the last settlement.

Alcock	550	Kohinoor	714
B. Dyeing	498	New Great	367
Bundi	8,860	Nagpur	342
B. Steamer	1,257	Pearl	382
B. Burmah	639	Pabani	319
Crescent	505	Simplex	703
Colaba	407	Swadeshi	214
Century	744	Shivrajpur	1,100
Fazal	674	Tata Iron Ord.	7,255
I. Malwa	484	Tata Iron Defd.	1,167
I. Cement	2,314	Tata Hydros	560
Katni	360	Tramway	3,615

COTTON MILLS.

Feb. 2, 1928.

Paid up.		Closing rates.
100	Ahmed. Advance	400
100	Alliance	30
50	Apollo	6/6
500	Bombay Cotton	317|8
200	Bombay Dyeing	945
250	Bradbury	270
100	Century	457|8
100	Central India	531|4
500	Central India Pr	480
100	Colaba Land	146|4
100	Coorla	177|8
100	Crescent	191|4
250	Currim	260
500	David	270
250	Dawn	660
200	Edward Sassoon	112|8
10	E. D. Sassoon	0|14|0
100	Elphinstone	15
250	Fazulbhoy	886|4
50	Finlay	160
1000	F. Petit	500
100	Globe	30
100	Gokak	131|4
100	Indian Bleaching	285
100	Indore Malwa	363|12
100	Jamshed Mfg.	51|2
50	Kastoorchand	25|8
100	Khatau	85
100	Kohinoor	298|12
1000	Luxmi Cotton	6950
100	Madhavrao Sed.	4
100	Madhowji	115
500	Mathradas	50
1000	Maneckji Petit	1500
100	Meyer Sassoon	86|4
1000	Morarji	2125
200	New Great	317|8
10	New City	120
250	Pahaney	286|4
200	Pearl	601|2
100	Phoenix	420
10	Premier	12|12
1000	Sholapur	7850
250	Simplex	205
50	Swan	160
100	Swadeshi	531|4
500	Tata Mill	82|8
500	Vishnu Cotton	3100

BANKS.

300	Imperial	1490
125	Imperial	367|8
50	India	84
50	Baroda	92
25	Central	25|14
£5	Eastern	84
£12 1/2	National Bank	£50

RAILWAYS.

500	Ahr. Prantji	916/4
	Amritsar Patti	143
1/	Cen. Prov. Rly.	100|8
100	Dhond Baramati	102
100	Guzerat Rly.	93|8
100	Hoshiarpur	99
100	Khulna Baghirhaut Rly.	95
90	Mandura Bhoa	77 x.d.
100	Sara Sirajgunj	99
100	Sialkota	105
100	Sindh Lt. Rly	140
100	Upper Sindh	90
500	Tapty Valley	720

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	Ahmedabad Electric	105 x.d.
100	Andra Valley	770
100	Alcock	391|4
125	B. Burma	863|12
10	B. Burma No. 1	310
10	Br. India Insurance	9
	Ssh. Bt. Burma Pet.	5|3
50	B. Tramway	157|8
50	B. Tramway Pref.	68|8
200	Bombay Steam	291|4
50	Bombay Telephone	53
10	Bundi Cement	24|4
250	Indian Cement	330
10	Central Indian Mining	23|
£ 1	Eastern Chemical ordy.	1|8
h. 2	Do. Dord.	1
100	Katni Ordinary	257|8
10	Katni Deferred	840
50	Oriental Life Ass.	2000
25	New India Insur.	20|12
10	Punjab P. Cement	15
10	Pref	15-8
10	Shivrajpur	45/4
75	Tata Iron Ordinary	82|4
30	Tata Iron Defd.	291|4
150	Tata Iron 1st Pre.	137/8
100	Tata Iron 2nd Pref.	95|4
1000	Tata Hydro	1132|8
100	Tata Oil	45
1000	Tata Power Ord.	515
100	Tata Power Pref.	905
215	Scindia Steam	21/8

PREFERENCE SHARES.

10	7-1/2 p. c. Punjab Portland Cement	15/4
100	7-1/2 p c. Tata Steel 2nd. Pref.	95/4
100	7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd Pref.	92/12
50	7 p.c. Tram Pref.	68/8
1000	7 p. c. Hydro Pref.	1025
1000	1 p. c Andhra Valley Pref.	982/8
500	1 p.c. Vishnu Pref.	625
150	6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st Pref.	137/8
500	5.1/2 p.c. Tata Mill Pref.	110
500	5 p. c. Nagpur Pref.	48

Indian student visitors are allowed to visit H. M. S. "Effingham" if they get chits signed by the Principal of their college. Mr. M. Ratnaswami, Principal of the Law College has issued a notice saying that batches of 50 students can apply to him for the permission, but that students who did not attend on the Hartal Day need not aply.—Free Press.

The Hon'ble Sir Cowasji and Lady Jehangir (Jr.) dined at Government House, Bombay, on Thursday.

SECURITIES

Bombay, Feb. 10.

3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 75/15.

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 94-2.

4 per cent Loan due 1934/37 Rs. 93/8.

4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 87-14.

5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 100.

5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 101/4.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 102-5.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 106/9/6.

5-1\|2 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928 Rs. 105.5.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1937 Rs. 103-6.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1937 Rs. 104-15.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 106-3.

6-1/2 per cent. Bombay Development loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 111-9.

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 85-4.

4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 84/4.

4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 84-8.

6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 110-12.

6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 102.

Forward Rates:—16th Feb. Sett. 3 1/2. per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 75/15 1945/55. Rs. 106/9/6.

Tone of Market.—Steady.

H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla, Captain and Mrs. H. Boyes, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Bentley, Kumar Shri Kishorsinh, Kumar Shri Prithirajsinh and Kumar Shri Kinatsinh of Rajpipla lunched at Government House, Bombay on Thursday.

TARIFF DUTY ON PIG IRON BY JAPAN

ILL-ADVISED SCHEME

The following extract from the "Japan Chronicle Commercial Supplement", reproduced by Mr. V. H. A. Ganny, Stock and Share Broker, Calcutta, will be read with interest by merchants interested in the iron industry of this country.—

"According to various Ministerial statement the prohibitive duties on iron and steel are decided upon, but further any examination of the case is carried, the more preposterous do the Government proposals appear. There is a growing opposition to the proposals, and many of those not directly concerned in steel and were in favour have now turned against it."

"The following figures show how ill advised the scheme is:—

Consumption of pig iron in Japan in the past 3 years.

1926 Tons	1925 Tons	1924 Tons
1,325,558	1,092.176	1,111.257

These figures do not take into account any stocks carried forward from the former years, but at the end of 1926 such stocks were negligible. For this purpose it may be mentioned that during 1926 consumption was 1,400,000 and not less.

Against the foregoing figures the sources of supply as far as the imported quantities are concerned, were:—

	1926 Tons	1925 Tons	1924 Tons
China	3,796	47,822	165,219
British India	227,628	153,332	159,978
Other (including Kwantang)	168,21	115,205	116,747
Total	399,640	316,359	441,944

the balance being produced in Japan or taken from stock.

Of the total consumed it may be mentioned that Government works consumed 752,000 tons of which 533,000 tons were manufactured in their own works and 107,000 tons by the Toyo Iron Works which forms part of the Imperial works. This instead of contributing pig iron for General market the Imperial Steel Works were themselves buyers of some 100,000 tons during 1926.

The object of imposing high duty, it will at once be seen, is to kill or seriously restrict the import from British India, and if this should be achieved, it is obvious the demand will have to be replaced from some other source.

The suggestion is that Japan should manufacture this, and thus becomme self supplying. Another object by imposing high tariff on the imported article was to secure more revenue, but it is apparent that both of these cannot be achieved. It is, however, only necessary to consider how the supplies could be replaced if Japan could manufacture them; and it has to be at once admitted that to do so she must first secure supplies of iron ore and the special quality of coking coal required for the conversion of the ore into pig iron.

The iron ore position is as follows:—

	1926 Tons	1925 Tons	1924 Tons
Mined in Japan	130,420	75,765	57,922
Imported	891,822	1,211,577	1,201,859
Total	1,022,242	1,287,342	1,259,781

The imports being from the following countries:—

	1926 Tons	1925 Tons	1924 Tons
China	50,2,747	813,496	800,199
Strait Settlement	290,083	290,253	264,933
Corea	98,992	107,828	136,727
Total	891,822	12.11,577	1,201,859

To replace the loss of some 228,000 tons of British Indian supplies of pig iron would require about 500,000 tons of iron ore.

"It is admitted that the iron mines in Japan are now being worked to their fullest capacity, as are the mines at present operating in the Strait Statements while both for pig iron and ore, as can be seen above, China is a most uncertain source of supply, particularly under the conditions which exist there at present. Nevertheless, the Government hope by opening new mines in the Strait Settlements, to secure an additional 200,000 tons yearly from that direction, and to be able to secure the full quantity from China, or another 200,000 tons more than was secured as compared with 1926, and this despite the fact that the statistics for 1927 will show that the position in China is even worse."

"No practical manufacturer dare base his plan on such vain hopes—the new mines in the Straits being as yet unproved in practice and it being almost impossible for them to delivery any quantity approaching 200,000 tons yearly, even when they are fully developed: but even if all be granted and China return more rapidly than any consider possible to a full output, it would still leave no margin for eventualities and no margin for expansion in demand, which is growing at the rate of something like 50,000 tons or pig iron yearly, or 100,000 tons of iron ore.

"Even under the present manufacturing conditions however, Japan finds it impossible to furnish the requisite quantity of special coal required for handling the present turn over, as is shown by the fact that some 300,000 tons of coking coal had to be imported from China. Of this the Government works, despite the fact that they are in the centre of Japan's coal fields, purchased 287,446 tons at a cost of yens 3,305,000."

"The fact is that such supplies of coal cannot be obtained, and again, to be procured, the source of supply being China, the supply would be very uncertain, so that the dream of self supply rests on a fallacy which, the simplest investgation made in an honest spirit, would prove."

To-night Grand Opening of a Marvellous Picture

Commencing from 11th February 1928 and during THE WEEK A Gorgeous Roll of 12,000 Feet

MADAN Co.'s MASTERPIECE PRODUCTION

JAIDEO WELL-KNOWN SAINT OF BENGAL

A picture which was shown in Calcutta for **23 Weeks** continuously—what more you want?

JAIDEO OF BENGAL MEANS NARSINH MEHTA OF GUJARAT.

See the life and morals of this Great Saint !-!-!-!-!

THIS WEEK

Featuring

Miss KOOPER

Supported by

Madan's Well-known Staff.

Excellent Photography, Beautiful Scenery, Grand settings and Attractive Plot.

Story based on Religions principles and worth seeing a picture with family.

DON'T MISS TO-NIGHT

Krishna Cinema

DUBASH THEATRE.

Coming Next Saturday— **CHANDRAHAS** Krishna Production.

Shortly Coming—"Up to Date" Beautiful Picture.

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

Feb. 10.

Rajputana, Codies, London.

DEPARTURES.

Feb. 11.

Rawalpindi, Redhead, London.

Arcturus, Olsen, New York via Calcutta.

Homayun, Voller, Calcutta.

Vinga, Dahl, Marmagoa.

LOADING.

Feb. 10.

Steamer Rajputana for London.

Steamer Vasna for Persian Gulf.

Steamer Skuld for New York.

Steamer Jehangir for Jeddah.

S. S. Arcturus:—The L. Edward Ltd., steamer Arcturus, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for New fork via Calcutta, with a general and same bottom cargo.

S. S. Homayun:—The T. M. Coy.'s steamer Homayun, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour, for Calcutta, with ballast.

S. S. Vinga:—The S. O. Coy.'s steamer Vinga, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Marmagoa with same bottom cargo of kerosine oil.

ARRIVALS OF TOURISTS.

S. S. Resolute:—The Volkart Bros. steamer Resolute, is expected to arrive to-day from New York with American Tourists at 6-30 a.m.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

The P. and O. S. N. Coy.'s English mail steamer Rawalpindi, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for London with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

EXPORTS.

Feb. 10.

S. S. Rawalpindi for London:—1 bdle carpets, A Azizullaoff; 13 bales calf skins, East India Hides and Skins; 1 bale cow calf skins and 1 bale goat skins, M Ladack; 1 bdle lamb skins, H A Aminoff; 18 bales cow hides, P Hassam; 33 bales cow hides, A H L Tharia: 20 bales goat skins, A H L Tharia; 11 bdles fox, cat and wolf skins, H A M Sawal; 8 bales kid goat skins, D Abraham and Sons.

For Marseilles:—3,993 cwts Teelseed, Ralli Bros.

S. S. Lacavia for Trieste:—30 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 590 bales cotton, The Patel Cotton Co Ltd; 280 bales cotton, L Dreyfus and Co; 165 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Trading Co.

S. S. Circassia for Liverpool:—1,000 cwts myrabollams, K Meghjee; 400 cwts Linseed oil cakes, Breul and Co.

For Glasgow:—2,200 cwts Linseed oil cakes, N V Velmohmed.

S. S. Cracovia for Trieste:—30 cases Greenstones, J M Salemohomed and Co; 50 bales cotton, B Cursondas and Co; 55 bales cotton, Bombay Co Ltd; 560 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 110 bales cotton, K Devchand and Co.

ON 'T SPEND MONEY IN VAIN.

FIRST TRY, THEN BUY

50,000 Free Sample Packets for Leucoderma by V. P. P. For 6 As.

TO MEET THE COST OF ITS TRANSMISSION.

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY

UNDER SPECIAL DIET.

Pandit KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy)

8, Nandibagan Lane, Salkia, HOWRAH.

ALWAYS USE FOR YOUR TOILET

COCOLINE SOAP MEANS BEAUTY SOAP

CHANDAN Re. 1/- Box. BAKOOL As. 15. WHITE ROSE Re. 1/-.

GODREJ & MYSORE SOAPS

RENOWNED HAIR OILS

CASTORINE GLORIA CHIKURLINE LEMON CREAM KUNTALINE KESRANJAN KAMINIA JABAKUSUM

THE FAMOUS HOUSE

The Bombay Swadeshi Co-operative Stores Co. Ltd.

TIMES BUILDING, FORT, BOMBAY.

For your HEALTH'S sake — purify your BLOOD

Residents in tropical climates are particularly liable to troubles or complaints arising from impurities of the blood. The most reliable remedy is WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA, which quickly cleanses the blood of all impure waste matter and builds up health & energy.

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA

has enjoyed a world-wide reputation for over three-quarters of a century, and the highest medical authorities have pronounced it *the most wonderful purifier of the human blood.*

The Perfect and most valuable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES, WEAKNESS, DEPRESSION, &c.

Thomas Wilkinson

Beware of imitations and substitutes. Every genuine bottle bears the Trade Mark and Signature.

Wholesale Depot. THOMAS WILKINSON, LTD., 4b, southwark St., London, S.E.1, England.

YOUR EYE

iron, paper or rubber. After making these articles you have the great knack surest and most high-praised Nature's Cure for Eye-diseases. Cures even Cataract, etc. Literature free. KEMP AND CO. LTD., BOMBAY.

SWAMIJEE'S WONDERFUL POWER.

Present, Past and Future most wonderfully and accurately revealed through the system of MEDITATION (Yoga-Sadhana) of the Great Yogi Swami Premanandajee, the world-famous Vedantist. Unsolicited testimonials from distinguished Europeans and Indians, throughout India, Burma, Ceylon, etc. 5 questions Re. 1. Annual Life Reading (monthly details) Rs. 2, (weekly details) Rs. 5. Complete Life Reading Rs. 5. Extensive Whole Life Reading Rs. 10. V. P. charges extra. Prof. S. N. BOSE, B.A., (Occultist) Swami Premananda Ashram, 8-E, Beadon Street (Room No. XI), Calcutta.

RADIATES RELIEF
FROM ACHES AND PAINS

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM
India's Greatest Pain Cure.
Sold at Chemists and Stores.

All kinds of Banking business transacted on best terms
by
The UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED,
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY
ENQUIRIES SOLICITED.

EMPEROR GEORGE V'S. HOROSCOPE MAKER.
GOVT. ASTROLOGER
Pdt. K. C. JUTISHARNAV'S
BASHI KARAN KAVACHA.
If not benefitted. **MONEY REFUNDED**
We send a letter of Guarantee.
The Wearer of this Kavacha will acquire the unique power of bringing any man or woman under his absolute control and will thus be able to accomplish, through the agency of such man or woman, anything and every thing he likes. Price Rs. 8-12.
Dhanada Kavacha .. .. Rs. 8-8-0.
Sarba Sidhikabacha .. .. Rs. 9-0-0
The Calcutta Astrological Syndicate,
19, Grey Street, CALCUTTA.

22 CT. ROLLED GOLD EXPANDING BRACELET WATCH No. 300.

as per illustration, best bridge ...urate timekeeper, with solid ...lish made expanding bracelet' ...s. Fully tested and ... for 5 Years. ...0 each complete. ...d Watch Co., ...porters, ...10, Madras.

SUB-DIVISION OF WARDS

DEMOCRATISATION

PROTEST AGAINST NOMINATION AND RESERVATION

The Law, Procedure and Elections Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation have issued their report on the thorny question of sub-division of wards and redistribution of seats in the Municipal Corporation. The Municipal Commissioner in his lengthy letter to the Committee put forward a proposal to constitute fifteen sub-divisions.

The Commissioner stated that according to his proposal, the number of seats alloted to each ward will be as follows: A Ward—10 seats; B—10; C—14; D—13; E—13; F—8; and G—8. Total 76.

He added that with 15 sub-divisions for election purposes, not only candidates have a smaller electorate to canvass but also it will generally be possible to discover some public building, which can be temporarily used for purposes of the election. At present the electorate is so large in each ward that the public buildings available are inadequate for purposes of holding elections.

"NOMINATION AND RESERVATION INCONCEIVABLE."

The Commissioner's proposals have been commended to the Corporation for approval with the following among other recommendations by the Committee:

(1) That with regard to sub-division of wards the Committee are of opinion that the existing arrangement of wards should continue.

(2) That the seats reserved for Government nomination should be reduced to 6 and those reserved for co-option to 4 and that Government be approached with a request to amend the Municipal Act accordingly.

(3) That with regard to redistribution of seats in the wards the Committee are of opinion that the existing allocation of seats in the wards should continue until the seats allotted to Government nomination and to co-option are reduced.

(4) That with regard to the number of agents to be allowed within the Polling-booths, the Committee are of opinion that the existing practice of allowing 6 agents and 3 relieving agents of each candidate be continued.

(5) That at the Municipal elections the ticket system be adopted instead of the present voting form, it being understood that arrangements would be made so as to preserve the secrecy of ballot.

CANCELLATION OF BOYCOTT RESOLUTION !

BENARES DISTRICT OFFICER'S ORDER

BENARES, Feb. 10.

The Benares District Board, at an emergent meeting held yesterday cancelled its previous resolution for boycotting the Simon Commission and observing a Hartal on February 3rd. After the resolution for boycott and Hartal was adopted on January 31st, the District Officer, in accordance with his powers under the District Board Act, issued an order on the Secretary of the District Board not to execute the resolution till the next meeting of the Board. Accordingly the offices of the Board were kept open on February 3rd. but information about the orders of the District Officer could not reach the heads of village schools under the control of the District Board owing to insufficient time, and therefore, the schools were kept closed that day. The present resolution says that since the resolution dated 31st January regarding the boycott of the Simon Commission was passed in haste, by only a few members, and was outside the scope of the District Board's affairs and had a tendency to cause injury to its interests "we hereby resolve that the said resolution, be cancelled under Section 55 of the District Board Act of 1922." Fourteen votes, which are required under Section 55, clause five, of the District Board Act to upset a resolution were recorded in favour of the cancellation of the original resolution.—A. P.

REMOVE "CUSTOMS CORDON."

DHOLKA FARMERS' REQUEST TO GOVT

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 10.

At a meeting of the farmers of Dholka Taluka, held under the presidency of Mr. Amratlal D. Shath M.L.C., a resolution was passed requesting the Government of Bombay to remove the hardships caused by the Customs Cordon between Dholka and Dhandhuka, Talukas. A special meeting of Dholka Taluka Farmers' Association will be held on the 19th instant to which Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas and the officers of the Revenue and Custom Departments have been invited.—A. P.

Lala Lajpat Rai will preside at the All-Kerala Tenants' Conference which will shortly be held in Ernakulam.—Free Press.

IBSEN CENTENARY.

AN APPEAL TO INDIAN WOMEN

Mr. Kanaiyalal H. Vakil writes:—

Henrik Ibsen had the convictions and attained the capacity for a spiritual experiment truly titanic. Ideals, disclosed as intense and intimate realities of life, were the triumph of his art. It had the tone and accent which revealed complete consciousness of the tragic agony and passivity of hearts that, till then, remained benumbed and inarticulate. All his expectations and hopes converged towards the women and workmen of the coming age. The revolution in social conditions, now evident in Europe, is, he prophesied, "chiefly concerned with the future of the workers and women." And, for this, he declared at the now memorable meeting at Drontheim, "I will work all my life and with all my strength." His plays are a translation of that noble pledge. His is not the uncanny detachment of Anatole France. Nor is the irony or satire in his plays only the intellectual sparkle of Shaw. The tragedy of "Brand" is a personal catastrophe for every modern sensitive to the enduring values of civilisation, sensitive to the purpose of his place in human history. "There is", exclaimed the indignant dramatist conscious of the unfathomed powers of wakened womanhood, "no one who knows what a woman can do." The strong and passionate woman, "instinct with suppressed energy to which the natural outlets have been closed, and which is transformed into volcanic outbursts of disaster", is, as has been aptly pointed out, the heroine, inevitably, of all his social dramas. "A Doll's House", acclaimed universal recognition, is at once an acknowledgment and a challenge. It is an acknowledgment of the powers Ibsen found unrecognised. It is, consequently, a challenge to the awakened womanhood of the age. For, he perceives in the free and awakened womanhood the assurances of a social order where understanding comradeship would be, for those pledged to the new age, the one common and rational form of worship, of the pure human worship cleared of the septic debris of social shibboleths, conventions, castes and creeds.

Norway will celebrate on the 20th of next March the centenary of the patriot whose supreme art proclaims him an international prophet. The memory of one who claimed and offered comradeship, not servility, of one who worked all his life and with all his strength for the inspiring and virile ideal and unflinching conviction disclosed with overpowering art in Nora deserves the gratitude and the tribute from every enlightened woman in the world. For, the Nora, immortalised in his drama, is an inhabitant of the world, not only of Norway. May I, therefore, appeal to every individual of eminence and enlightenment and to institutions of women in India to organise and thus add to the celebrations, in Onslow next March, of the centenary of Henrik Ibsen? Henrik Ibsen conquered territory unmapped in geography. Henrik Ibsen is a name that claims honour and homage wherever free and awakened womanhood, and therefore free and awakened manhood, asserts its inherent privileges and powers. For, Henrik Ibsen possessed the rarest of human privileges of service and gifts. His ideals touched and his art revealed the electric impulses and instincts of the age.

BREAK-UP OF MINBU CONFERENCE.

GOVT. DEFENCE ON ADJOURNMENT MOTION

RANGOON, Feb. 9.

When the Budget session of the Burma Legislative Council was opened to-day by H. E. the Governor, about 75 members, including members of the People's Party, who walked out of the Council last August, were present. Lady Innes was present in the distinguished visitors' gallery, and the other galleries were full. The Governor's speech was followed by a short recess, after which the business of the day was taken up. The swearing-in of new members and interpellations over, U Pu, Leader of the People's Party, gave notice of a motion for the adjournment of the business of the Council to consider the action of the Government in "interfering with liberty of speech and in imposing terms on the members of the Minbu Conference, that they must not refer in their speechse, to the capitaion and Thathameda taxes, and the Cowper Committee's report."

The President fixed up 4 p.m. for the discussion of the motion.

The Minister for Forests introduced the Betting Tax Bill and proposed that it should be referred to a Select Committee. The motion was opposed mostly by the People's Party members, but it was declared passed after a division had been taken.

Sir William Keith, in the course of his Budget speech said that the Province had taken on a large road, irrigation and building construction programme which would be spread over a number of years. The committments of Burma were not so large as to prevent these being financed by loans without getting into deep waters and without improsing fresh taxation. He described the Public Accounts Committee of Burma as the second most efficient in India.

At 4 p.m. U Pu moved his adjournment motion in connection with the Minbu Conference. He considered that it would have been better to allow the apeople to ventilate their grievances publicly than impose such restrictions. He could not imagise how breach of the peace was apprehended from such Conferences.

"LAW AND ORDER."

The Chief Secretary, Mr. Branden, opposing the motion traced the history of the campaign for the non-payment of taxes and quoted several speeches to show that agitators started vile calumny of the Government and that there was a serious attempt to subvert authority and break down the system of Government as established. No Government worthy of the name could do otherwise than take drastic action in the face of such a situation.

The Government did not object to free criticism but in the present instance it took the view that if the Conference was allowed to discuss the subject, the crowds which attended it would have gone back with the desire to start the agitation in other parts of the Province. The campaign, he said, was merely an attempt to break down the system of law and order.

A lively discussion, which lasted for two hours, took place on the motion, which was talked out ultimately. U Kyaw Dun and A. P.

BURMA COUNCIL

SURPLUS BUDGET FOR 1928-29

RANGOON, Feb. 9.

The Burma Legislative Council opened its session to-day. His Excellency the Governor attended in State and delivered his opening speech.

Sir William Keith, the Finance Member, introducing the Budget for the year 1928-19 said:—"It is a surplus budget showing a surplus of 23 lakhs." He announced that annual borrowing to the extent of one and a half to two crores per year will have to be resorted to carry the capital works to hand to completion.—Free Press.

BENGAL COUNCIL

ADJOURNED FOR WANT OF QUORUM

CALCUTTA, Feb. 9.

After interpellations, the Bengal Legislative Council proceeded to discuss non-official resolution but adjourned for want of quorum without transacting any business.—Free Press.

LATE NABHA MAHARANI'S WILL.

GENUINE DECIDES JUDGE

DEHRADUN, Feb. 9.

The District Judge of Saharanpur has passed judgment in the Nabha Probate Case that the will of the late Maharani was legally executed.

After considering the point put forward for the plaintiff the Maharajah of Nabha that the late Maharani was of unsound mind, the Judge said that the will was of an extremely simple nature. The main beneficiary namely, the deceased's only daughter, was the same as in the previous will of 1924, and she was moreover the natural heir. Therefore there was nothing to excite suspicion. The Judge's finding on this issue was that the late Maharani had a sound disposing mind. The death of the lady was certainly wrapped in mystery, but the will was a genuine one and had been properly executed.—A.P.

IRRIGATION PROJECTS IN INDIA.

EARL DERBY'S HOPES OF SIR G. SCHUSTER

LONDON, Feb. 9.

Presiding at the Executive meeting of the Empire Cotton-growing Corporation, Earl Derby alluded to the great loss in cotton-growing as well as the social and material progress that Sudan had suffered owing to the retirement of Sir George Earnest Schuster and hoped that it might be possible for the latter to establish a personal contact with the immense irrigation projects in the next few years in India.—Reuter's Special.

Mr. Campagnac supported the Government, while Mr. J. K. Munshi (Independent) and some members of the People's Party criticised it.

The Council adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

for about 150 inmates at present in the Ashram.

DID YOU
"NUGGET"
YOUR BOOTS
THIS MORNING?
TIGER BRAND
"NUGGET"
BOOT POLISH.
SOLE AGENTS :— HERBERT, SON & CO., LTD., BOMBAY.

CRABBIE'S
WHITE LABEL
SCOTCH WHISKY
A HIGH CLASS QUALITY AT A MODERATE PRICE
TRY IT
WELL KNOWN FOR OVER 50 YEARS AND STOCKED BY MOST WHOLESALE DEALERS
JOHN CRABBIE & COY. LTD.,
DISTILLERS.
LEITH, SCOTLAND.

Mellin's is the one Baby Food on which every mother can rely. It builds firm flesh and sturdy bones, and gives the best start in life a babe can have. Be safe from the first, give

The Right Start!

Send this advt. to WILSON LATHAM & Co. LD. Bombay for Free Sample & book (Mention Name of Paper)

Mellin's Food
THE FOOD THAT FEEDS
Obtainable of all Chemists

Collins Pocket & Office Diaries for 1928.

No. 4	4" x 3"	Leatherette 1 day to a page	..	Rs.	1 0
194	3½ x 2½	„ with pencil „	..	„	1 4
162	5 x 3½	„ gilt Edge „	..	„	1 8
181	5 x 3	Leather with pockets, rubber band and pencil		„	1 12
136	4 x 3	„ „ „	..	„	2 8
176	5 x 3½	„ „ „	..	„	3 0
274	3 x 2½	Leather— 2 days to a page	..	„	1 8
Ruby	5 x 4	„ Pocket, Pencil and clips	..	„	4 8
Loose leaf	5x 4	„ „ Superior	..	„	8 0
313	5½ x 3½	Leatherette 4 days to a page	..	„	1 0
335	5½ x 2¾	Superior	..	„	1 8
52	Royal Office 8" x 5°	1 day to a page plain ruled or cash	..	„	2 0

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.
Dealers in Stationery, Drawing, Painting, and Engineering Materials,
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

AMRUTANJAN
THE GENUINE AND POWERFUL REMEDY
Attacks and Cures all kinds of
BODILY ACHES AND PAINS
AMRUTANJAN DEPOT, BOMBAY and MADRAS.

THIS IS THE WAY TO CURE Kidney Pains

A SHARP pain, like a stab in the back, may be the first symptom of Kidney Trouble. You cannot mistake it. When that first stab of pain has passed it will leave a dull ache, and you will feel stiff and sore. Surely you will not ignore such signs as these. Your kidneys are demanding attention. That is why they cause you pain. They need the cleansing, healing and strengthening properties which can only be found in De Witt's Pills. Here then is an offer of better health and freedom from pain. Your nearest chemist can supply you with a box of De Witt's Pills to-day. Get a box and see how much good they will do you.

De WITT'S

KIDNEY AND BLADDER.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY CHEMISTS EVERYWHERE

PILLS

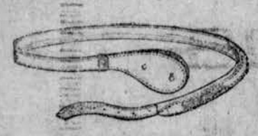
See That You Get this Package—None Other is Genuine

Guaranteed Free from Animal Fats and Harmful Drugs or Narcotics

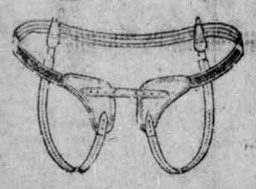
Made and Packed by Patent Machinery Never Touched By Hand

CORRECTION OF BODILY DEFORMITIES.

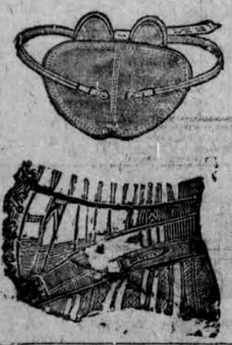
In every case of deformity amongst children and adults such as Rupture, Hernia, Abdominal Troubles, Umbilical Rupture, Floating Kidney, Flat Foot, Short Leg, Appendicitis etc. etc., our QUALIFIED specialist will carefully examine them before recommending an apparatus. Attached to our Deformity Institution we have X-Ray Department where we examine, if necessary, patients under X-Ray for accurate and scientific diagnosis.



POWELL'S ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS should be used in all the cases where the Abdominal muscles need support. It also invariably gives good results being lightest and most hygienic. We are special manufacturers of these belts.



POWELL'S TRUSSES are very easy to fit, possess great adaptability, give absolute satisfaction and yet their prices are most reasonable. Our process of making trusses depends as fully on hand skill and experienced judgement as on our unsurpassed Factory facilities which enable us to meet your requirements in the most satisfactory manner.



EXTRACT FROM THE SEVENTH ANNU REPORT OF THE SEVA SADAN SOCIETY.

"We take this opportunity of tendering our earnest thanks to Messrs. N. POWELL & CO. for free treatment over a period of more than eight months, of two young girls about four years old, who had been rickets since their admission in the Home three years ago from the famine-stricken districts of Kathiawad. These girls who could hardly formerly crawl on the ground and were a source of great anxiety to us, are, we are glad to say quite able to walk about without the least difficulty, thanks to the marvellous cure effected by thes gentlemen."

N. POWELL &CO., Bombay 4.

ESTABLISHED 1886.
WORLD-KNOWN
Pure Medicated and Scented

G. GHOSE'S TIL OIL

Most Cooling and Nourishing for Brain and Hair, Examined by Civil Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner, etc.
AWARDED NUMEROUS GOLD & SILVER MEDALS, &c in Various Govt., Semi-Govt, and other Exhibitions.
It cures giddiness, headache, sound-sleeplessness, baldness, hysteria, night-sweat, heart-disease etc., and beautifies the hair and prevents from falling off and untimely grey hair and also cheers the mind.
Several imitators and their sellers are seriously punished in various Districts and in High Court; still exact imitation going. Purchase carefully.

G. GHOSE, Dacca, Mymensingh

O, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta—Hamilton Road, Delhi—and Bombay

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS

Rao Saheb Balkrishna Vithal Kelkar is to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, vice Mr. Honavar Harischandra, proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Major S. B. Mehta, is to act as Police Surgeon, Bombay, in addition to his own duties as Associate Professor of Midwifery and Honorary Obstetric Physician at the Bai Motlibai and Petit Hospitals, Bombay, vice Dr. W. Nunan, proceeding on leave, or pending further orders.

Mr. H. E. Butler, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, to be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Town of Bombay.

Mr. W. N. U. Dunlop, Assistant Judge in the Bombay Presidency, is granted leave on average pay for six weeks with effect from the 9th January 1928.

Mr. H. E. Butler, while doing duty as Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, is invested with the powers of a Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. W. N. U. Dunlop, on return from leave, is to act as Under Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Home and Ecclesiastical Departments, vice Mr. E. W. Trotman, proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. W. F. Hudson is to be First Grade Commissioner with effect from 24th December 1927, vice Mr. G. E. Chatfield, retired.

Mr. G. K. Joshi, on return from leave, is to be Under Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, vice Mr. A. E. Servai reverting.

Mr. C. H. Bristow, on completion of his special duty, is to act as Collector of Sholapur, vice Mr. H. R. Gould, proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. A. D. Gorwala, is to act temporarily as Collector of Larkana, vice Mr. A. S. V. Acott, transferred, pending further orders.

Mr. S. A. C. Green is to act, in addition to his own duties, as Revenue Officer, Lloyd Barrage and Canals Construction, vice Mr. H. Dow, proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. R. K. Kanitkar is appointed as Divisional Forest Officer, West Thana, vice Mr. E. O. Sampson, and to hold charge of the East Thana Division in addition.

Mr. T. Harvey, Superintending Engineer on special duty in connection with the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme, is granted, with effect from the 3rd January 1928, leave on average pay for three months and fifteen days combined with leave on half average pay for nine months and sixteen days, with permission to prefix the Christmas holidays thereto.

The Honourable Mr. Justice Norman Wright Kemp is appointed to hear appeals in cases arising within the City of Bombay.

Mr. H. A. MacArthur (on return from leave) is to work as Executive Engineer, Indus River Gauging Division, until further orders, relieving Mr. P. C. Thadani, who will revert to his substantive grade of Assistant Engineer.

Mr. H. L. Francis, Executive Engineer, Western Head Division on the Lloyd Barrage and Canals Constuction Scheme, is appointed Executive Engineer, Begari Canals Division, vice Mr. Jasvant Singh Malik, granted leave from 22nd May 1928 or subsequent date of relief.

Mr. J. Mercer, Officiating Consulting Architect to Government, is granted leave on average pay for one month and fourteen days combined with leave on half average pay for such period as would bring the total amount to six months, with effect from the 1st March 1928.

Mr. Mercer's services under the Bombay Government should be considered as terminated with effect from the date of expiry of the leave granted to him.

ROADS COMMITTEE

BOMBAY SITTINGS TO COMMENCE IN APRIL

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8.

A press communique says:—The Road Development Committee of which Mr. M. R. Jayakar M.L.A., is Chairman has decided on the following procedure:—The Committee will hold one meeting during the session of the Legislative Assembly in order to take evidence of two important witnesses. Thereafter it proposes to meet in Bombay early in April in order to discuss the lines on which the report should be drafted and it will consider the draft report in Simla, about the time of the Simla session of the Legislature.—A. P.

POONA MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

SESSIONS JUDGE SUGGESTS POSTPONEMENT

POONA, Feb. 9.

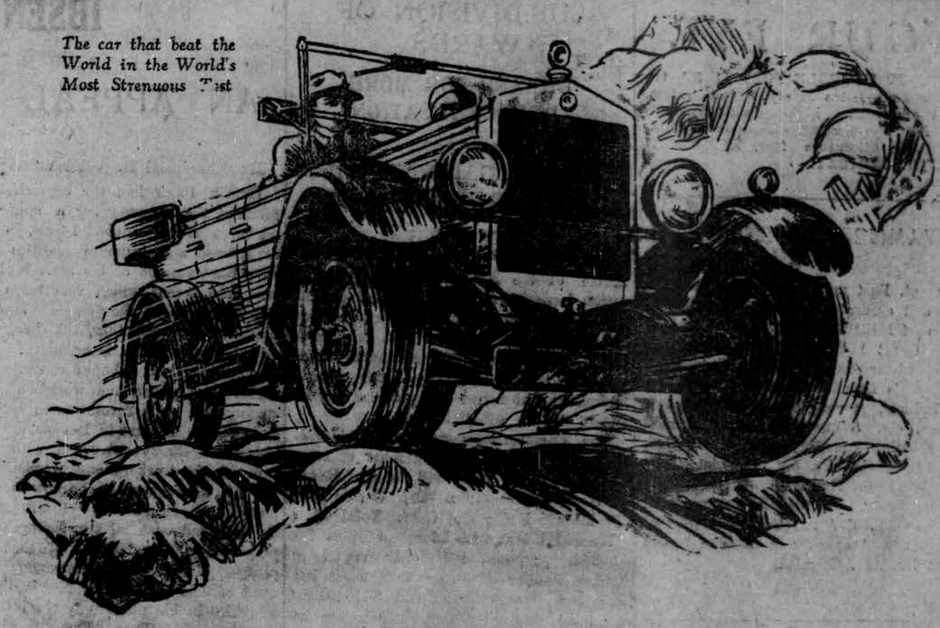
The postponement of the Municipal Elections which are due to take place on the 20th instant, was suggested by Mr. A. C. Wild, District and Sessions Judge in disposing of an appeal filed by Mr. N. K. Rajguru, Pleader, against the action of the Executive Officer of the Municipality in removing his name from the voters list and rejecting his nomination papers on account of arrears of taxes.—A. P.

BURMESE RESOLVE TO BOYCOTT COMMISSION

RANGOON, Feb. 8.

The General Council of the Burmese Associations, representing one of the two Council Boycott Sections, Mr. U Soe Thein presiding, passed a resolution calling upon Burmans to boycott the Simon Commission.—A. P.

The car that beat the World in the World's Most Strenuous Test



Have you tried the Big Morris?

Its special purpose.

The new 15.9 h.p. Morris Oxford makes an instant appeal to those who motor over rough tracks as well as made roads, *for the simple reason that it is specially designed for their particular needs.*

A chassis of great strength . . . 4 speeds . . . 4 wheel brakes . . . 56" track . . . exceptional road clearance—these are some of the features of the BIG Morris, a car which negotiates really rough going *as a daily routine.*

What you can see.

One minute's examination of the chassis and suspension system reveals its special nature; and a moment's study of the engine suffices to discover the designer's special purpose.

What it does.

To carry you all day—and every day, if you like—anywhere 4 wheels can go in comfort, with speed and without anxiety, under the hottest sun; through deep water splashes, and yet, to be a car dignified to look upon, refined to drive and luxurious to ride in—such was the objective of Morris designers and such is their achievement in the new 15.9 h.p. Morris Oxford, as you can see for yourself.

Why such fine value.

A *special* design—but a *standard* model—this new Morris offers typically Morris value for money; and because of its special strength its upkeep cost should set a new low standard.

What it has done.

This new Morris, which recently beat the World in the World's most strenuous test by defeating a large international field of all types at the famous Swedish Winter Reliability Trials 1927, is available for public inspection.

Where to see it.

See the name of the Agents, at foot of this announcement.

the 15.9 h.p.

PRICES AT MAIN PORTS TOURING Rs. 5,610

MORRIS OXFORD

PRICES AT MAIN PORTS SALOON Rs. 6,525

The Wheel of the World

FRENCH MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.

[New Queen's Road, : : : : BOMBAY.

SIMON SEVEN AT DINNER TABLE.

NO EXCHANGE OF COURTESIES

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8.

The subject of comment in Legislative circles in the action of Sir Henry Moncrief Smith, President of the Council of State, in getting up, it is said some sort of function in honour of the Simon Commission without extending equality of treatment to all the members of the Council of State.

Since the Simon Commission arrived in Delhi official canvassers have been busy searching for persons and institutions which could be persuaded to meet the Commissioners socially and thus break the isolation in which the Commissioners are under compulsion living. It has been a common sight to see in the dining hall of the Western Hostel members of the Commission, including Sir John Simon, dining at one or more table set near one another and well known Indian publicmen dining close by but without a single courtesy being exchanged, but only fingers being pointed out on both sides as to who was in each group. There has been a feeling in some unofficial circles that this kind of social isolation was uncalled, for and such feelings have gained more ground since the declaration of Pandit Motilal Nehru, disapproving of social boycott.

But at the same time criticism is expressed at some of the ways to get up a reception and functions for the Commissioners and the action of the President of the Council of State is criticised on that ground. It is said that the Commissioners having expressed a desire to see the Council of State chamber, it was arranged that they should go round the Chamber on Tuesday morning. Sir Henry Moncrief Smith invited fourteen selected members of the Council of State to be present on the occasion. Out of the fourteen about 12 are said to have responded and thus on Tuesday morning the Commissioners inspected the Council of State Chamber in the company of Sir Moncrief Smith, President and Mr. Graham, Secretary to the Legislative Department and 12 members of the Council of State. Among those who were present as members of the Council of State were Mr. Suhrawardy Sir Sankaran Nair, Sir Maneckjee Dadhabhoy, Mr. Abbuksh, Prince Akram Hussain Khan, Sir Arthur Froom, Mr. P. C. Desikachari, Lala Ramasarandas, Sir Dinsha Wachha Mr. Gray and others.

The Commissioners were met at their arrival by the President and the members present and were shown the Library. They were finally conducted to the Chamber Hall where the Commissioners showed themselves interested in the logic of the seating arrangements. The Commissioners, it is understood, met with very little elucidation on these points and it is further said that they found great difficulty in creating a small talk to carry on with the members of the Council of State in whose midst they were judicially distributed, so that each member may receive personal attention.

Finally, it is said, that the members of the Council of State took their seats in the body of the Hall when Sir John Simon adressed the members present, and conveyed the thanks of the members of the Committee for the consideration and Courtesy shown to them.—Free Press.

MR. ANDREWS' LETTER TO S. AFRICAN PRESS

SANTINIKETAN (Birbhum), Feb. 8.

Mr. C. F. Andrews has sent a cable to the South African press urging the Union Government to withdraw the hostile clause against employment of Indian waiters in the new Liquor Bill, emphasising that no step should be taken to weaken the Cape Town Agreement by such a hostile section.—A. P.

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC

Madan Manjari Pills.

These pills restore the lost appetite, re-invigorate the debilitated nerves, increase the vital fluid and stop involuntary emissions.

Price :—per box of 40 Pills Re. 1.

Raman Vilasini Pills.

These pills increase the retentive capacity and sustain energy.

Price :—per box Re. 1.

Napunsakatwarighrit.

Works miracle in curing the loss of manhood by external application.

Price :—per box Re. 1.

Rajvaidya Narayanji Keshavji

FACTORY :—Jamnagar, (Kathiawar).
BRANCH :—393, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.
AGENT :—PERRY & Co., Grant Road, Bombay

CALCUTTA LADY STUDENTS DECLINE TO ATTEND CLASSES

CALCUTTA, Feb. 9.

It is understood that the students of the Bethune College for girls in Calcutta have declined to attend their classes and the work of the College has therefore been temporarily suspended. It will be remembered that on February 3 the students of the College did not attend classes in a body. The students, it is stated, required by the College authorities to sign for the breach of the rules and to confirm to the rules [illegible] A. P.

TOMCO
The family whose food is cooked in Cocogem is a happy family.
Nobody suffers with indigestion. The Cook is not blamed for greasy and unappetising dishes. The reason is not far to seek.
Cocogem is the purest cooking oil obtainable.
Cocogem
FOR BETTER COOKING

"INDIA RISING FROM KNEES TO FEET."

DR. SUNDERLAND ON CONGRESS DECISIONS.

"THE GREAT WORD"

CALCUTTA, Feb. 7.

In a letter to Mr. Ramananda Chatterjee, Editor, "Modern Review" dated December 27, 1927, Rev. Dr. J. T. Sunderland of New York referring to the boycott of the Statutory Commission, writes:—

"This morning the "New York Times" brings the great word that the Indian National Congress have declared in favour of universal boycott of the Statutory Commission also declaring the goal of India to be Independence. Truly, India is rising from her knees to her feet."—Free Press.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE.

(Continued from page 8.)

principle of vital importance to the self-respect of the Corporation. A dispute has arisen between the Government of Bombay and the Corporation in regard to the Government aid to the cost of compulsory education in this city. Whatever the right position may be from an impartial point of view, the Schools Committee must now have a Secretary who can put forward the Municipal case boldly and independently and maintain thereby the self-respect of the Corporation. He must be a person who will never play in the hands of any educational officer of Government, one whom no Government influence can reach. Therefore, let it be understood clearly and emphatically that the recommendation of a candidate to the Corporation or to any Corporator, by any responsible educational Officer of the Government of Bombay or somebody in his stead, should be directly construed as a disqualification for appointment to the post. The candidate might possibly seek the assistance of an educational officer very innocently and the officer also might oblige a candidate in the same innocent mood, but the resulting condition would in any circumstance come to this, that the candidate if appointed Secretary, even if he be the most honest, cannot abruptly cast to the winds the silent and subtle influence from sources to which he owes his position, nor can even the Educational Officer whose influence has been requisitioned for appointment to the post be so superhumanly indifferent as not to expect something in return for Government in difficult circumstances from the person whom he had favoured. In such a position, honesty is the best policy. Ceasar's wife should not only be chaste but be above suspicion. Therefore, in such cases where Government educational or other officers are found to be favouring any particular candidate directly or indirectly, every Corporator who is true to the educational interests of this city and desires at all costs to maintain the self-respect of the Corporation and the traditions of the late Sir Pherozeshah, must make up his mind against such candidate, in however enthusiastic and artful a manner votes may be canvassed for him.

EXERCISE INDEPENDENT JUDGMENT.

Such then are the things to be remembered by every Corporator when voting for any candidate for appointment to the post of Secretary to the Schools Committee. Let him not listen to the artful voice of others, but exercise his own discretion and trust his own unbiassed, uninfluenced, independent judgment, and let him bear in mind that the person to be selected must in addition to educational experience, essentially possess full and practical acquaintance with the local conditions and the local politics, in Bombay, that a man from the mofussil however well-qualified in other respects, is bound to be a failure, that the person should also possess enthusiasm for reform and adequate energy to carry it out and lastly that a candidate who is being directly or indirectly supported by any responsible educational officer of Government should in any case be rejected.

One caution more and it is this. It is the favourite game with artful canvassers to manoeuvre support to their candidates by talking lightly of the chances of other candidates. Let every Corporator be on his guard, against all such manoeuvres, and let him judge truly, dispassionately, and in strict accordance with the dictates of his conscience. A wrong step taken now is bound to cause the Corporation much trouble, worry and anxiety hereafter.

(Concluded).

FIGHTING THE KENYA INDIAN'S CAUSE.

(Continued from page 8.)

are making in Kenya Colony?

The primary object with which I am duly actuated to pen this letter is to appeal to some recognised active institution here in India, which could take into consideration my entreaty and give the earliest possible attention to the question it deserves. I would really like a few sincere youths coming forward, not to self-impose their aims and objects or to create friction in the campaign, but to form in Bombay, with branches at Rajkot and Baroda, a "Kenya Indian Association" for helping their friends, brothers and sisters in Kenya. Their task would be the same on the lines of Social Service League. They will have to make their countrymen conversant with the true facts of events prevalent in Kenya, to advise them of the steps they ought to take here and despatch occasionally enterprising youths and wealthy merchants to Kenya with a view to thoroughly indianising the Colony. People already interested and hereafter desire to take a keen interest in Kenya affairs, are earnestly requested to communicate with the writer to the following address, and he will do his utmost to furnish them with the requisite information: "Ramjivan's Chawl, Station Road, Sholapur."

A GREAT BLUNDER.

The blunder of the first magnitude that we have committed is rather difficult for rectification at this date, but it is never too late to mend. For reasons unknown, we have all along remained aloof from the African both socially and politically. I have not had an opportunity of coming across an Indian missionary who may have ever propagated the principles of Indian Nationalism amongst the Africans like the Salvation Army. It appears that an attempt was made some considerable time ago by the Arya Samaj, Nairobi, for initiating a night school for educating the Africans in our own fashion, but owing to C. I. D. suspicions about the whole affair the idea had soon to be abandoned. The primary object with which I am duly actuated on the part of Indians in the native circle would of course seem in the eyes of the Whites to be detrimental, prejudicial and harmful to the cause of the progress of the Colony. Unless we mix freely with the Africans and educate them in the manner in which we require them to understand their exact situation, our aims for colonization in Kenya could be defined as absolutely hopeless. There is too much of religious preaching, so much so that Pundits are sometimes pouring in like heavy torrents of rain, with their crude notions of party spirits and religious beliefs. Religion has also taken a deep root in Colonial political life, and it would be a real hardship and mishap if early steps were not taken to assuage the impending peril.

(To be continued.)

IMMATURE PARENTAGE

WOMEN'S CONFERENCE PROTEST

NEW DELHI, Feb. 8.

The All-India Women's Conference held a purdah session to-day and passed a number of resolution. On of these deplored the effect of early marriag on education, and emphaticallyy condemned the custom of allowing immature boys and girls to beome parents. It called upon the Central Government and the provincial legislatures to follow the precedent set up by several Indian States which have raised the legal age of marriage. The meeting also demanded that the legal age of marriage for girls and boys be made sixteen and twenty-one respectively.

While welcoming Mr. Harbilas Sarda's attempt to pass legislation prohibiting early marriage, the Conference strongly protested against his proposed ages of twelve and fifteen and called upon him and the select committee to amend his bill in conformity with their resolution. The conference also recorded that girls should be inspected by women who had general and technical qualifications.—A. P.

This label is carried on all cases containing Genuine Dodge Brothers Parts and is for your protection.
DODGE BROTHERS
GENUINE PARTS
MANUFACTURED EXCLUSIVELY FOR
DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR VEHICLES

GENUINE PARTS
for DODGE BROTHERS OWNERS

Buyers of Dodge Brothers Motor Cars and Graham Brothers Trucks are thoroughly protected by a uniform Service Policy that is in force throughout the world.

Wherever they may be, owners are able to secure genuine parts from authorized dealers at fair prices. Repair work is done promptly by men who understand Dodge Brothers products.

Owners are advised for their own protection to buy only genuine Dodge Brothers parts and employ only authorized Dodge Brothers service.

This will assure them the long life and dependability for which Dodge Brothers Motor Cars and Graham Brothers Trucks have won fame the world over.

Sole Agents:—
BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY, Ltd.
16, New Queen's Road. BOMBAY.
Branches:—LAHORE, KARACHI and NAGPUR.

DODGE BROTHERS
MOTOR CARS

Increase Your Income in Old Age.

Give good start in Life to your son.

Put SMALL INVESTMENTS and

SECURE LARGE CAPITAL.

SPECIAL NEW SCHEMES.

Apply to: THE ASIAN ASSURANCE CO., LTD.,

ASIAN BUILDING, : : : : Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

THE ZEISS PRISM BINOCULARS

ALL MODELS AT EXTREMELY MODERATE RATES.

BALIWALLA & HOMI

279, HORNBY ROAD, OPP. WHITEAWAY & 361, KALBADEVI ROAD BOMBAY.

Nature's Signals!

Mark whether you experience too frequent or too few calls to urinate, odourously offensive urine, blood-streaked, cloudy, too dark or too pale in colour, scalding and pain when passing, sandy, gritty or stringy settlings. Be also warned by backache, rheumatic twinges, sciatica, lumbago, headaches and a fretful, nervous, tired condition.

These are Nature's signals of distress, and may mean that you need a kidney medicine. Don't run needless risks. Use Doan's Backache Kidney Pills promptly. They will strengthen and stimulate weakened kidneys, and make worth living again. Be sure you get the genuine Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, the medicine that will make you well and keep you well.

Send for FREE Copy of DOAN'S DREAM BOOK. Address: P.B.431 Bombay, or P.B.2 104, Calcutta.

Digitized by Arya Samaj Foundation Chennai and eGangotri
Government of Maharashtra
on 11 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

BOMBAY SATURDAY FEBRUARY 11 1928

...our National ... Concern.

So it is upto every Mill-owner and Merchant to make the JUPITER GENERAL strong and healthy.

FAMOUS N. B. K.

COIL BURNS for Whole Night

Re-new Your STRENGTH and VIGOUR—to both BODY and MIND by taking

Dr. (ADAM'S) BRAIN & NERVE TONIC PILLS

Speedy Cure for Nervous and Functional Debility, Physical Exhaustion, Anaemia, Loss of Memory, Brain Fag, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Vigour, Neuralgia, Headache, Muscular and Local Weakness, Palpitation, Neurasthenia, Premature Decay, Sleeplessness and all other Nervous Complaints.

It thoroughly Invigorates the BRAIN, NERVES and MUSCLES—communicates a healthy tone to the system and gives vigou to every organ, excites appetite and prompts digestion of food also increases the flow of generating secretions. Rs. 3-0-0 per bottle

Dr. ADAM'S AGUE SPECIFIC SURE RADICAL CURE FOR

MALARIA, INFLU ZA, INTERMITTENT AND ALL SORTS OF FEVERS.

Sold by all well-known Chemists or Tel. Add. "THOUGHTS." M. T. MADON & Co., Crawford Market Corner Shop BOMBAY. Phone No. 22

BEAUTY HINTS

Wash the Skin with good Skinsoap and warm water dry thoroughly and apply the PEROXIDE

REGINA FACE CREAM

with gentle massage. Every woman should know that "Regina Peroxide Cream" is a natural BEAUTIFIER

It is a delightfully perfumed Vanishing Cream of NON-GREASY TYPE.

It is a mild and soothing emollient for toning up the skin, keeping it smooth and free from blemish.

The Cream imparts to the complexion those desirable qualities so much sought by women of refinement, making the skin clear, smooth and beautiful. It is highly recommended for sallowness Roughness of the Skin. Pimples freckles, etc.

can be had only from CRAWFORD MARKET (Corner Shop).

M. T. MADON & Co., Bombay.

SENTA TYPEWRITERS

Portable Rs. 160/- Office Rs. 195/- net F. O. R. Bombay.

Sole Agents:

S. NAVALKAR & SONS. B. 1, Princess Street, Bombay 2.

BOMBAY DIRECTORY.

CRESCENT BALM.

Agents: A. H. NASER & Co. Princess Street, BOMBAY No. 2.

KATOL POWDER

The oldest and only genuine Insecticide

Destroys Bugs, flees, ants, etc.

Agents:—A.H. NASER & Co., Princess Street, BOMBAY No. 2.

KATOL STICKS

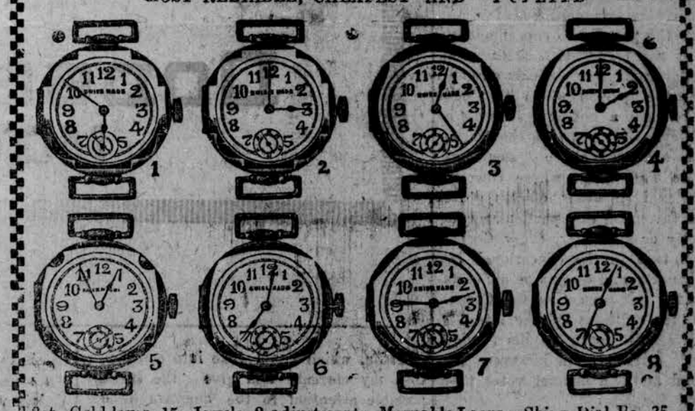
The oldest and only genuine Insecticide

Destroys Mosquitos, flies, etc.

Agents:—A. H. NASER & Co., Princess Street, BOMBAY No. 2.

GENTLEMEN! GET ON !! BUY SOON

MOST RELIABLE, CHEAPEST AND IUIAILE



8ct. Gold lever, 15 Jewels, 2 adjustments, Moveable Loops, Shiny Dial Rs. 25

9ct. do. do. do. do. do. do. „ 18

WITH FINE SILK STRAP AND BOX

L. BHAGAT & CO., ABDUL REHMAN STREET BOMBAY 3

PRIMAPHONES

ELECTRIC MODELS.

Walnut or Mahogany polished cabinets equipped with the World Renowned PATENT MOTOPHONE ELECTRIC MOTOR, the most reliable and perfect Electric Motor, specially manufactured for Gramophones under Letters PATENT with eight British and other PATENTS, working on Direct Drive System on all Currents and Voltages from 50 to 250 Currents either A. C. or D. C. without the help of resistance and most economical in consumption, taking Current equal to 16 C. P. lamp.

Model No. 225 Price Rs. 250/- Delivered free to any Railway Stat in in India.

Sole Distributors:—

Bombay Phono & General Agency, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

Telegraphic Address:—PRIMAPHONE

TAILORS & COMPLETE OUTFITTERS

J. Dias & Bros.

173, PRINCESS ST. BOMBAY.

Branch at:—

COMMISSARIAT BUILDING, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Sartorial Experts that have cut a name for themselves.

Garments made from stock or from Customers' own material at prices that none can compete.

TRIAL ORDER SOLICITED.

A LADY DOCTOR.

Health and Infant Welfare, TINNEVELLY.

"The so-called foreign patent medicines, have failed in many of my patients. My sister who was very weak and emaciated, has found "Kesari's LODHRA" Manufactured by Kesari Kuteeram, Indian Chemists and Druggists Madras, immensely beneficial to her."

Dr. Mrs. ANNA THOMAS, Medical Practitioner and Editor.

For particulars write to:—

N. MAGANLAL & CO., Post Box No. 68, 49, Esplanade Road, Bomba

Available from all Leading Medical Stores.

HALF-WATT PHILIPS' LAMPS.

ELECTRIC

FANS FIXTURES ACCESSORIES KETTLES, IRONS, ETC.

THE LONDON EASTERN & AMERICAN TRADING Co., HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

PRICES REDUCED.

All kinds of stove prices have been reduced and selling Primus No. 100 (folding) Stove complete for Rs. 6/8 only Postage extra

D. R. WAGLE, STOVE SPECIALIST. Tram Terminus, Girgaum. opp. Majestic Cinema

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS

to note the Best Medium in Southern India to push their sales extensively is

"THE HINDU"

The leading National Daily that commands the largest circulation among all classes. Up-to-date in everything; and it contains specia. sports' cables which are an exclusive feature to "THE HINDU."

An Illustrated Annual

is also published every year during the middle of December. It contains important contributions from eminent writers of the day and forms an all time reference book.

For ates and particulars apply

THE MANAGER, P. O. Box 316, MADRAS.

SPECIAL NEW YEAR (JANUARY) NUMBER.

THE INDIAN REVIEW

Contains also an account of the Congress and Conferences, and other Annual Gatherings.

INDIA AND INTERNATIONALISM.
By The Hon. Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer.
THE NEW RESERVE BANK BILL.
By "An Indian Publicist."
BEHOLD THE MOTHER: (A Poem).
By Prof. T. L. Vaswani.
MADRAS 171 YEARS AGO.
By Dr. Jivanji J. Modi.
THE INFLUENCE OF CHRISTIANITY IN ENGLAND. By Dr. Henry Whitehead.
HYMNS FROM NRISIMHA MEHTA.
By Mr. U. K. Oza.
THE SECOND CHAMBER.
By The Hon'ble Sir Phiroze Sethna, Kt.
YESTERDAY: A Poem By Leland J. Berry.
PRIME MINISTERS & POLITICAL PRINCIPLES. By The Hon. Mr. Justice G. H. B. Jackson.
THE CHALLENGE OF ISLAM
By Sirdar Ikbal Ali Shah.
REVELATIONS BY PLANTS
By Mr. G. A. Vaidyaraman, B.A.
WORLD EVENTS
By Dr. A. J. Saunders, M.A.
A NEW YEAR'S WISH. A Poem By "C. D."
HINDU-MUSLIM UNITY
THE CEYLON NATIONAL CONGRESS
By Perry De Lanerolle.
THE WORLD OF BOOKS
MAHATMA GANDHI'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY
THE MILNER COMMISSION
By "A Nationalist."
CONGRESS AND CONFERENCES
Ceylon National Congress
Indian National Congress
National Liberal Federation
The Muslim League
Indian Christian Conference
Hindu Maha Sabha
Industrial and Commercial Congress
Bombay Non-Brahmin Conference
The Adi Dravidas' Conference
The Social Conference
Madras Session
Bombay Session.
Muslim Social Conference
Trade Union Congress
The States People's Conference
Kenya Indian Congress
The Khadi Exhibition
The Zamindars' Conference
The Tropical Medicine Congress
All-India Music Conference
All-India Library Conference
All-India Hindi Conference
The Muslim Educational Conference
The All-India Aryan Congress
Volunteers' Conference
All-India Vysia Conference.
TOPICS FROM PERIODICALS
INDIA IN PERIODICALS
QUESTIONS OF IMPORTANCE
UTTERANCES OF THE DAY
INDIAN STATES
INDIANS OUTSIDE INDIA
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL SECTION
AGRICULTURAL SECTION
MEDICAL
SCIENCE
DEPARTMENTAL NOTES
PORTRAITS AND ILLUSTRATIONS
Mother India
Dr. J. J. Modi.
Bishop Whitehead
The Hon. Sir Phiroze Sethna
Mr. Justice Jackson
Sir J. C. Bose
H. H. The Aga Khan
Dr. M. A. Ansari
Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru
Sir Abdur Rahim
Mr. Mahomed Yakub
Pundit Madan Mohan Malaviya
Mrs. Sarojini Naidu
M. K. Gandhi
Mr. S. Srinivasa Aiyangar
Mr. Mahomed Ali Jinnah
Hon. Mr. W. A. De Silva
Hon. Mr. D. S. Senanayak
Hakim Ajmal Khan
Sir Mahomed Shafi
Mr. C. Vijiaraghavachari
Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola
Mr. K. Natarajan
Mr. G. K. Devadhar
Mr. Mardy Jones
Sir Ali Imam
Dewan Bahadur M. Ramachandra Rao
Mr. Tyab Ali
Sir Dinshaw Petit
Maharajadhiraj Bahadur of Dharbanga
Sir Mahomed Habibullah
Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer
Dr. U Rama Rao
Dr. Pramothnath Bannerjea
Sir Abdul Quadri
Sir Basil Blackett
Lala Hans Raj
Mr. Fenner Brockway
Mr. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar
Pandit Jwaharlal Nehru
Seth Jamnalal Bajaj
Sir William Marris

Price of a single copy { Annas Eight / One Shilling. } Anual Subscription Including Postage { India Rs. Five. / Great Britain 10 Sh. / U. S. A. Three dols }

Any one who wishes to be enrolled as a regular subscriber must remit one year's subscription in advance.

A large and varied collection of Books on Indian Political, Industrial, Agricultural, Economic, Social and Religious Literature, Biographies and the Speeches and Writings of Eminent Indians and Friends of India are offered at special concession rates to subscribers of the "Indian Review."

G. A. NATESAN & Co., Booksellers & Publishers, MADRAS.

Printed and published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Company, Limited, by SORAB PALONJI KAPADIA, and edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Hari Building Old Custom House Road, Bombay.